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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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London Concern Over 'Undeclared War' Against India

PAKISTAN'S PARTICIPATION IN KASHMIR INVASION

Move To Recall All British Army Officers

DELHI SUSPECTS 'BLOCKADE' AT KARACHI END

LONDON, August 3, (Reuter).

The Government was tonight urgently considering how best British officers can be extricated from the Indian and Pakistan armies now ranged against each other in Kashmir.

Greatest concern was being expressed here about the serious implications of asituation which obviously cannot be allowed to continue.

The whole Commonwealth is considered to be involved.

An omcial statement in Delhi today that the Pakistan army was fighting against the forces of the sister dominion, corroborated later by well-informed quarters in Karachi, has raised most serious problem for Britain.

British officers are not thought to be taking any active part in fighting, but the clear suggestion is that on both sides, they are playing an important part in training and planning for the Kashmir campaign.

The majority of the British serving with the two dominions fall into three categories and means exist for withdrawing them from the predicament in which they now find themselves.

The first category are British army technicians and other staff officers who were seconded to the armies of India and Pakistan, when these became separate forces. Solution of the problem of these men is simple. It is understood that they can easily be withdrawn.

The second categoy is Indian army officers who on long leave pending retirement chose to serve in the armies of the new Dominions.

The third category is the ex-India army men receiving a pension for their services who decided to enlist in one of the new armies.

These latter can be influenced through their pensions now paid under the Sterling balances agreements by one of the two Dominion Governments.

Certain enactments regulate the service of British personnel with India and Pakistan forces and there is of course the agreement between British and each of the Dominions in turn serving officers may be withdrawn if it is deemed necessary.

Pakistan Admits It

KARACHI, August 3 (A.P.I.): Pakistan troops are fighting in Kashmir and the United Nations Kashmir Commission has been informed of this fact, well informed quarters here confirmed today.

These quarters stated that Pakistan was forced to take part in the Kashmir operations "in order to prevent a threatened pincer movement by India against Pakistan itself."

Documentary evidence produced before the United Nations Commission here, these same quarters added. "revealed plans for a joint summer offensive by India and the Fakir of Ipi against Pakistan."

"Pakistan cannot remain a silent spectator", they argued, "when fighting with serious threat to her very existence continues on her border and when thousands of Muslim refugees are flooding the West Punjab."

They also suggested that as a preliminary to "cease fire" Pakistan will insist on India's complete evacuation of Kashmir.

Is Pakistan Resorting To Blockade?

NEW DELHI, August 3 (A.P.I.): An Inter-Dominion Conference to discuss economic matters of mutual interest and to review the working of the Calcutta and Karachi agreements is expected to be held in Delhi on August 12. Pakistan will be represented by a Minister.

Observers here are perturbed at the recent trend in the Inter-Dominion relations. It is learned that many vital decisions taken at the two previous conferences have not been given

(Continued on Page 7.)

Mirza's Delhi Visit Sequel?

Agent-General Interviews Nizam

HYDERABAD (Dn), August 3, (AP I): Nawab Zain Yar Jung Bahadur, Hyderabad Agent-General in New Delhi, left for Delhi by a special plane this afternoon.

Before his departure, Nawab Zain Yar Jung Bahadur had an interview with the Nizam. He is expected to be back in Hyderabad in two or three days.

There is no official indication of what transpired between the Nizam and his Agent-General in Delhi at their meetings last night and this morning, nor is there any evidence of a change in the Nizam's attitude towards Indo-Hyderabad relations.

Political circles here, however, feel that Nawab Zain Yar Jung Bahadur's visit to the Nizam is closely connected with Sir Mirza Ismail's presence in Delhi to "explore all avenues" for the solution of the Indo-Hyderabad tangle.

NAGPUR STRIKE CALLED OFF

NAGPUR, August 3, (A. P. I.): Textile workers in the Empress group mills here today called off their strike and will resume work tomorrow morning. The strike began yesterday.

This decision was taken at a tripartite conference held today when Government, Labour and Management representatives met and agreed to await the decision of the Industrial Tribunal on outstanding points at dispute between the three interests.

PLANNING FOR NATION'S HEALTH

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru inaugurated the second Health Ministers' Conference in New Delhi on Monday. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur presided. Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Dr. Gilder and Mr. Gopi Chand Bhargawa, Premier. East Punjab, are seated next to her.

BERLIN BLOCKADE HITS INDUSTRY

Proposals For Unblocking East Zone Accounts

LONDON, August 3 (Reuter): The Soviet Military Administration today made proposals to the Berlin City authorities for unblocking Eastern Zone currency accounts of firms in Western Sectors of the City.

They are willing to unblock the accounts on conditions which would give them control of Western Sector industry, it was understood.

The accounts were blocked when the second Soviet currency reform took place a week ago. Since then firms in the Western Sectors have been without eastern currency to pay their workers. Nearly 3,500 industrial enterprises have been forced to close, 4,623 others are working short time, 37,000 Berliners are temporarily unemployed and another 47,000 are on short time as a result of power and other shortages due to the Russian blockade, the City authorities announced tonight.

In the Soviet Sector shortage of raw materials from Western Germany, including Ruhr coal, had caused 207 factories to close and 371 to go on short time.

NEW PRESIDENT OF HUNGARY

BUDAPEST, August 3, (Reuter): The Hungarian Parliament today unanimously elected Dr. Arpad Szakasits, former Deputy Premier and Chairman of the Worker's Party, President of the Republic in succession to Dr. Zoltan Tildy, who resigned last week.

Case Against British Military Officers Withdrawn

India Government Obliges Mountbatten By Conceding His Parting Desire

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, August 3.

Major Dorrington of the I.E.M.E., Katni and about a dozen other British Military officers, who were being prosecuted by the Central Government's Anti-Corruption Staff in various places on charges of corruption, misappropriation and cheating, have been discharged as a sequel to the decision of the Government of India who have ordered the withdrawal of the proceedings against the British Military officers to show their gesture of good-will towards the under-trial British officers.

It is understood that Lord Mountbatten, the last British Viceroy and the Governor-General of India had, on the eve of laying down the reins of his office, made a request to the Government of India to withdraw the cases against the remaining few British officers and allow them to proceed to England with a peace of mind. The Government of India obliged Lord Mountbatten by conceding his parting desire.

The other Indian military officers, who were being prosecuted along with the British officers, are still facing their trials in various courts in India.

SMUGGLING UNDER PURDAH !

CALCUTTA, Aug. 3 (UPI): Ingenious methods are still being employed for smuggling cloth to East Pakistan, according to reports received here from Ranaghat.

Aeroplane parts, huge quantities of cloth and unbooked boxes of aluminium were recovered from the ceiling beside the water tank of a female third class latrine of the Up North Bengal Express.

In another compartment of the Express on July 30 a lady in long veil was found feeding a baby from her breast, but the child turned out to be a bundle of cloth.

Goods For Hyderabad Seized From Trains

POONA, August 3, (UPI): About 3000 parcels and more than 100 passengers have been searched by the railway police on Madras bound trains during the last few days and large varieties of articles suspected to be going to the Hyderabad State have been seized.

The articles thus intercepted include about 7,000 lbs. of cloth, large stocks of corrugated iron sheets, canvass, cameras, sewing machines, large quantities of foodstuffs, pepperment, etc.

About fifty knives and six revolvers and some quantity of cartridges have also been seized from passengers.

About fifty persons were taken into custody on suspicion of espionage.

NEW YORK, August 3, (UPA): The army indicated that is was prepared to cope with even the smallest of emergencies.

It issued a call for 23,760 size 2 infant shirts. The army explained they were not for undersized draftees but for offspring of personnel.

INDUSTRIAL COURT'S NOTICE TO UNIONS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay have filed a statement in the Industrial Court asking the Court to declare illegal the proposed strike of textile workers on Aug. 11.

The Court issued notices today to various textile Labour Unions concerned to forward their statements. Mr. Joshi L. C. Sen, president will take up the matter for hearing on Thursday Aug. 5.

MOVE TO DEPOSE CHIANG

Kuomintang Party Bosses Discuss Proposal

NANKING, August 3, (UPA): Top bosses of the Kuomintang (Nationalist Party) heard today a proposal that openly advocated abolishing Generalissimo Ching Kai-shek's supreme position as Party Director-General and removing the Party's controlling minority.

Hsu Hsao-yen, former Vice-Minister of Kuomintang Propaganda, laid the proposal before the 450 bosses attending the Party reform Caucus. Hsu demanded that the Soviet patterned party machine be drastically reorganized.

Hsu blasted the Kuomintang as having so deteriorated that it was no longer a weapon "but an obstacle in suppressing Communism.

What It Cost Nanking

NORTH SHENSI:—Marshall Chiang-kai Shek's Kuomintang armies lost a total of 15,21,400 men (killed, wounded and prisoners) during the past year of fighting in China, a communique issued by the Communist Army Headquarters claimed today.

Among the prisoners, 150 Generals and 39 Colonels of Brigade Rank are stated to have been captured.

The territory claimed to have been liberated by the Communist Army during the past year totalled 1.55,000 square kilometres. The population of this is said to be 168 millions.

"Reuter" adds:

The Communist led armies put their own losses of the past two years at 810,000 men.

Uprisings, the message added, had resulted in 28,000 people joining the communists.

Priests Expelled

SHANGHAI:—Three French priests and a Belgian Father, charged by the Communists with "spying for the Kuomintang and the United States," were sentenced to expulsion from China, according to a Red radio broadcast today.

The priests, who were held prisoners by the Communists for nine months at the Catholic Mission at Hsienhsien, 100 miles south of Peiping, were identified by the broadcast as Bishop Rene Charvet, priests Arthur Baur and Jean Motte, and

OPPOSITION TO RE-CONTROL OF COTTON PRICES

East India Association To Meet Bombay Finance Minister

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A deputation of the East India Cotton Association will wait on Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta Finance Minister Government of Bombay, in a day or two. A decision to this effect was taken at a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Association on Tuesday evening.

It is understood that the deputation will place before the Finance Minister the grounds on which the East India Cotton Association is strongly opposed to the Government of India's reported intention to reimpose control on price of raw cotton.

The meeting was of unanimous opinion that there was no justification in reimposing control on raw cotton in as much as such control was apt to be a burden both on the producers and traders in cotton who had already suffered immensely on account of the previous control on cotton.

A well-known cotton magnate of the city told a representative of this paper that, in the ordinary course the deputation would have tried to put its case before the Minister of Civil Supplies, but in view of the fact that the Finance Minister is the proper authority to grant permission to the East India Cotton Association in respect of trading in new crop, it was decided that the matter should be referred to him and not to the Minister of Civil Supplies.

In view of the fact that the Bombay Province is the largest producer of raw cotton in the country, it is understood that the deputation will try to convince the Finance Minister that the reimposition of control on raw cotton would adversely affect the interests of the cotton cultivators. The deputation will further request the Government of Bombay through the Finance Minister to warn the Government of India against the danger of the proposed control and to urge them to announce at an early date that they do not propose to reimpose control on raw cotton.

It was pointed out at the meeting that such an assurance on the part of the Central Government is absolutely necessary for the early commencement of trading in new crop which is essential for the orderly marketing of the crop of cultivators.

Macdonald Reveals 'Red' Master Plan

SOVIET REPUBLIC OF MALAYA ON AUGUST 3 FOILED

Diplomatic Situation In Europe Tells On Campaign

SINGAPORE, August 3. (Reuter): Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, United Kingdom Commissioner for South-East Asia, said in a broadcast speech over Radio Malaya tonight that Communist terrorists in Malaya had intended to proclaim a Soviet republic of Malaya today, August 3.

By that time they expected "revolutionary tyranny" to be a firmly established on the Malay Peninsula and Singapore island, Mr. MacDonald said.

Malayan intelligence officers secured shortly after the outbreak of terrorism a reliable account of the Communist plan according to which Communist leaders had decided in march to stage armed insurrection introduced by widespread labour unrest in April and violent demonstrations on May Day.

At the beginning of the terrorism early in June, Mr. MacDonald declared, the Communists had hoped to establish quickly regions which they could proclaim as independent Communist areas with already-prepared provisional Communist administrations.

These areas, the Commissioner continued, were to be steadily extended until combined into one Communist state of formidable size and authority, covering a large part of the Peninsula.

Communist plotters, he said, planned to spread violence simultaneously to Singapore island and expected that only a short time would be needed to subjugate the colony of Singapore.

The enemy's plan had been thrown badly out of gear and had not achieved success, largely as a result of widespread arrests and Government action under emergency regulations, Mr. MacDonald stated.

Action by the police, army and airforce in recent weeks had begun to improve the situation, although it would still be folly to underestimate the strength and resources of the Communists, he said.

Reviewing the strength of the Government forces in Malaya Mr. MacDonald said the first battalion of the Inniskilling Fusiliers from Hongkong was arriving on August 4 and the Fourth Hussars were coming shortly from Britain. The Gurkhas, already in Malaya, would soon be relieved of guard duties.

This really amounted to a reinforcement equivalent to two brigades, he added. In addition "many weeks ago, we advised the London authorities that we might need still further military reinforcements from overseas to finish this job completely".

EUROPEAN SITUATION TELLS

The diplomatic situation in Europe, he added, "delicately balanced" so he could not say anything more on this subject.

Regarding air power, Mr. MacDonald said: "We already have more machines and air crews than we can use".

The Federation's regular police force was being increased by 3.000 men and 100 officers, and another 10,000 full-time special constables had also been recruited.

Some 300 ex-Palestine policemen would fly out to Malaya from Britain this month, the first group leaving this week. They would be dispersed through the plantations, mines and villages to instruct the special constables and auxiliary police. The arms situation was "immensely improved," he added. The Federation Government had so far issued to civilian static guards 259 revolvers, several hundred stenguns, 2,143 shotguns and 14.450 rifles.

'EASTERN BLOC' OF ARAB STATES

CAIRO, August 3, (UPI): According to Egyptian Press reports, King Farouk is expected to visit Ankara this autumn in order to discuss with the Turkish Government the question of creating an "Eastern Bloc" comprising the Arab States, Turkey as also Greece.

The question is stated to have been discussed between King Farouk and King Abdullah of Transjordan during the latter's visit to Cairo.

Big Purge In Soviet Zone

Communist Plan For "People's State" In Germany

BERLIN, Aug. 3 (Reuter): The communist dominated Socialist Unity Party announced in Berlin today that a widespread purge of "unreliable elements" of the party was taking place throughout the Soviet Zone.

The statement said a meeting of the Party's Central Executive Committee decided on July 29 to expel the following categories:

(1) Members who had adopted an Anti-Party attitude.

(2) Members who had shown themselves to be enemies of the Soviet Union.

(3) Members who had taken part in black market activities and crimes directly or indirectly.

(4) Members who had made false statements about their activities during the Nazi dictatorship.

(5) Members who were suspected of acting as agents of the Socia Democratic Party or as spies and saboteurs in foreign pay.

Special Investigation Commissions would be set up to carry out the purge "particularly necessary in view of the leading role which falls to our Party and the responsibility for carrying out the two-year plan in the Soviet Zone", the announcement added.

DRAFT CONSTITUTION

The Constitutional Committee of the Communist-sponsored German Peoples Council published today a Draft Constitution saying down that Germany should be a "Peoples State" and an indivisible Democratic Republic.

The Republic would be governed by a "Peoples Chamber" elected by all citizens over the age of 18 and by a Second Chamber elected by the separate German Provinces on a basis of one representative for each 5,00.000 innabitants.

The two Chambers together would elect a President for a term of four years.

The Peoples Council met here today to consider the terms of this Draft Constitution.

DR. KHAN SAHEB JAILED

PESHAWAR, August 3 (U.P.I.): A Press Communique issued today says that Dr. Khan Saheb, ex-Premier of the N.W.F.P., who was arrested under Section 4 of the N.W.F.P. Public Safety Ordinance, has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment for three months in view of his prejudicial activities.

Pandit Nehru's New Residence

NEW DELHI, August 3 (U.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, shifted yesterday to his new residence on Roberts Road, formerly occupied by the Commander-in-Chief.

Wireless Set Disappearance Mystery

PATNA, August 3 (A.P.I.): A wireless transmitter set, believed to be the most powerful set in India, has mysteriously disappeared from the office of the Inspector-General of Police located in the most guarded section of the Patna Secretariat.

The set was in perfect working order, according to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, C.I.D. and was in its proper place on August 1. Its disappearance was discovered yesterday and still remains untraced.

One police constable has been arrested in this connection.

The set was installed in the office of the Inspector-General of Police during the war.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Deshastha Brahmin Vergin widow, age 21, B'Sc., well built, tall and good looking (Mysorian) of respectable family wishes to entertain communications from bachelor (Graduate) settled in good position for marriage proposal. Apply Box No. 9310 "Bombay Chronicle".

Match for Hindu girl, 23, matriculate C|o Post Box 4014 Bombay 7. 9304

Matches for three girls 16, 20, 30 years. Well educated and pretty Correspond with Lady Manager, Marriage Gazette, Barna Street, Saddar Bazar, Delhi. 7

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted— Mechanical-Elec. Engineer with ample practical experience to take full charge of recently started factory for manufacture of agricul. implements, sheet metal pressings etc. Starting salary 200/- to 300/- with free quarters and annual bonus, according to qualifications and experience. Excellent future prospects for capable ambitious man. Apply with copies of credentials— T. P. Daver & Co., Belgaum. (9317)

Applications are invited for the post of Labour Officer. Only LL.B's with good academic career and preferably having experience of industrial matters may apply stating terms to: The Manager, Jubilee Mills, Ahmedabad. (902)

Wanted Gujarati fresh Graduates (Two only) with aptitude for Life Insurance business to be trained for the same at Ahmedabad and desirous of making a career with the Metropolitan Insurance Co., Ltd., on a starting Salary of Rs. 100/- apply S. R. Vadera. B.A., LL.B. Agency Manager, C/o The Post Master, G.P.O., Ahmedabad. (909)

Required for an upcountry Mill experienced Diesel Engine attendant to take charge of 250 KW. Diesel Generator and Switch Board. Also required one electric lines wireman with Government Certificate capable of looking after entire electrical installation of Textile Mill. Qualified persons with practical experience need only apply stating minimum salary expected. Good prospects for deserving and capable candidates. Apply Box No. 9306 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Salemen and Canvassers on Commission basis for patent medicines and perfumes. Apply Box No. 9313 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted qualified Muslim Doctors, Nurses, Compounders, male and female Attendants for Pilgrim Ships. Good salary and free messing. Apply sharp with qualification, experience, etc., to: The Haj Line, The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., Ballard Estate, Bombay. 862

Wanted a Lady Doctor, either L.C.P.S. or M.B.B.S. Apply stating qualifications, etc., and copies of testimonials and Salary Expected to the Box No. 814 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Junior Typist Clerk with Office experience to join immediately. Knowledge of shorthand preferable. Apply stating qualifications, experience and minimum salary expected to Box No. 861 "Bombay Chronicle".

PERSONAL ADLETS

14 years experienced Salesman, well acquainted with Paints, Provision, Pharmaceutical and Hardware lines seeks permanent position in an Import or manufacturing concern Apply Box No. 9312 "Bombay Chronicle."

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Paying Guest Accommodation available for couple or gent or lady with Hindu family Dadar area Moderate Terms Apply Post Box 5607, Bombay 14. (9316)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Special New Session Classes for late entrants for Professional Diploma Courses. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (9320)

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor Insurance Officer by post D.Com., courses. American correspondence College, (B.C.) Delhi. (9188)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

For Sale—"The Ceylon Trade Jour-nal" a Monthly Magazine on commerce and trade issued by the Department of Commerce Ceylon. Rupee 1|- per copy postage free. Available at the Office of the Ceylon Trade Commissioner for India, Bruce Strret' Bombay. (907)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

For Loans on reasonable terms please contact Mr. G. S. Monga, (A) Post Box No. 119. Baroda. 9141

INVESTMENT.

Most Paying Limited Concern's Shares are available for sale, yearly expected dividend more than twenty per cent. Apply for prospectus. Also application for agents invited. Apply Post Box 4070, Bombay 7. (9309)

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED FOR T. N. J. COLLEGE BHAGALPUR, (BIHAR)

(1). Lecturer in Physics (permanent post) on 150-15/2-225 E. B.-10/1-375.
First and Second Class M. Sc's. preferably with experience of teaching up to Degree classes need apply.
(2). Graduate Laboratory Assistant, one in Physics and one in Chemistry on 65-4/2-105.
These posts are temporary for the present but may be made pemanent.
(3). A Graduate Laboratory assistant (Permanent) in Zoology, scale as in (2).

Dearness Allowance at rates sanctioned for aided Colleges (at present 10 p.c. for (1) and Rs. 12/- for (2) and (3) will be paid in all cases. Higher initial pay may be offered to specially qualified candidates, particularly in the case of (3). All applications with copies of University certificates and recent testimonials and a statement regarding (a) date of birth, (b) home district (c) educational qualifications from Matriculation up (d) teaching experience and ability to teach in Hindustani to reach by the 16-8-48. Selected candidates must be prepared to appear for interview of their own expense with diplomas and testimonials in the original.

MUKTESHWAR PRASAD,
Hony. Secretary
(906)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore & Thull Ghats, G. I. P. Railway, Lonavla, invites tender upto 15.30 hrs. on 13th September, 1948, for supplying and loading into wagons Mumbra sand.

The form of tender schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2|- each. This sum will not be refunded.

Lonavla, 2-8-1948. (921)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore & Thull Ghats, G. I. P. Railway, Lonavla, invites tender upto 15.30 hrs. on 13th September, 1948, for supplying and loading into wagons Teak or Sal wood bullies.

The form of tender schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2|- each. This sum will not be refunded.

Lonavla, 2-8-1948. (920)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V. T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 2 p.m. on 17-8-1948 for the supply of Aerated Waters at Railway Canteens at Wadi Bandar, Byculla and Victoria Terminus. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. 871

G.I.P. RLY—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 10-8-1948 for the supply of jaggery (gur) at the Railway Grainshops in Bombay, Kalyan, Poona and Bhusaval Divisions. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller 'Grainshops', G.I.P. Railway, at Poona and Bhusaval. 918

G.I.P. RAILWAY
TRAIN NOTICE

On and from August, 1st, 1948, 11 Down and 12 Up North East Passenger trains have been renumbered as 53 Down and 54 Up North East Passenger trains. 916

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. COMMITTEE

APPLICATIONS are invited in writing for the post of Ticket Examiners. Applicants must conform to the following:—
HEIGHT:—5'-5". Age—Not less than 25 or 40 years.
EDUCATION :—Matric passed, must produce Certificate.
PHYSIQUE:—Robust, must pass Committee's Medical Examination.
TEST:—Will have to pass Committee's written and Vocational Examinations.
Apply Traffic Manager. 873

PROPERTY FOR SALE

Property For Sale at DeLisle Road Lower Parel. Ground Floor Shops. Two floors living accommodation. Apply Box No. 9301 "Bombay Chronicle".

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Paint & Soap Machinery from stock. Granite Triple Rollers 30"x14", 18"x6"; Steel Chilled Four Pairs (8) Rollers Mill 26"x6½"; Twin Roller Mill 22"x12"; Pug Mills; Mixers; Single and Triple Cone Mills jacketted for heating or cooling. Dinshaw, 105, Apollo Street, Bombay. (908)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—immediately Sell China Clay (Pink) and Emery Powder. Enquire to Vrajlal M. Parekh, Dealers in Mineral and Raw Products 2nd Carpenter Street, Bombay 4. (9315)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES
Office of the Director of Supplies, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, Bombay, invites Tender No. BOM/T/1/1722 to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on 20-8-48 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3/- (Rs. Three only) (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order, or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender number, full name and address of the remitter for:—

Item No.	Description of Stores	Quantity
1.	Cord, laid hemp, 3 strands of 7 each, 3/16" diameter	1680 lbs.
2.	Jute dressed.	13,748 lbs.

The stores are required to be delivered at Bombay.

Applicants not already on the approved list of this Department or the late Department of Supply must give their Banker's reference on application for tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already black-listed. (904)

SECRETARY, EAST PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE, COMMISSION, SIMLA.

Advertisement No. 23.

INVITES APPLICATIONS on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 5|-, NOT LATER THAN THE 10TH SEPTEMBER, 1948 for a temporary (upto 31-3-1951 for present but likely to continue) post of ANIMAL GENETICIST, GOVERNMENT LIVESTOCK FARM, HISSAR in the Punjab Veterinary Service, Class I, from National of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile and subjects of Kapurthala, Nabha, Faridkot, Malerkotla, Patiala, Jind and Bilaspur States. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of other Indian States and citizens of Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the East Punjab Government will be necessary in their case before appointment. War Service and refugee candidates prefered. Age not less than 22 years or more than 30 years on 1-8-48, relaxable by Government as a special case for deserving candidates. Pay Rs. 350-40-950-50-1200. Deserving candidate recruited direct may be allowed to start on a pay higher than the initial pay upto Rs. 550|-. Pay of candidate if Government servant already will be fixed in this scale according to his present pay. Candidates should be M.R.C.V.S. or Veterinary Graduates with special training or hold a degree in Animal Genetics from a recognised University. They should have at least three years experience of big animals. Knowledge of Animal Husbandry Statistics or Animal Physiology will be an additional qualification. Government servants eligible. Women not eligible. Further particulars on application. 911

NOTICE

WANTED immediately one qualified and experienced Assistant Engineer in the grade of Rs. 150-10-200 and four Sub-overseers in the grade of Rs. 80-5-100 plus Rs. 14|- dearness allowance for Five Years Re-construction Scheme of Sirohi State. Only those who can join immediately need apply before the 15th August, 1948 with testimonials. Selected candidates will be called for interview at their own expenses.

REVENUE MEMBER,
State Council, Sirohi State,
Sirohi (Rajputana).
(922)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST RAILWAY
NOTICE

Reference:—B. P. T. Railway's Goods Tariff No. 4 Para 104.

WHEREAS the state of traffic makes it necessary to expedite deliveries, I hereby give notice that with immediate effect, the rates quoted in sub-para (a) will be two annas (0-2-0) per maund or part of a maund per day or part of a day except as in sub-para (d).

H. A. GAYDON.
Manager.

Nicol Road, Fort,
Bombay, 2nd August, 1948.
910

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special items costing over Rs. 10,000/-
CLASS I CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 3rd Sept. '48.

Tender No. S/NSD/48/823 for conversion of a 3 ton Coaling Crane from D. C. Drive to A. C. Drive at Chitpur Shed.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in General Manager's office and then put into the tender box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative. (903)

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
WANTED ECONOMIC BOTANIST, ASSAM

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates, who are natives of, or domiciled in, Assam for the post of Economic Botanist, Assam with headquarters at Jorhat, in class 1 of the Assam Agricultural Service in the scale of pay of Rs. 300-320-340 (Confirmation)-20-400 (E. B.)-20-620 (E. B.)-25-670-700 p.m. excluding usual allowances admissible under existing rules. The post is on a provisional substantive basis.

The scale of pay is, however, subject to revision on the recommendations of the Assam Pay Committee.

Persons who are not natives of, or domiciled in, Assam may also apply provided they are agreeable to accept the post on short-term contract basis.

QUALIFICATIONS:—Candidates should possess at least a degree of an Agricultural College or an Honours degree in Science of recognised Universities or equivalents thereof with capacity to carry out research work of high order in plant breeding. Candidates having at least a second class M. Sc., degree in Botany with training and experience in Plant breeding and capacity to carry out original research work on the subject will have preference.

Applications stating (1)Age on 1st January, 1948, (2) Home district, (3) Community, (4) Qualifications, (5) Previous experience and present occupation, if any (6) whether domiciled in, or native of, the Province should reach the Superintendent, Office of the Assam Public Service Commission, Shillong on or before the 30th August, 1948.

An application fee of Rs. 10|- should be credited into the Treasury under the head "XXXVI-Miscellaneous Departments—Examination Fees—Receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission" and the chalan only attached to the application. This fee will not be refunded. Postal stamps or money orders will not be accepted in lieu of the Treasury chalan. Ex-War service Candidates applying through the Employment Exchanges need not pay application fee.

Canvassing either directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidate. (905)

SECRETARY, EAST PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, SIMLA,

Advertisement No. 22.

INVITES APPLICATIONS on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 5/-, NOT LATER THAN THE 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1948 for the temporary (upto 28-2-49 for the present but likely to continue) post of MANAGER, MURRAH BUFFALO FARM, HISSAR, in P.V.S. Class II, from Nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile and subjects of Kapurthala, Nabha, Faridkot, Malerkotla, Patiala, Jind and Bilaspur States. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of other Indian States and citizens of Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the East Punjab Government will be necessary in their case before appointment. War Service and refugee candidates preferred. Candidates should possess a diploma or degree for Veterinary Science from a recognised University. Candidates with M.R.C.V.S. qualification or research experience preferred. Age not less than 22 and not more than 28 years on 1-8-1948, relaxable in case of Government servants and other deserving candidates. Pay—Rs. 250-25-750. Pay for direct recruits Rs. 200/- P.M. during probationary period. Women not eligible. Further particulars on application. (912)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition, received under Section 36 (D) and (H) of the Municipal Act, for calling a Special (Urgency) Meeting of the Corporation to consider the situation arising out of the threat of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha of a so-called token strike of the Textile Workers' of Bombay City on 11th August, 1948, etc., a SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION will be held in Municipal Office on MONDAY, THE 9TH AUGUST 1948, at 3 p.m. (BOMBAY TIME).

By Order of
His Worship the Mayor,
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 3rd August, 1948. 919

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the United Mining and Industries, Ltd. will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Ismail Building, 381, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay on THURSDAY, the 26th day of August, 1948, at 4-30 P.M. to consider and if thought fit to pass the resolutions mentioned in the notice sent out by the Company to the Shareholders.
Dated this 27th day of July, 1948.

By Order of the Board,
V. N. MAJMUDAR,
Chairman.
914

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY
NOTICE.

THERE ARE a few vacancies in the clerical cadre in the Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay. Only those persons who have been released recently owing to reduction of staff in that Office, may apply for appointment to the Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Ahmedabad House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, by the 10th August, 1948.

T. P. BARAT,
Textile Commissioner.
Bombay, 3-8-48. 915

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from L.C.P.S. Lady Candidates for posts in the Maternity Hospitals in Baroda State. Apply stating age, qualifications, experience and salary required to the Secretary, Shree Maharani Shantadevi Trust (Post Box No. 23), Baroda.

Experienced Doctors will be given preference.

Applications should reach the undersigned before 20-8-48.

(Sd.) K. N. KULSHRESHTHA,
Secretary,
Shree Maharani Shantadevi Trust.
Baroda, 30-7-48. 913

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. JEEWAN LIMITED, a Company registered under the Indian Companies Act and having its Registered Office in Bombay have agreed to sell to our clients the property hereinafter mentioned.

ALL PERSONS having any claim or demand against the said property by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground with structures standing thereon, situate at Juhu in the Registration Sub-District Bandra and Bombay Suburban District, containing by admeasurement 11,412 (eleven thousand four hundred and twelve) square yards or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 37, Hissa No. 1, of Juhu and bounded as follows:—on or towards the East by Gaothan, on or towards the West by the Municipal Parking ground, and beyond that by the sea, on or towards the North by a public passage and beyond that by the property belonging to Joseph Allams and others, property belonging to Maharao of Cutch and others and property belonging to Joseph Gomes and others and on or towards the South by the property of Maharao of Cutch.

WADIA GHANDY & CO.
Attorneys for the Purchasers.
123, Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay, 2nd August 1948.
(917)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 4 CASES Nos. 32/35 English Cotton Printed Organdies 49"/50" width, total 5587½ yds., with case marks G. N. & Co. CS. 281, on Friday, 6th Inst. at 2-30 P. M. (S.T.) at Champa Gully, M. J. Market, near Fire-brigade, under instructions from M/s. Gurdial Naraindas & Co., and on a/c and at risk of M/s. Gokaldas Sunderjee, (Ganeshwadi M. J. Market) the defaulting purchasers.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

A choice consignment of 45 Persian Carpets of beautiful design and close weave comprising Afshar, Bokhara, Shirazi, Kashan, Tabriz and Isphan including one with the design of Moses and other figures will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Friday, the 6th August, 1948, at 3-30 p.m. by the undersigned at their sale room.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Fort.

PAKISTAN PREMIER ACCUSED OF BREACH OF PROMISE

Sindhi Muslims Ousted From Government Service After Separation Of Karachi?

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Air Mail): Fears of the Sindhi Muslims that they will be ousted from Government services and their places given to non-Sindhis after the separation if Karachi are becoming true according to the local League daily 'Sind'.

This paper has given much prominence to a news-item saying that eight Inspectors of the local Civil Supplies Department have been reverted to their original places and their posts given to non-Sindhis soon after the separation of Karachi. The paper further says that the very first and the main two appointments for the new province of Karachi also went to non-Sindhi Muslims when Mr. S. H. Raza was appointed the Administrator and his elder brother Mr. Kasim Raza was made the Inspector General of Police.

The paper, accordingly accuses Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, the Prime Minister of Pakistan and Khwaja Shahbuddin, the Minister for Interior, of the breach of assurances which they had given prior to the separation of Karachi that the rights of Sindhi Muslims will be amply safeguarded and expresses grave doubts about the fulfilment of such promises. The paper further views with concern the future of Sindhi Muslims who are in the Government service in Karachi for the past so many years.

SMUGGLING BY KARACHI FISHERMEN

It is reported, large-scale smuggling of foodgrains, sugar, fancy goods and toilet articles to Bahrein and other Persian Gulf ports is being carried on by about 95 per cent of the 39 000 fishermen inhabiting Karachi harbour.

On their return journey from Gulf ports, they bring match boxes, cigarettes and even gold bars which are sold much cheaper there and which fetch attractive prices in Sind or even neighbouring Cutch State.

An official of the Fisheries Department confirming this said that since most of the fishermen are thus engaged today in this more profitable trade of smuggling articles, all the schemes of the Government are at a stand-still.

BOMBAY NAGPUR TELEPRINTER LINE

C. P. Minister Inaugurates United Press Service

NAGPUR, August 3 (API): The Home Minister of the Central Provinces, Pandit Dwarka Prasad Mishra urged newspapermen today that in publishing any news, they should always take into account how far it would serve the national interests. Their endeavour at all times should be to promote the interests of the country as a whole.

Pandit Mishra, who was speaking on the occasion of inaugurating the Bombay-Nagpur teleprinter circuit of the United Press of India said it was not the policy of the Provincial Government to pursue a "Fascist" policy and seek to impose control of the publication of news. Newspapermen were free to publish what they considered worth while, but he would suggest to them that their writings and news contributions should never be prejudicial to country's interests.

After referring to the need for a national news service in India, Pandit Mishra said now that India was a free nation there was full justification for Indian newspapers to work for the promotion of such a purely national news service.

Pandit Mishra hoped in this connection that Hindi teleprinters would soon be a reality.

PLEA FOR PUNJABI SPEAKING PROVINCE

NEW DELHI, Aug. 2 (API): At a Press conference held here today, Master Tara Singh, the Akali Leader reiterated his party's demand for the creation of a Punjab speaking province. "The principle of linguistic provinces has been accepted generally, and I see no reason why it should not be applied to the Punjabis", he said, adding that he had written to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, in this connection.

The demand for this province, he said, was not communal in character. In fact it was being opposed by a section of Punjabi Hindus for communal reasons.

"If our demand is not met, we shall start a struggle for it" he declared.

Kasturba Training Camp In Hubli Village

HUBLI, (By Mail.) A Kasturba Training Camp for Grama Sevikas is functioning for the past fifteen days at Amargol, a village situated six miles from Hubli. Srimati Umabai Kundapur, Agent for Karnatak of the Kasturba Memorial Fund is its organiser. Trainees from different parts of Karnatak have come and admissions are still open. Arrangements for 25 students have been made.

This training camp will impart instructions for one year to lady village workers to be sent out to rural areas for women's uplift work under the auspices of the Kasturba Trust.

The formal opening ceremony of the Vidyalaya is proposed to be held on the first anniversary of Indian Independence on the 15th of August.

Goa Day In City On August 8

The Joint Secretary, National Congress Goa, writes:—

The National Congress Goa in Bombay has called upon all goans to observe August 8th as "Goa Day". On this day we must show our solidarity with the struggle of the people of Goa for democratic rights and freedom. We must affirm our determination to put an end to the Portuguese Fascist Military rule now prevailing in Goa—and express our oneness and unity with the Indian people.

The Goan people are aware that the rising nationalist revolt in Goa has made our Government at New Delhi seek a compromise with the Portuguese, as the recent talks of Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon at Lisbon and Paris indicate. While expressing our solidarity with the policy of the Indian Union of avoiding an armed conflict with the Portuguese if possible—we must call upon our Government not to have any diplomatic exchanges with Portugal unless our political prisoners kept as hostages in Portugal be brought back. We must demand the release of all politicals now on hunger-strike in the Goa jails—the withdrawal of the African and Portuguese troops and the open acts of hostility against the Indian Government—of frontier fortifications and military preparations at Marmagoa.

A.I.RLY PASSENGERS CONFERENCE

Will Be Held In Bombay On Aug. 12 And 13

The Secretary of the All-India Railway passengers conference writes:—

As the dates for the holding of the forthcoming session of the All-India Railway Passengers Conference at Bombay draw nearer, more and more suggestions and resolutions from all over the country are being received by the organisers of the conference which will be held at Sir C.J. Hall on the 12th and 13th of August 1948. The conditions of rail travel these days have so deteriorated and the lot of the poor third class passengers has become so intolerable that there is now a universal desire on the part of the people that our popular government should take immediate steps to relieve the ever-increasing hardships of the railway passengers and the forthcoming conference will recommend suitable measures which the government ought to adopt in the interests of the people at large.

The time has come when passengers all over India should make a concerted demand for relief and it is hoped by the organisers that railway passengers will not only send their suggestions and resolutions for the consideration of the conference but that a very large number of people will come down to Bombay to attend the conference. Free board and lodging will be provided to those delegates and visitors who come from out-stations to Bombay to attend the conference and all those who intend to participate in the deliberations of the forthcoming conference are requested immediately to communicate particulars of the date and train on and by which they shall be reaching Bombay so that proper arrangements for their lodging in Bombay may be made in advance. The conference will assemble at Bombay on the 12th and 13th August 1948 at 5.30 p.m. and will be presided over by Seth Matadin H. Khaitan. All communications should be addressed to Mr. C.B.L. Bhatnagar organising secretary, P.O. Box 524, Bombay. (Telegrams: Views, Bombay)

Dyeing And Printing Worker's Grievances

Mr. Bhagwandas Taliwal, the Secretary of the Dyeing and Printing Workers' Union, 42 Kennedy Bridge, together with the Union's legal adviser Mr. B. J. G. Noronha waited in deputation on Mr. M. G. Monani, Commissioner of Labour in connection with the grievances of the Dyeing and Printing Workers.

The grievances were that many dyeing and printing works had been trying to bypass the provisions of the Factory Act being reducing their staff to below 10 persons by splitting the various departments. Various instances of this practise were given and proper investigation was promised by the Commissioner of Labour.

It was also alleged by the deputation that on several occasions the Factory Inspectors did not do their work efficiently and overlooked several breaches of the Factories Act.

Besides it was also pointed out that in many factories, due to the reduction of the working hours, the wages of the workers had been reduced and it was therefore impossible for them to earn a living. This had resulted in several strikes in the various dyeing and printing works.

The Commissioner of Labour gave a patient and sympathetic hearing to the deputation and promised speedy redress of the grievances of the Workers.

Seed Traders To Help Grow More Vegetables

POONA, Aug. 1 (API): Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture, Bombay addressing the All India Seed Growers Merchants and Nurserymen Association, called for their assistance in bringing 60,000 acres under vegetable cultivation in the Province.

He explained that the figure he quoted was the target which the Provincial Government hoped to reach in five years under the scheme now in operation. He stated that the vegetable produce in the province was only six lakhs tons as against 18 lakhs required by its population according to the nutritional standard.

Mr. F. P. Pocha President of the Association said that though today the seed trade was standing on its own legs they had to face many difficulties. He hoped that both Provincial and Central Government would help them to expand their trade and reach a stage where they could export large quantities of seeds.

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LEMINE BRAND
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STORY OF A DAUGHTER WITH A STRANGE FATE
OMARKHAYAM FILMS
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PEARL RELEASE
SHAMIM, MRIDULLA
9TH WEEK!
OPERA HOUSE
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Also Showing: "EK-SADI-BAD"

CAPTURED!
ON THE SCREEN—FOR YOUR ENTERTAINMENT!
The Prince of Thieves appearing in the
FIRST HINDI-URDU TECHNICOLOR!
SABU in
BAGDAD KA CHOR
FIRST TECHNICOLOR IN HINDUSTAN
AUGUST 6th AT
EXCELSIOR & MINERVA
Plans open at both Theatres
(At MINERVA Daily: 10 to 12)

14th WEEK
A DRAMA OF HUMAN EMOTIONS
SOHAG RAAT
GITA BALI, BEGUM PARA
AT
LAMINGTON
4, 7 and 10
CHITRA
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
(A VARMA Release)

See it now!
VADILONA VANKE?
Saras Hit. MOTIBAI, ANJANA
CAPITOL
4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
SWASTIK
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

From FRIDAY!
CITY-LIGHT
MATUNGA (B. B.)
REPUBLIC SERIAL
MAN HUNT OF MYSTERY ISLAND
LAST 2 DAYS: "ARSI"

RANJIT'S
BICHHADE BALAM
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sat., Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.
IMPERIAL

WEATHER

Heavy Rain From E. Punjab To Assam

POONA, Aug. 3 (API.) Following is the weather summary for Tuesday the 3rd August, 1948 :—

Observations from Pakistan are very meagre. Rainfall has been widespread and locally heavy from East Punjab to Assam and in and aronud Malabar. Scattered showers have also occurred in the Deccan, central parts of the country and the west Punjab.

FOREAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 4TH: Widespread and locally heavy rain will occur over the region from the East Punjab to Assam and Eastern Pakistan and in Malabar, Mysore and the adjoining parts of the Konkan and south east Madras. Rainfall will increase in the south and Deccan. Local thunderstorms or duststorms may occur in north east Baluchistan and the Northwest Frontier Province. Weak monsoon conditions will continue elsewhere. Day temperatures will rise in the central parts of the country and Gujarat.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Aug. 3.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum annd minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June 1948, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.) on 3rd August, 1948 :—

Ahmedabad 91 80 0 4.9 minus 12.0 Allahabad 80 76 1.4 29.6 plus 11.0 Bangalore 81 67 0.4 12.6 plus 5.4 Baroda 89 78 0 7.4— Belgaum 81 66 0 22.0 minus 4.6 BOMBAY 88 77 0.3 36.5 minus 8.4 Calcutta 90 76 1.7 26.5 plus 0.8 Colombo 84 76 T 13.9 plus 0.2 Cuttack 92 81 0.1 18.6 minus 5.6 Dehra Dun 84 71 0.7 30.9 minus 7.3 Delhi 81 76 4.4 14.1 plus 3.1 Hyderabad (Dn) 90 75 T 9.5 minus 1.3 Khandwa 88 73 0 29.7 plus 14.0 Lahore 85 76 0.1 12.7 plus 5.1 Lucknow 79 77 1.6 22.7 plus 5.2 Madras 90 79 0.2 5.0 minus 0.9 Mahabaleshwar 67 60 0.1 102.9 minus 56.9 Mussoorie 68 60 0.7 27.6 plus 12.3 Nagpur 92 76 9 17.7 minus 6.9 Ootacamund 69 54 0.5 13.7 minus 1.9 Pachmarhi 75 67 T 3.98 plus 1.6 Patna 83 76 6.0 19.4 minus 0.5 Peshawar 89 76 0.4 2.9 plus 1.1 Poona 86 69 0 11.4 minus 0.1 Raichur 93 17 0 3.6 minus 50 Rajkot 92 79 2.5 minus 12.9 Rawalpindi 84 75 0.5 11.7 plus 0.6 Shillong 67 62 1.4 51.3 plus 18.7 Sholapur 94 75 0 6.9 minus 2.0 Simla 66 57 0.3 17.4 minus 7.0 Srinagar 85 64 T 6.1 plus 2.1

VASANT RAJAB SEVADAL ACADEMY

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD August 2.

The Sevadal Academy to be built on Vatrak river at Mehmadabad will be named Vasant Rajab Sevadal Academy as mark of Hindu Muslim unity. The Home Minister, Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai will visit this place on 8th August.

RINGWORM & SKIN DISEASES

"SAPAT LOTION"
A specific remedy for Ringworm, Eczema and allied skin disease. Unrivalled since 50 years Beware of imitation.
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Dept., 4B-8, BOMBAY. 2

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Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges and notables, Annual life reading monthly details Rs. 5. 3 questions Rs. 2 (Horoscope of writing time required) Pandit Kaliyur M SRINIVASACHARIAR
THAPONIDHI Thyagarayanagar, Madras-17.

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Thousands had to go back for want of accommodation!
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Featuring: ASHOK KUMAR, MUMTAZ SHANTI, MUMTAZ ALI
Music: GULAM HAIDER
Ad. Booking Daily 10 a.m. to 12 and 5 p.m. to 6 p.m.
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun. 12-15 p.m.
MAJESTIC
(A JAGADISH Release)

PRITHVIRAJ says
Sons of India you must be loyal to your Motherland and true to its traditions
Come and See PRITHVI THEATRES'
PATHAN * DEEWAR
Fri. 6th 12 noon * Sat. 7th 9-30 a.m.
Extra show on Monday 9th Aug. at 11 A.M.
Sun. 8th 9-30 a.m. * Plans open Book now
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Shortly presenting GHADDAAR

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 14, 2004.
Muslim: Ramzan 27, 1367.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 6, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-16 a.m. Sunset: 19-12 p.m.
Hightide: 11-42, 23-26. / Lowtide: 04-44, 17-42.
MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE 3 p.m. (B.T.)

Domestic Occurance

IN MEMORIUM

RUTNAGUR—In loving memory of our dear son Muncherji (Dick) S. Rutnagur, Advocate, and his wife Tehemina, who were drowned in the sea at Juhu, near Bombay, on Sunday, 4th August, 1929.

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY UNION OF JOURNALISTS: Mr. Louis Fischer, well-known American writer, will meet and address members of the union at the Club of the Union, Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road, today (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m.

BOMBAY ANDHRA MAHASABHA: Condolence meeting on the sad demise of K. Punniah at 8-30 p.m. today in the Mahasabha premises at Kuver Kunj, Dr. Ganti Road, Parsi Colony, Dadar.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Jehangir Wadia Bldg., Flora Fountain: Public Study Class on the subject of "The Origin of Evil" 6-15 p.m. today.

CENTENARY LODGE T. S.: Prof. Bhagvat on "Universal Religion" in English at 7 p.m. today at Mehta Villa, opp. Chimbai Church, Bandra.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines. Dasturji Framroze Bode will deliver a lecture on "Serious Duty of Parsis to Revive Original Zoroastrian Teachings".

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Saturday August 14 will be observed as telegraph holiday in Pakistan on account of Pakistan Day. Ordinary telegrams to Pakistan will not be accepted on that day.

BOMBAY SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION: The following office-bearers were elected for the year 1948-49:—

PRESIDENT: Mr. B. R. Desai.
Vice-President: Mr. S. P. Kharas.
Treasurer: Mr. H. T. Nanavati.
Secretaries: Mr. C. K. Sankholkar and Mr. T. J. Hansoty.

ASOKA MEHTA'S PRESS CONFERENCE

Com. Asoka Mehta, the convener of the Hind Mazdoor Panchayat, will meet the representatives of press today (Wednesday), at 3 p.m. at the office of the Socialist Party, Bombay, Bhai Jivanji Lane, Thakurdwar, in connection with the proposed Textile strike.

G. N. B'S. RECITAL

Under the joint auspices of Shanmukhananda Fine Arts Society and S. I. Sangeet Sabha, there will be a Karnataki music recital by G. N. Balasubramaniam to the accompaniment of Master Krishnan and Palghat Mani today at 8-15 p.m. at Mahatma Gandhi Hall, Poddar College, Matunga.

JOSHI FOR KARNATAK EDUCATION COMMITTEE

Mr. S. V. Joshi, Secretary of the M.S.M. Railway Workers' Union, has been appointed as a member representing labour on the Regional Adult Education Committee for Karnatak.

AHMEDABAD BAN EXTENDED

The ban in the Ahmedabad District on the sale of arms or ammunition to any licence holder without a special permit from the District Magistrate has been extended for a further period of two months from August 6.

PROHIBITION RAIDS & ARRESTS

The Prohibition Department picked up 137 cases, arrested 86 persons and seized 86 gallons of illicit liquor and 2142 gallons of wash as a result of the raids carried out during the week ending July 22, in Greater Bombay.

VARTAK TO ATTEND L. S. G. MINISTERS' CONFERENCE

Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self Government, Bombay, will leave Bombay for Delhi, on Wednesday, August 4, to attend the conference of Local Self Government Ministers to be held on August 6 and 7, and return on Sunday, August 8, by air.

INTERESTING SUIT SETTLED

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar.)

Thakorlal Jhaverchand .....Plaintiff.
vs.
Amarchand Krishnaji .....Defendant

The plaintiff was betrothed in February 1946 at Surat to one Pushpaben daughter of Zaverchand Chelaji Khumaji. On 4th March 1946 the plaintiff received a notice from the advocate for Pushpaben to the effect that she was not willing to marry the plaintiff. The plaintiff alleged that Pushpaben had been induced to take this step at the instance of her uncle one Virchand. The plaintiff father alleged that the defendant who was a mutual relation agreed to intervence and to use his influence with Virchand to bring about the marriage, and that the defendant represented that he would be able to persuade Virchand if Rs. 10,000 was paid to Virchand by the plaintiff. The plaintiff alleged that pursuant to this agrument he paid Rs. 10,000 in cash to the defendant on 10th March 1946. On 19th March 1946, Pushpaben married a grand nephew of the defendant. On that the plaintiff filed the suit to recover Rs. 10,000 from the defendant.

The defendant denied that he had asked for or had been paid Rs. 10,000 or any other sum. Beyond the fact that he had said that he would try to do what he could to help the plaintiff in the matter the defendant stated that he had not entered into any agreement on this matter. The defendant alleged that as Pushpaben had married his grand nephew, the plaintiff had become inimical to him and had filed this false suit to harass the defendant who was an old man of 66.

After the hearing had proceeded for over a day, by consent of parties the suit was dismissed and the plaintiff was ordered to pay Rs. 1,500 to the defendant for costs.

Mr. M. P. Lad, Mr. H. D. Banaji and Mr. B. K. Amin instructed by Messrs. Vakil Dadabhoy and Bharucha appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. S. T. Desai and Mr. R. P. Bhat instructed by Messrs. Purnanand and Co. appeared for the defendant.

DABHOLKAR SCHOLARSHIPS FOR RESEARCH STUDENTS

Applications are invited from students, (male and female) of the Goud Saraswat Brahmin community doing or intending to do real research work in institutions affiliated to the University of Bombay or recognized by Government. Applications must be made on printed forms which can be obtained from the office of the Dabholkar Scholarships Advisory Board at 22 Elphinstone Circle Bombay No. 1, and should reach the Hon. Secretary not later than 31st August 1948.

TIME TABLES OF G.I.P. & B.B.C.I. RLYS.

A copy of the Time Table of Main and Branch Lines of the G.I.P. Railway, issued for the month of August 1948, is sent to us for review. As usual the number is printed with artistic cover, which is sold at the popular price of annas two. A copy of August issue of the B.B. & C. I. Railway, priced at anna one and a half, is also received.

Radio

BOMBAY, Wednesday, August 4.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s).

7-30 a.m. J. Y. Pandit (Violin) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Champaklal Veragiwala 8-45 J. Y. Pandit, Devgandhar on Violin 9-0 Vimal Narvekar 12-0 p.m. Rang Tarang Variety programme in Hindi, Urdu and Hindustan 12-30 Geetavali 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-52 Mishra Sangeet 12-55 Pankaj Mallick 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Light Variety 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Sheikh Chand (Poona) 5-15 Natvarlal Nayak (Vocal Music) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Natvarlal Nayak (Vocal Music) 6-30 D E. Kende (Vocal Music) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Sheikh Chand (Poona) 7-30 Hamara Shaher 7-45 Sushila Tembe 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Mohan Chikarmane 8-45 Share Bazar 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B C. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 The Anatomy of War 10-0 Vimal Narvekar 10-30 Vilayat Husain.

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s).

7-40 a.m. Gujarati Bhajans and Garbigeeto 5-15 p.m. Mohan Chikramane 6-0 to 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s).

7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 D. E. Kende 8-15 A. R. Deshpande Krut Bhavgeeten Sung by Sham Devre 9-0 Vilayat Husain 10-0 Phyllis Jeffery —Contralto 10-15 Ballet Music.

Suburban Train Indicators

The Public Relations Office, B.B. & C.I. and G.I.P. Railways, Church Gate, Bombay, writes:-

"The Suburban Train Indicators at present in use on the G.I.P. Railway give a positive indication, i.e. the names of those stations at which the trains stop are shown on the indicator for a particular train. On the other hand, the B.B. & C.I. Indicators give a negative indication, showing the names of stations at which the trains do not stop.

It has been suggested in certain quarters that both the G.I.P. and B. B. & C.I. Railways should have one system of indicators but no preference has been definitely recorded. The G.I.P. Railway, therefore, request that public bodies, Associations, Societies, Institutions and individuals should please send their considered opinion as to which of these two system is preferable, addressed to the Chief Traffic Manager, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T."

COLOMBO, August 3 (Reuter): Mr. Felix Cole, United States Ambassador to Ceylon, presented his credentials to Sir Henry Monck Mason-Moore, General-General today.

SUPPRESSED VACANCIES

First Informant Has Preference Over All

There seems to be considerable confusion in the minds of the public about giving information regarding the vacancy which has been suppressed by a landlord or which has been unlawfully filled up by a landlord or a tenant after the coming into force of the Bombay Land Requisition Act, 1948. To clarify the position, all persons are informed that information in respect of such vacancies should be given to the Government in the form prescribed therefor. The forms are available in the office of the Controller of Accommodation, 6-A, Cooperage, Fort, Bombay.

If the information given in respect of a suppressed vacancy is found to be correct, the first informant will be entitled to get the allotment of the flat in respect of which information is given. The subsequent informants will have no claim on it.

In the case of new constructions, a landlord has to obtain previous permission of the Government before making the allotments. If a landlord is found to have made allotments without the previous permission of the Government those can be considered as suppressed vacancies and information in respect of such new constructions will also be dealt with on the lines indicated above.

Premier's Assurance To Ratnagiri Deputation

A deputation consisting of Messrs. P K Sawant M L A S S Mahajan, M. L A N S Kajrolkar M L. A. and N L Shende Vice President of the District Congress Committee Ratnagiri waited upon the Premier of Bombay, the Home Minister and the Controller of State Transport, on Tuesday. They placed before them the urgency of Nationalisation in this District due to the absence of Railway communication and inadequate steamer services.

The Premier and the Home Minister assured the deputationists that they will consider the request sympathetically.

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HELPING A GREAT CAUSE

SOMETHING new is learnt everyday, particularly in the field of medicine. All over the world scientists in laboratories, surgeons in hospitals, doctors in towns and villages, are adding bit by bit to the store of medical knowledge.

But doctors are busy people, particularly in India where disease is rampant and qualified medical practitioners so few. So we in Ciba are devoting a considerable portion of our efforts to collecting the latest medical information from this and other countries, and furnishing it in the form of a Journal to the overworked, hard-pressed doctor. This is just another of Ciba's contributions to the nation's health, which is already benefiting so much from the fine-quality drugs and medicines that Ciba produces.

Doctors anywhere in India are at liberty to contact our Medical Department for information at any time (Telephone No. 27574, Bombay).

CIBA
Ciba Pharma Limited, Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Bombay.

Bombay Government Plans For "Freedom Trees"

The plans formulated by the Government of Bombay for the observance of the Tree Planting Day on August 15, the Independence Day have now been finalised.

Instructions have been issued to the effect that tree planting should form a necessary part of the flag hoisting ceremonies which would be held on that day, both under official and non-official auspices. Where the grounds on which flag hoisting takes place are unsuitable for tree planting, it would be done elsewhere, where suitable land is available. The importance of planting as many trees as possible, not only on the grounds selected for tree planting on August 15, but in all places where it is possible to do so, and of taking care of the trees would be impressed on the gatherings, in terms of the appeal recently made by the Premier.

Special efforts are being made to enlist the co-operation of school students, particularly those of primary schools, in planting trees within the school compounds and elsewhere. Public bodies such as municipalities, local boards and Gram Panchayats have been brought into the campaign for making the Tree Planting Day a great success. The District Rural Development Boards have shouldered the main responsibility of successfully carrying out the programme in the rural areas.

The District Officers of the Agricultural and Forest Departments would be supplying seedlings and cuttings of trees suitable to each area and give advice regarding the proper methods of planting and aftercare. In the case of a large number of varieties, the seedlings would be given free. In greater Bombay, The Director of Parks and Gardens, whose office is situated in No. 14 Queen's Barracks, opposite the Golwala Swimming Baths, will supply seedlings etc., and tender advice.

REDUCTION IN PRICES

ANNOUNCEMENT

We are happy to announce, for the first time after War, a big reduction in prices of furniture from 25th July onwards.

This is due to large scale economies and mass production of high grade furniture with the aid of latest machinery in our new factory, which is the biggest of its type in India. This has reduced our cost of production.

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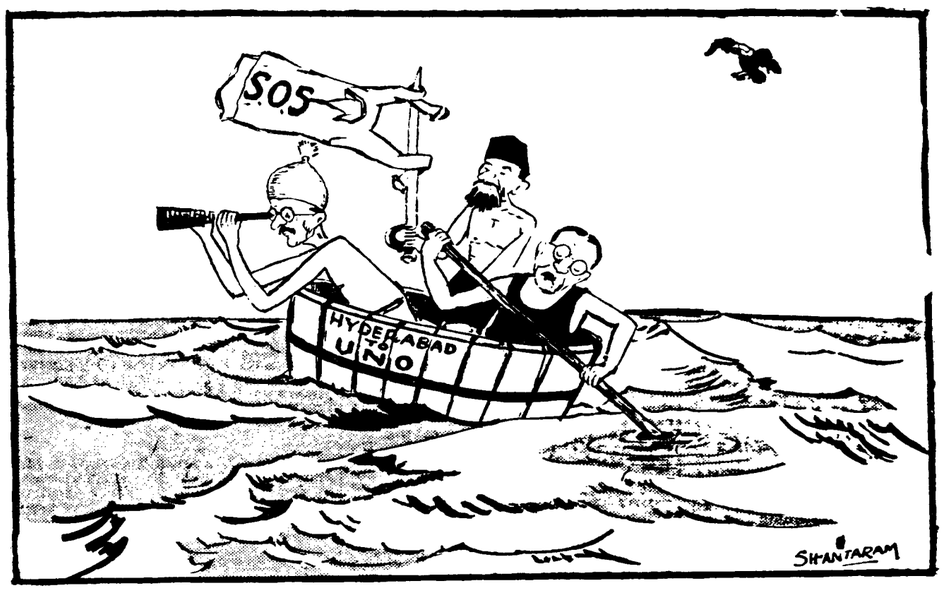

NANDA DEPLORES STRIKE MOVE

Industrial Court To Decide Legal Position In Two Days' Time

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Government's reference to the Industrial Court about the legality of one-day token strike, as it affects the Textile Workers of Bombay, will be taken up in two days' time by that Court.

The Government has already issued intimation of the reference to the Industrial Court in certain local papers and the same will be posted at the gates of the different Mills of Bombay. Leaders who have called for the strike will not be notified separately, it is reliably learnt, as such procedure is not required legally.

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour, Government of Bombay, said in an interview this morning that Government's reference to the Industrial Court was only in respect of Bombay's textile workers, for under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, strike of textile workers would be illegal. With regard to the other sections who might join the strike, their cases were governed by the Industrial Disputes' Act of the Government of India, in which there was no corresponding provision to make a prior reference to the Industrial Court to decide about the illegality of such a strike. In such cases the illegality was determined after the act was committed and not before. The Provincial Government was, however, armed with enough powers to take action at that stage.

Question: What action will Government take after August 11 in these cases?

Mr. Nanda: I am not in a position to say that. But, it must be stated that moves for irresponsible strikes are a menace to the whole administrative apparatus. Such strikes show no palpable advantage. They hold up production and the peaceful working of industries. They do no good to anybody".

Mr. Nanda maintained that the textile workers were definitely no worse off, if not a little better, than in the pre-war years, thanks to wage increases, bonuses and sliding scales of dearness allowance. Unfortunately these were the ones who played a leading role in strikes.

Mr. Nanda added that where there were industrial awards in respect of non-textile workers and where their cases were still subjudice in the Industrial Court, their going on strike was illegal.

One-day Strike In Three Nagpur Mills

NAGPUR, August 2. (A.P.I.): In the Empress Mills Group, which is composed of five mills, trouble is reported to have occurred in three mills, while the two others are working normally with day shift workers. This one-day strike by workers in the three affected mills was in defiance of the advice of the leaders of the Nagpur Textile Union, local branch of I.N.T.U.C., who had asked them not to go on strike and hamper production at present.

The Provincial Government in a Communique warn the textile workers against such ill-advised action and points out that such illegal strike, without proper notice, would be breach of law and would amount to violation of recent undertaking given by the Labour leaders to adhere to the Industrial Truce.

The Government have also warned the workers that in the event of strike it would be suitably dealt with. Despite these warnings, the textile workers in three of the Empress Mills resorted to a stay-in-strike this morning, rendering normal working impossible.

I. N. T. U. C. CHIEF ON COMMUNISTS' "DESTRUCTIVE TACTICS"

Says, Split Inevitable In World Federation Of Trade Unions

LONDON, Aug. 3 (UPI): "The Indian National Trade Union Congress has already over a million members now and is the only organisation that can legitimately claim to voice the feelings and aspirations of the working class in India".

Thu observed Mr. Harihar Nath Shastri, President, INTUC, in an interview to the United Press of India here today.

Mr. Shastri disclosed that the dispute about the representative character of the INTUC was raised at the recent ILO conference at San Fransisco at the instance of the Communist controlled AITUC. But after a detailed scrutiny the ILO Credentials Committee also recognised the INTUC as the most representative labour organisation in India.

Explaining at length the difficulties in having a unified trade union movement in India in the face of destructive tactics of the Communists, Mr. Shastri said that similar difficulties were being experienced by other countries too. He expressed the belief that very soon a split was inevitable in the World Federation of Trade Unions as also between Communists and Democrats. He revealed that there already had been some discussions between Trade Union leaders of America, Latin American and Asian countries about the formation of a new international trade union organisation, and added that the discussions were presently to be extended to the western countries as well.

DELHI MUSLIMS DEMAND PUBLIC TRIAL OF JINNAH

Two-Nation Theory Responsible For Massacre Of Innocent People

NEW DELHI, AUGUST 3. (U.P.I.): A REPRESENTATION THAT MR. JINNAH, THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF PAKISTAN, SHOULD BE PUT UP FOR TRIAL SIMILAR TO THAT OF HITLER, HAS BEEN MADE BY FIFTY-FIVE PROMINENT DELHI MUSLIMS, THROUGH THE PRIME MINISTER OF THE INDIAN UNION, TO THE KASHMIR COMMISSION APPOINTED BY THE U.N.O.

They point out that "Mr. Jinnah's two-nation theory has been responsible for the bloodshed of innocent souls and destruction of property

They further contend that 'Mr. Jinnah exploited the religious sentiments of innocent Muslims encouraging them to achieve the object by hooliganism."

The signatories to the representation include Syed Aziz Hasan Baqai, Editor of the "Hurriyat" Mir Mustaq Ahmed Provincial Secretary, Socialist Party, Delhi, Maulana Mohammed Sayeed, Syed Fayyaz Ali Hashmi and Maulana Abdul Sattar.

Saxena In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Aug. 3 (API): Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation, Government of India, arrived in Calcutta today by air from Delhi.

During his four-day stay in the city, the Relief Minister will study the refugee problems now facing the province and discuss them with the Premier and other Ministers of West Bengal.

First-Hand Account Of Hyderabad

Vanzari Spiritual Head Sees Morarji Desai

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A tall, well built, clean shaven man, dressed in an ochre-coloured lungi generally worn by Sanyasis and a shirt of similar hue, but with innumerable multi-coloured patches, surrounded by obviously worshipful rustic followers walked along the corridors of the Civil secretariat and entered the room of Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, this morning.

This man with a Pied Piper of Hamelin look, spent half an hour with the Home Minister, while a few of his followers waited outside and many more awaited his return in the compound of the secretariat. The man arrived in due time, got into a swell car and drove off.

Inquiries reveal that this strange visitor's name is Shankar Babaji Vanzra spiritual head of the Vanzara community in India with headquarters in Pandharpur. His following is stated to number 100,000 and a bulk of them mostly farmers — live in Hyderabad. Shankar Babaji, it is learnt, recently made an extensive tour of Hyderabad, often having to go about in a fugitive manner for fear of the Razakars. He is stated to have had many hair-breadth escapes, while going about among his followers inquiring into their conditions.

Having returned from this tour he made a trip to the metropolis to give a first hand account of conditions in Hyderabad to the Government of Bombay.

Collector's Assurance To Border Villages

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, (By Mail.) A deputation of citizens of Mundarigi a town situated on the Hyderabad border in Dharwar District waited recently on Khan Bahadur S. Benjamin, District Collector, Dharwar, discussed with him the question of arming the people of border villages.

The Collector, it is understood, assured them that every possible step would be taken to ensure safety of persons living in border areas. He also told them that if people wanted fire-arms for their self-defence they would be readily supplied provided application is made in the proper form.

A batch of about 25 Razakars captured near the border areas were sent to Belgaum yesterday by the One Up Mail from here under armed escort. Some of them were in Hindu dress.

KHER TO TOUR BORDER AREAS

BOMBAY, August 3. (A.P.I.): Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, will leave Bombay on August 5 on a tour of the Indo-Hyderabad border in Bijapur and Dharwar districts, it was learned to-day.

Mr. Kher, who is scheduled to return here on August 8, will discuss with District Officials the security measures taken to protect the lives of Indian Union citizens on the border and relief measures taken for immigrants from Hyderabad State.

Delhi Hospital Outrage Accused Committed To Sessions

NEW DELHI, Aug. 2 (API): Miss Rachel Ezra, a British Jewess, and Miss W. Rath, both residents of Bombay, were today committed to the sessions by a Delhi Magistrate on charges arising out of the attack alleged to have been made by them on June 30 on Miss Heather Round Turner, Secretary of the St. Stephen's Hospital.

The accused were alleged to have attempted to rob Miss Turner of Rs. 6,000, being the salary money of the hospital staff and to burn alive Miss Turner. Bail applications on behalf of the accused were disallowed.

The accused in their statement before the Magistrate said that they were not in a position to engage counsel for their defence as their money was locked up in a bank.

W. Bengal Ban On Lahore Weekly

CALCUTTA, August 3, (API): The Government of West Bengal have prohibited the publication, sale or distribution of "Nawa-i-Pakistan," a weekly newspaper in Urdu published from Lahore dated July last or any subsequent issue theof, or any extract or translation from it.

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THE RESULTS

Men

200 METRES FINALS

First: Mel Patton, United States, time 21.1 seconds. Second: Barney Ewell, United States, 21.1 second. Third: Lloyd Labeach; Panama, 21.2 seconds. Fourth: Herbert McKenley, Jamaica. Fifth: Cliff Bourland, United States. Sixth: Laing, Jamaica.

SEMI-FINALS

(First three in each heat compete in the final).

HEAT ONE: First: Herbert McKenley, Jamaica, time 21.4 seconds; Second: Mel Patton, United States, 21.6; Third: Barney Ewell, United States 21.8 seconds.

HEAT TWO: First: Cliff Bourland (United States) time 21.5 seconds. Second: Lloyd La Beach (Panama) 21.6 seconds. Third: L. Laing (Jamaica) 21.6 seconds.

110 METRES MEN'S HURDLES

(First two in each heat qualify for the final):

HEAT ONE:

First: W. Porter (United States) 14.3 seconds.

Second: P. Brackman (Belgium) 15.2 seconds.

HEAT TWO:

First: C. L. Scott (United States) 14.8 seconds.

Second: H. Frayer (France). 15.5 seconds.

HEAT THREE:

First: A. U. Triulzi (Argentine) 14.6 seconds.

Second: P. Gardner (Ausaralia) 14.6 seconds.

HEAT FOUR:

First: J. H. Vickers (India) 14.7 seconds.

Second: H. Lidman (Sweden) 14.7 seconds.

Third: J. Sabater (Puerto Rico) 15.3 seconds.

HEAT FIVE:

First: A. Marie (France) 14.9 seconds.

Second: O. Bernard (Switzerland) 14.9 seconds.

HEAT SIX:

First C. K. Dixon (United States) 14.2 seconds.

Second: R. H. Weinberg (Australia) 15. seconds.

Third: G. Omnes (France) 15.2 seconds.

Mazher-ul-Haqkhan of Pakistan also ran.

10,000 METRES TRACK WALK

HEAT ONE

First—J. F. Ikaelsson (Sweden) time 45 minutes 3 seconds.

Second—C. J. Morris (Great Britain) 45 minutes 10.4 seconds.

Third—E. Maggi (France) 45 minutes 44.3 seconds.

Fourth—G. Dordoni (Italy) 46 minutes 25.8 seconds.

HEAT TWO

H. Churcher (Great Britain) time 46 minutes 26.4 seconds (beating old Olympic record) 1

F. E. Schwab (Switzerland) 46 minutes 38 seconds 2

R. West (Great Britain) 47 minutes 7.6 seconds 3

G. Corsaro (Italy) 47 minutes 26.8 seconds 4

G. Hardmo (Sweden) 47 minutes 34.8 seconds. 5

Britain's Harry Churcher also beat the record in the second heat, His time being 46 minutes 26.4 seconds.

S. Singha India's only competitor was pulled out after going one and a half laps in heat two.

HOP, STEP AND JUMP FINAL

First, A. Ahman (Sweden), 15.40 metres. Second, Gordon Avery (Australia), 15.365 metres. Third, K. Sartalp (Turkey) 15.025 metres. Fourth, P. K. Larsen (Denmark) 14.83 metres Fifth, G. Oliveira (Brazil) 14.825 metres. Sixth, K. Rautio (Finland) 14.70 metres.

PUTTING THE SHOT FINAL

First, Wille Thompson (United States) 17.12 metres (56 feet, two inches) NEW OLYMPIC RECORD. Second, J. Delaney (United States) 16.68 metres. Third, J. Fuchs (United States) 16.42 metres. Fourth, M. Lomowski (Poland) 15.43 metres. Fifth, G. Arvidsson (Sweden) 15.37 metres Sixth, Y. Lehtina (Finland) 15.05 metres.

The first three beat the old Olympic Record of 16.20 metres (53 feet one and three-quarter inches) by H. Woellke (Germany) in 1936.

SHOOTING 50 METRES SMALL-BORE RIFLE

A. Cook (United States) 599 points out of a possible 600. First. W. Tomsen (United States) also 599 points Second. J. E. Johnson (Sweden) 597 points Third. H. Kongs Jorden (Norway) 597 points Fourth. T. Kedegaard (Norway) 597 points Fifth. E. Ponte (Peru) 596 points. Sixth.

800 METRES RELAY SWIMMING

The United States won the Olympic men's 800 Metres Relay Swimming title in the New World and Olympic Record time of eight minutes 46 seconds.

Hungary also broke the previous world record in finishing second in the men's 800 Metres Relay Swimming Final in eight minutes 48.4 seconds.

HOCKEY

Hockey preliminary round Group C: Holland beat France by two goals to zero.

Women

WOMEN'S 80 METRES HURDLES

HEAT ONE: First Fanny Blankers—Koen, Holland, time 11.3 seconds. **(New Olympic Record and equals World Record).**

Second J. M. Upton, Great Britain, 11.8 seconds

SWIMMING WOMEN'S 100 METRES BACKSTROKE

HEAT TWO: Karen Harup (Denmark), time one minute 15.6 seconds. 1 (New Olympic record.) Suzanne Zimmerman (United States), one minute 16.8 seconds. .... 2. Helen Yate (Great Britain), one minute 18.3 seconds 3.

HEAT THREE: Judy Joy Davies (Australia), time one minute 16 4 seconds 1. (beat old Olympic Record). Ilona Novaark (Hungary) one minute 17.3 seconds.....2. Barbara Jensen (United States) one minute 18.8 seconds ..... 3.

The old Olympic Record was one

(Continued on Page 7.)

WORLD RECORD IN 800 METRES SWIM RELAY

Field Day For Americans In Olympics

INDIA MISSES GOLD MEDAL BY AN ACCIDENT

Dutch Woman's Magnificent Win In Hurdles

LONDON, August 3 (Reuter): Another impressive list of Olympic Records was broken today, the old timings being shattered by representatives of Britain, Australia, Sweden, United States, Holland, Denmark, France and Italy.

India's strong hope in the Hop-Step-and-Jump event, H. Rebello who was much fancied, had a great disappointment in the Final. He apparently pulled a thigh muscle in his first jump and had to be carried off the field by ambulance men

In the Qualifying Round this morning he cleared 47 feet ten and a half inches—four inches to spare over the qualifying distance.

Four more records broken today brought the number up to thirteen fresh records set up since the fourteenth Olympic games becan.

But the 60,000 spectators—lowest attendance so far—leaving Wembley Stadium tonight were eagerly discussing the action of British Olympic officials in dropping Reg Harris, the world's cycle sprint champion and a British hope of a gold medal.

He was dropped from the British team because he refused to train in same conditions at the London cycling track at Herne Hill as cycle teams from 20 other competing nations.

The decision to drop Harris was only taken after last-minute telephone calls to Harris' Manchester home 200 miles away.

Some of records establisheod today were the 80 metres women's hurdles, the 10,000 metres walk, putting the shot, and—over in the Empire Pool—the women's 100 metres backstroke swimming.

WOMEN'S 80 METRES HURDLES WORLD RECORD EQUALLED

Mrs. Fanny Blankers-Koen, Holland's blonde athlete, today equalled the World Record for the Women's 80 Metres (87 yards, one foot, five and a half inches) Hurdles she holds jointly with C. Tesoni of Italy.

Streaking through her heat at Wembley Stadium she also set up a new Olympic Record with 11.3 seconds.

Maureen Gardener, British Ballet Dancer, who also won her heat today has clocked 11.2 seconds but her record is awaiting ratification.

The previous best Olympic time was 11.6 seconds.

Mrs. Blankers-Koen, who electrified the great crowd yesterday by winning the 100 Metres, seemed assured of a "double' by taking the Hurdles title when she ran earlier today in the first round qualifying heat.

36 YEAR OLD RECORD BROKEN

No less than five competitors in the qualifying round of the 10,000 Metres (nearly six and a quarter miles) broke the existing record of 46 minutes 28.4 seconds which has been standing since 1912 in the name of G. H. Goulding of Canada.

In the first heat J. F. Mikaelsson of Sweden, a fancied winner of the final, completed the distance in 45 minutes three seconds.

The next three men behind him also broke the record. They were C. J. Morris Britain's number two walker, E. Maggi of France and G. Dordoni of Italy.

In the second heat, Harry Churcher (Britain) also beat the record return 46 minutes 26.4 seconds.

Jamadar Chota Singh (Patiala City) who changed his mind about turning out in this event was pulled out by the Judge for incorrect walking after covering one and half laps.

PUTT SHOT RECORD BROKEN

Three Americans broke the Putting the Shot Olympic Record of 53 feet one and threequarters inches set up by H. Woellke of Germany at Berlin in 1936.

They were competing among themselves. Thompson of the United States first threw 54 feet and half an inch—16.46 metres—after his compatriot J. E. Fushs had thrown 53 feet eight and a half inches. Delaney of the States then improved on Thompson's figures with 54 feet eight and half an inch—16.68 metres. Thomson then, not to be outdone, broke his own figure by a wonderful throw of 56 feet two inches —17.12 metres.

WOMEN'S 100 METRES BACK-STROKE RECORD ALSO BROKEN

The Swimmers were also again in record breaking form. The Olympic Record for the women's 100 Metres (109 yards one foot, one inch) Backstroke event was broken twice in the preliminary heats at Wembley Pool.

Miss K. M. Harup of Denmark, knocked one second of the old Olympic Record established at Berlin 12 years ago to win the second heat in one minute 15.6 seconds. S. Zimmerman of the United States, who was runnerup, was only one-fifth of a second outside the old record.

In heat three, J. Davies of Australia also beat the Berlin record with one minute 16.4 seconds, although she had the easiest win of all the four heats.

BASKET BALL

HARRINGAY, August 3 (U.P.A.): The tall Chilean team flashed its best form of the Olympic basketball tournament today and whipped the favoured Philippines team 68-39.

The Chile win practically assured the slick South American team a place in the eight-team championship fight.

Every man on the Chile team scored at least once.

The Filipinos were disappointing. They could not control the ball under the basket against the tall Chileans, and their shooting accuracy which until today had been brilliant disappeared.

WOMEN'S DIVING CHAMPIONSHIP

Mrs. Victoria Manalo Draves, wife of a Los Angeles electrical engineer, won the women's Olympic springboard diving championship at Wembley pool.

Mrs. Draves, whose father is a Filippino, announced she now intends to retire from competitive diving so that she can "settle down and have babies."

American girls took the first three places in the competition.

Nicoli Pellissard of France was injured today while diving in this event. Her ears were affected by the injury but she hoped to be in the water again soon. She was fourth in the springboard diving pool.

200 METRES WON BY MEL PATTON

Mel Patton, most fluent strider of all the American athletic stars, flashed to victory tonight in the Men's Olympic sprint over 200 metres (218 yards two feet, two inches).

His time was 21.1 seconds—0.4 seconds slower than the Olympic record held by Jesse Owens, his coloured compatriot.

Patton, 23-year-old student from Southern California, broke ahe monopoly enjoyed by coloured Americans in Olympic Sprints since 1932.

Matched against four coloured runners in a brilliantly run final, Patton, who had been disappointing in the 100 metres sprint, justified all the great things expected of him by beating the great Barney Ewell, also of the United States, and Lloyd Labeach of Panama.

Inches only separated the first three but there was no doubt about Patton's victory.

Herbert Mckenley of Jamaica was Fourth. Cliff Bourland (United States) Fifth and L. Laing (Jamaica) Sixth.

Patton is the man who earlier this summer ran 100 yards in 9.3 seconds to establish a New World Record which is still to be recognised.

He has the finest action of any sprinter in this Olympiad and his victory on a fairly heavy track was most popular.

HOLLAND'S WONDER WOMAN ATHLETE

Holland Record-Breaking Athlete. Mrs. Fanny Blankers—Koen, strode her way, impressively confident, into the final of the Women's 80 Metres Hurdles tonight and established herself as favourite for tomorrow's final.

In the Semi-final her time of 11.4 seconds was one-tenth of a second outside her World Record, qualifying the heat earlier in the dav but her win tonight was more spectacular than that in the morning.

Her hurdling was brilliant and rivals never had a chance. She beat Maria Oberbreyer of Austria by a good four yards with L. Lomska a further two yards behind. All three went into the final.

Great Britain's Maureen Gardner, the only girl considered to challenge the Dutch Blonde, was almost eliminated in the other Semi-final. She knocked over the fourth hurdle and stumbled but recovered to snatch the third and qualifying place behind Sheila Strickland of Australia and Y. Monginou of France. Strickland's winning time was 11.7 seconds.

HURDLES MISHAPS

The Qualifying Heats of the Men's Olympic 110 metres (just over 120 yards) Hurdles were the tragedy of a Veteran and a Schoolboy.

Wing Commander Bonald Findlay, 41-year-old British competitor of three Olympiads and the man who took the Olympic Oath on behalf of the 6,000 athletes at the Opening Ceremony, caught his foot in the last hurdle, fell and was robbed of victory.

Joseph Birrell, 18-years-old British Schoolboy, competing in only his third major competition, stumbled at the third hurdle from home after being well up with the rest of the field.

The United States dominated the qualifying heats with Qilliam F. Porter, Craig Dixon and Clyde Scott all winning their heats. Dixton's time of 14.2 seconds was only a tenth of a second outside the Olympic record.

BRITISH CYCLIST OUT OF OLYMPICS FOR DEFYING ORDERS

Reg Harris, the ..World's ..Cycle Sprint Champion and British Olympic hope, was dropped tonight from the British Team because he refused to train in the same conditions as Cycle Teams from some 30 other competing Nations.

The British National Cycling Union ruled Harris out of the British Team after expiry of an ultimatum telling him to return to the Training Camp by tonight.

H. S. Anderson, Chairman of the British Olympics Cycling Organising Committee, announced the decision after last minute telephone calls to Harris at his Manchester Home, 200 miles way.

HOCKEY

Hockey preliminary round (Group C.) Pakistan beat Denmark by 9 goals to 0. At half-time Pakistan led by 5 goals.

Denmark had no answer to Pakistan's inside-left Abdul Aziz, a live-wire and an inspiration to his teams nine-nil win in the Olympic hockey tournament tonight.

Relying too much on long hitting straight down the ground, Denmark could not match their opponents fast play, accurate short passing and clever ball control.

Only in the closing stages did the European team take a leaf out of Pakistan elefens book and by then it was too late and Pakistan defence stood firm against Danes spirited attack.

Egon Johnsen, at left back stood out in an overworked Danish defence. Pakistan's best were Aziz and inside right Abdul Ahmid.

Pakistan took the lead in the first five minutes through Aziz who scored from angles to beat the Danish keeper eight times.

A. I. Shah Dara scored the ninth.

WOMEN'S 200 METRES BREAST STROKE

Nel Van Valiet (Holland) won the Women's Olympic 200 Metres Breast-Stroke Final in the New Olympic Record time of two minutes 57.2 seconds.

Nancy Lyons (Australia), who has second in two minutes 57.7 seconds, also beat the Old Olympic Record.

INDIA ROUTED AT WATERPOLO

Waterpolo second round Group H: Spain beat India by 11 goals to one. Half-time score was spain 9, Indian Zero.

Olympic Programme For Today

Palace of Engineering.

Men's individual foils (semi-finals) —morning.

Men's individual foils (finals)— afternoon.

Hockey (Royal Park): India versus Argentina—6 p.m. Spain versus Austria—7-15 p.m.

Modern Penthalon (Camberley): 4,000 meter run—10 a.m.

Shooting (Bisley): 25 meters rapid fire—8 a.m.

Wrestling (Empress Hall): Greco-Roman eliminating rounds— 10 a.m. until 1-30 p.m. Greco-Roman eliminating rounds—6 p.m. until 11-30 p.m.

Yachting (Torguay).

Track and Field, (Wembley Stadium).

Javelin (qualifying).

Javelin.

Women's 80-metre hurdles (fiinals).

110-metre hurdles (semi-finals).

400 metres (fiirst round).

1,500-metre run (qualifying).

Women's broad jump (finals).

110 metres hurdles (finals).

Women's shot put (finals).

400-metre run (second round).

Basketball, (Harringay).

Vickers Qualifies For Finals

J. H. Vickers (India) qualified for the Finals of the Men's 110 Metres Hurdles when he won his heat in 14.7 seconds here today.

CHOTA SINGH DISQUALIFIED IN 10,000 METRES WALK

LONDON, August 3, (Reuter): United Provinces athlete Jamadar Chota Singh of Patiala did turn out today in the second heat of 10,000 metres (nearly six and quarter miles) though last night he said he would withdraw from the event to conserve his strength for the marathon on August 11.

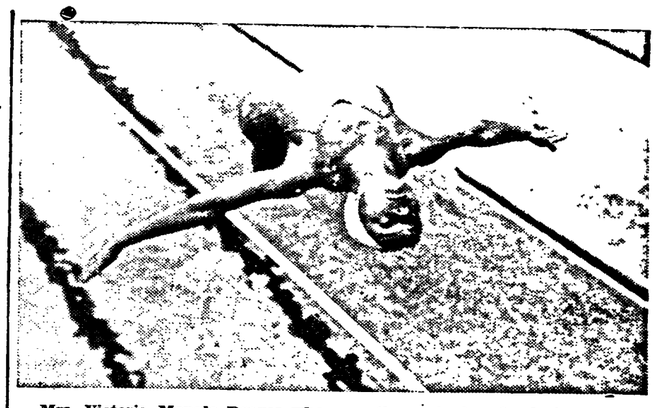
Yet it was more a token walk than anything else for Singh walking in bare feet, was pulled out by the judge for incorrect walking after covering one and half laps.

ANOTHER RECORD

He had the satisfaction of seeing four Olympic walkers shatter the 36-year-old Olympic record for the event in the first qualifying heat.

The previous best Olympic time was 46 minutes 28.4 seconds set by G. H. Goulding of Canada in Stockholm in the 1912 games.

Today the first four men in the first heat broke this time. J. F. Mikaelsson of Sweden, a fancied winner of final, completed the distance in 45 minutes 3 seconds to beat C. J. Morris, Britain's number two walker by 25 yards. Third and fourth were E. Maggi of France and G. Dordoni Italy.



Mrs. Victoria Monalo Draves who won the springboard during Championship by a very narrow margin of 108.74 to Miss Zoe Ann Olsen's 108.23.

The Day's Records At A Glance

The first record breaking of the day came in the first heat of the 10,000 meter walk which J. F. Mikaelsson of Sweden completed in 45 minutes 3 seconds only. He broke the Olympic record of 46 minutes 28.4 seconds set by G. H. Goulding of Canada in Stockholm in 1912.

10,000 METRES RUN

Second, third and fourth place finishers also broke the old record

The qualifying distance was 14.60 (47 feet 10-3/4 inches). The 10,000-meter walk record was also broken in the second heat which was won by H. G. Churcher, Great Britain, in 46 minutes 26.4 seconds.

PUT THE SHOT

J. Mikaelsson (Sweden) won his Olympic 10,000 Metres heat in the New Olympic Record of 45 minutes 3 seconds.

The first four to finish in the heat broke the record which was 46 minutes 28.4 seconds set up by G. Goulding (Canada) in 1912.

PUTT THE SHOT

Fuchs (United States) set up a New Olympic Record of 16.38 Metres in the Putting the Shot Final.

W. Thompson (United States) also broke the Olympic shot put record with 16.47 metres.

J. Delaney (United States) established a New Olympic Putting the Shot record with 16.68 metres in the Final Series.

W. Thompson (United States) improved on his new Olympic Shot Put Record with a throw of 17.12 metres.

WOMEN'S 80 METRES HURDLES

Fanny Blankers — Koen (Holland) equalled the Official World Record of 11.3 seconds in winning her heat in the Women's Olympic 80 Metres Hurdles.

The Official World Record is 11.3 seconds held jointly by Fanny Blankers—Koen (Holland) and C. Testoni (Italy). The old olympic record was 11.6 second.

WOMEN'S 100 METRES BACKSTROKE

Karen Harup's (Denmark) won her heat in the Womens Olympic 100 Metres Backstroke, swimming in the new Olympic Records time of 1 minute 15.6 seconds

Judy Joy Davies (Australia) also broke the old Olympic Record with 1 minute 16.4 seconds in winning heat three of Women's 100 Metres Backstroke swimming.

PUTT SHOT

Wille Thompson United States won the men's Olympic putting the shot final with 17.12 metres, a new Olympic record.

THEFT OF OLYMPIC FOOD STORES

Employees In Richmond Park Camp Dismissed

LONDON, August 3. (UPA): Olympic housing chief Stanley Briault revealed today that a number of employees of the Richmond Park camp had been dismissed following the theft of Olympic food stores there.

Olympic athletes from Argentina, Chile, Peru, Spain and Puerto Rico are among those housed at Richmond Park.

Briault said there had been petty pilfering of food stocks of ham and other food was taken. Briault, who said he was still investigating, pointed out that nearly a thousand tons of varied foodstuffs were stored at the camp.

Generally, the athletes from the 59 countries competing in the games were still complaining over the food. The British Herring Board offered several hundred cans of herrings and kippers to the Olympic athletes as a gift. The herrings were accepted, but the kippers were refused since they make the athletes too thirsty.

Anderson Makes Rapid Progress

LONDON, August 3.

Miller Anderson, one of United States main hopes in Olympic High Diving contest tomorrow, was today making good progress after his injury yesterday.

Anderson, who fell from the high board when about to do an exhibition dive yesterday, is still in bed. The doctors have not yet decided whether he will be able to dive tomorrow.

An American Official said today: "Anderson has only a patched up body. He had to bale out of a plane during the War and was so badly hurt that he had to have a silver plate in his right thigh. Any fall could be dangerous".—Reuter.

St. Xavier's Table Tennis:

PATKAR ENTERS FIFTH ROUND: DALVI'S SURPRISE DEFEAT

BOMBAY, Tuesday— J. S. Patkar, who has shown remarkable progress in the game in the last few years, entered the fifth round of the Men's Singles in the St. Xavier's College Open Table Tennis Tournament, which is being held in the College Hall. Patkar who was seeded in the season's first Tournament—the Byculla YMCA— was not among the seeded players in the present one, apparently due to the fact there are four times the number of competitors in this one, than the one in which Patkar had taken part a fortnight back.

A one-flank attacker, Patkar today won his third as well as the fourth rounds comfortably.

A mild surprise was created when M. M. Dalvi, who earlier in the evening accounted for R. N. Muthuswamy in two straight games, was eliminated in the next round by R. S. Daver. Dalvi won the first game, but could do nothing to turn the tables on his opponent and had to retire from the tournament in the fourth round.

The following are the complete results of the matches played this evening:—

Men's Singles: First Quarter

THIRD ROUND: S. Ghadialy beat A. T. Dalal, 21-17, 21-12. N. Colabawalla beat C. A. Shah, 19-21, 21-10, 21-16; J. Sidhwa beat M. K. Rao, 21-19, 21-13; S. B. Jog beat S. Bedi, 21-11, 21-10; J. Vakil beat R. M. Merchant, 21-15, 21-10; R. C. Gazdar beat J. D. Jawori, 21-10, 21-13. J. S. Captain beat D. J. Solanki, 21-15, 21-19; R. K. Umrigar beat A. Monteiro, 21-13, 21-14; B. Dubash beat E. C. Baria, 21-15, 21-17; Manaizadh beat F. Bharucha, 21-12, 21-19; A. Munjee beat S. Shah, 21-17, 21-18; A. Desai beat B. M. Shah, 21-11, 21-10; P. D. Hilloo beat M. R. Daftary, 21-6, 21-11; E. Desai beat B. Surendra, 22-20, 21-16; P. Elavia w.o. N M. Jhaveri; Jagdish Parikh beat K. S. Pajwani, 21-10, 21-18.

FOURTH ROUND: E. Desai beat N. Colabawalla, 21-10, 21-9; R. C. Gazdar beat J. N. Sidhwa, 21-13, 21-13 J S. Captain beat S. Ghadially, 16-21, 21-14, 21-18; R. K. Umrigar beat J. D. Vakil, 21-14, 21-17; S. B. Jog beat B. Dubash, 21-12, 21-15; A. R. Munjee beat P. D Hilloo. 21-12, 21-14; Manaizadh beat A. Desai, 21-13, 17-21, 21-17; J. Parikh beat P. Elavia, 21-16, 21-11.

Second Quarter

THIRD ROUND: J. S. Patkar beat M. P. Edekar, 21-8, 21-10; Y. S. Vyas beat A. C. Parikh, 21-11, 21-7; N. N. Kilachand beat P. Billimoria, 21-14, 21-17; K. B. Nagarkatty beat V. K. Mehta, 21-14, 21-12; U. S. Bangera beat A. B. Jadhav, 21-17, 21-11, S. R. Kapoor beat K. P. Mistry, 23-21, 21-19; O. L. S. D'Souza beat S. Naik, 21-16, 21-10; M. M. Dalvi beat R. N. Muthuswamy, 21-17, 21-18; Y M. Mahajan beat B. K. Anantrao, 21-19, 21-17; R. S. Davar beat B. Abraham, 15-21, 21-16, 21-19, N. Forbs beat V. N. Engineer, 21-17, 21-16; B. S. Cooper beat Leo Alvares, 21-17, 21-19; A. Subarao beat B B. Sawant, 21-16, 21-12; A. M. Khory beat A. S. Amladi (Jr.) 21-18, 21-7; P. Sandawalla beat N. G. Gazdar, 21-11, 21-9; J. F. Nazareth beat S. J Balsera, 21-19, 14-21, 21-12.

FOURTH ROUND: Y. M. Mahajan beat L. S. D'Souza, 21-13, 21-12, B. S. Cooper beat U. S. Bangera, 21-12, 21-11; K. B. Nagarkatti beat N. N. Kilachand, 21-15, 21-15; Y. S. Vyas beat N. Forbs, 21-8, 21-10; J. S. Patkar beat A. M. Khory, 21-18, 21-16, P. Sandhawalla beat S. R. Kapoor, 21-17 21-9, R. S. Daver beat M. M. Dalvi, 15-21, 21-15, 21-17, A. Subarrao beat J. F. Nazareth, 20-22, 21-12, 21-9.

Today's Programme

The following is the programme for Wednesday:—

6 p.m. Third and Fourth rounds of Men's Singles (3rd Quarter) 7 p.m. Third and Fourth rounds of Men's Singles (4th Quarter).

BURNPORE UNITED WIN FOURTH REPLAY

CALCUTTA, August 3. (API): Burnpore United emerged victors today in the fourth replay against the Customs in the IFA Shield tournament by two goals to nil.

The other two matches played in the tournament today resulted as follows:—

Mohammedan Sporting 2; Chotanagpur Sporting 0; Bangalore Muslims 2; 24-Pargans 0.

County Cricket

LONDON, August 3. (Reuter): The following are the results of county cricket maches concluded today:—

At Kennington Oval: Surrey beat Nottinghamshire by 8 wickets. Nottinghamshire 104, and 187 (Stocks 64, A.V Bedser 5 for 78). Surrey 234 and 60 for 2.

At Canterbury: Kent vs Hamshire match drawn.

Kent 390 for 9 declared. Hamshire 163, and 228 for 5 (Rogers 88).

At Manchester: Lancashire vs Yorkshire match drawn. Yorkshire 359 and 241 for 5 (Lester 132). Lancashire 361 for 5 declared.

At Birmingham: Warwickshire vs Derbyshire: no play today—match abandoned.

At Worcester: Worcestershire beat Essex by 224 runs. Worcestershire 270 and 293. Essex 131, and 208 (Wyatt 5 for 43).

At Northampton, Leicestershire beat Northamptonshire by 182 runs. Leicestershire 127, and 309 for 5 declared. Northamsptonshire 160, and 94 (Walsh six for 62).

SWEDE ASSURED OF THE PENTATHLON

Captain W. O. Grut, Sweden, became assured of the modern Pentathlon gold medal when he won the 300-meter freestyle swimming.

At the end of the first four events—the fifth to be held tomorrow—Grut had eight points with George Bisland, United States, second, with 43 points. The lowest number of points wins and it would take a miracle to prevent Grut from taking the title.

WEATHER MARS SWANSEA MATCH

Australian Fixture With Glamorgan Cancelled

SWANSEA, August 3. (Reuter): There was no play today in the Australians versus Glamorgan match. The Weather was threatening and the wicket very wet just before play was due to start.

The pitch, although no longer under water at midday, was too wet for play and the captains abandoned the match.

So once again the Glamorgan fixture with the Australians has suffered through the weather. The last four Australian tour fixtures with Glamorgan at Swansea have been curtailed by rain.

The gate was insured for 1,000 on Monday, which was a bank holiday, but a thunderstorm brought play to a premature close

DISMISSALS FROM OLYMPIC CAMP.

Sequel To Allegations Of Petty Pilfering

LONDON, August 3. (Reuter): Urgent delicate moves were taking place behind the Olympian scene today to preserve diplomatic peace.

A British Cabinet Minister intervened unofficially after a stream of complaints about transport arrangements.

Pakistan wrestlers were disqualified from the freestyle contest because they were late for the weigh-in through a transport muddle and other competitors have complained that games transport did not arrive to take them back to their camps for meals. Officials said that when they asked for cars there were none.

The British Minister, it was learned, has suggested to the games organisers that competitors and officials left without transport should be authorised to hire taxis and charge them up to the organisers.

A number of dismissals have followed allegations of petty pilfering from Olympic Games camp.

An official said: "there are hundreds of tons of varied foodstuffs at the camps—some never seen in this country before or many years. A tight control is to be kept over it. We are determined that any surplus after the games shall be given to the hospitals

There was some tension when the Afghans refused to line up for their meals. They said it was an insult and undignified. A top olympic official persuaded them that everyone from the highest to the lowest did the same thing and he set an example by queuing himself. The Afghans were happy at the explanation and lined up themselves.

Finns Investigating Ticket Muddle

LONDON, August 3. (Reuter): Eric von Frenckell, President of the Olympic Organising Committee for the 1952 Games, said today that the Bank of Finland had refused facilities for 150 Finnish Tourists to come to Britain for the Olympic Games.

"We had already bought tickets for these tourists and the official booking office refused to refund our money," he said: "The Olympic Organisers gave us permission to sell tickets at the official price—not over or under. I deny that any tickets have been sold at other than the official prices".

He added that the Finnish Olympic Committee took a serious view of reports that a Finnish competitor had been selling tickets at less than the official prices and said the matter would be investigated.

Rebello Pulls Muscle

India's Hope Of Gold-Medal Frustrated

LONDON, August 3. (Reuter): Nineteen-year-old Henry Rebello, India's hope of a gold—or at least a silver medal, was put out of his hop-step-and-jump event today by a minor muscle injury in the right thigh

Rebello felt the muscle go as he reached the take off board in his first attempt in the final.

"I felt it snap and could not go on", he told Reuter later at the stadium first aid station where he had been taken on a stretcher for examination by a doctor

After the examination, Rebello, who is a second year science student at St. Joseph's College, Bangalore, was ordered to keep the injured muscle as active as possible though it was too painful for him to complete again.

He walked away from the first aid station grimacing with the pain but took the misfortune in a sporting mood.

His team coach, A. C. Das, Bargalore, was heartbroken over the accident to one of his best men.

"It is very bad luck", he said. "Everyone in India was waiting for this result On previous performances Rebello seemed certain to be in the [illegible]".

The Bombay Chronicle

With consistency a great soul has simply nothing to do—He may as well concern himself with his shadow on the wall. —EMERSON.

INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

The report of the committee appointed by the Bombay Government in April 1947 to consider the question of statutory recognition of the S.N.D.T. Indian Women's University has just been published and the Committee deserves to be congratulated on its unanimous report. The conditions recommended by the Committee for recognition generally reconcile the principles on which universities are recognised and the special features of the Women's University. The main condition is that the university should be pre-eminently a teaching and residential university and that its jurisdiction for this purpose should be restricted to Greater Bombay except that it should be empowered to continue to conduct its Poona College for teaching courses in specified faculties. But as several colleges outside Greater Bombay and Poona, in India and the acceding States, may like to teach the courses of the Women's University it is empowered, under appropriate conditions to be laid down in the Act, to recognise such colleges as affiliated institutions. To start with the university will have the following faculties: Arts including social sciences and commerce; (2) science including domestic science; (3) nursing and (4) fine arts. The standard of instruction and examination is to be raised so as to bring it on a par with the courses in other universities, and the medium of instruction is to be the regional languages of Greater Bombay and Poona, and in affiliated colleges the regional languages of the places where the colleges are located. As regards admission to the university, it will be restricted to those who have passed the S.L.C. examination of the Bombay Government in specified subjects or the Entrance examination of the Bombay University or any other considered equivalent to these. Two radical departures from the existing constitution of the university are that no private candidates will be admitted to any of the university's examinations and that the university shall have nothing to do with secondary education except that it is open to it to continue to conduct its Poona Kanyashala.

All things considered, the new constitution recommended by the Committee is a distinct improvement on the existing one. The removal of secondary education from its control will enable the university to concentrate its attention on higher education, including post-graduate studies. And the difficulty caused by preventing private candidates from appearing for the university's examinations can be fairly got over by reasonably relaxing the rules about attendance at the affiliated colleges. What is essential is that the courses for girls should include subjects specially suited to their requirements and aptitudes and that these courses should be taught in the mother tongue. These features of the university are kept intact in the recommendations about higher education. As regards school courses the Government S.L.C. examination may be safely trusted to emphasize the vernacular medium of instrucion and to enable girl candidates to choose subjects suited to them. Altogether, the recommendations of the Committee, if accepted by the university and the Bombay Government, are sure to enhance the former's efficiency and popularity. We earnestly hope the Government will speedily grant statutory recognition to the university on the conditions recommended by the Committee.

Planning In India

The National Planning Committee set up under the chairmanship of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has been functioning for nearly a decade. Prof. K. T. Shah, the General Secretary, has laid all economic reformers under a debt of gratitude by the series of valuable publications already published. In "Priorities in Planning" (By K. T. Shah, Publishers Vora & Co., Bombay, Re. 1-4) and other volumes just published Prof. Shah has elaborated the three first priorities in planning, food, education and housing. In all three respects a constructive attempt has been made to correlate needs to possibilities. In the "National Plan" the author has considered in detail the appropriate administrative organization and machinery which it would be necessary to establish "if and when a National plan is ready to be put into execution". That a publication dated May 1947 should have to record this reservation is a somewhat unfortunate commentary on the lack of progress hitherto made in the all important matter of education in planning, especially of those who are in a position to wield power. If our leaders have adequately appreciated the urgent wants and the strong aspirations of the common people then they ought to bestir themselves in putting into effect agreed recommendations of a representative body such as the National Planning Committee. Prof. Shah's works in this respect represent a broad measure of agreed conclusions. The public at large and members of legislative and governing bodies in particular will derive much needed guidance from them.

The Madras Committee which was fully representative of administrative, industrial and expert talent has come out with a preliminary report ("Preliminary Report of the Industrial Planning Committee, Madras Government. As. 10.) in the hope that avoidable delay will not mar the fruition of much needed plans for the economic betterment of the people of the province. The long and short term implications of planning, the respective roles of private and State enterprise, the nature of State aid required and the appropriate machinery for initiation and guidance have all been ably tackled. With regard to the textile industry the Committee recommends the setting up of Production Boards representing management, labour and Government. The principle underlying this recommendation is vital and deserves to be integrated in all our schemes of planning. The report is critical of the comparatively small field of independent action left to the provinces, and suggests the setting up of a high level Board of Industries for the province. We hope that Madras which has in the past led the country in several important respects will act on these recommendations so that valuable experience will be gained not only for the province concerned but for the whole country. We wholeheartedly recommend the preliminary report to students of planning and hope to have the benefit of further reports which may be based on some actual experience of the working of earlier recommendations.

A Foolish Decision

The Executive Committee of the Dravidian Federation of Madras will not enhance its reputation for sanity and patriotism by deciding to picket schools because forsooth Hindi is not tabooed therein. All over India except Tamil Nad Hindustani is a compulsory subject in the first three standards of every high school. The people are proud of this fact and are anxious to give even more attention to the language in order to make it a national language as early as possible. We were therefore, not a little surprised to learn some days ago that the Madras Government, while making Hindustani compulsory in other parts of the province, made it only optional in Tamil Nad. We expected the people of Tamil Nad, who have made splendid progress in learning Hindustani under the lead of the Dakshina Bharat Hindustani Prachar Sabha, to resent the discrimination against Tamil Nad. And we know that many among them do resent such discrimination. Now here are a few reactionaries and fanatics who insist that Hindustani should be "neither optional nor compulsory". Evidently, they not only want to boycott the language themselves but they even want the Government to boycott it. Probably they have no objection to English being a compulsory subject. It is difficult to imagine a more perverse attitude. However, if these Anti-Hindustani people feel aggrieved even when the language is only an optional subject, they have saner ways open to them to get redress. They can argue out the case publicly, in the press and on the platform or in the legislature. Presumably they are not equal to such an effort or they may be conscious of the hopelessly weak character of their cause. In any case the decision to picket certain schools is reprehensible. We trust the authorities will deal firmly, though tactfully, with those bent upon this unpatriotic, defiant and silly venture.

Hyderabad And Union Muslims

(BY AYAZ S. PEERBHOY)

With the Union Government's stiffening attitude against the Nizam and his reactionary Government the Razakars too, are intensifying their activities to terrorise the masses of the State with a view to cowing them down into submission or driving them away from the State so that the bogey of majority is for ever destroyed.

The Nizam and Kassim Rizvi demand independence because they are Muslims. Rizvi continues constantly to direct his appeal to the Muslims outside the State to come to his aid in what he terms as purely a "service to Islam." Pakistan was a call to save Islam from danger and now Hyderabad re-echoes the call. Is Islam really in danger? Is Rizvi the gallant knight who is riding his black charger of destruction to save Islam? Those who wish to save Islam must first save Islam from such pseudo-savers. Rizvi is acting against the dictates of Islam. Islam needs no protection of the fear complex or the atrocities of Razakas on an unarmed people. It is an act of cowardice to assault unarmed people in the name of Islam. Islam needs no protection from a band of panic-stricken people who are restorting to violence to gain their material salvation. Hyderabad is not a question of Islam but merely one of exploiting communalism for the gain of a few fanatics thirsty for power. It is a bid for power by Rizvi and his satellites. If they ever claim a serious interest in the Mussalmans of the State or beyond the State, it is a pose. The real interest of the Muslims is in Hyderabad acceding to the Union. If Hyderabad accedes to the Indian Union the accession by itself would counteract considerably the communal reaction of the Union masses.

The immense sacrifice of Gandhiji is on the verge of being forgotten. The Hyderabad situation is slowly but certainly fanning the fire of communalism. Who will gain by this communalism? Will the Union Muslims be secure and happy or will the Hyderabad State be able to determine its future peacefully?

Democracy is on the march. Communalism is a medieval impulse and it has no place in the 20th century, but above all communalism has proved to be no solution to the Indian nation or its people. The Hyderabad struggle is based on political and personal power of a few people led by Rizvi.

The Razakars and their leaders must be made to realise that they are fighting not for Islam but for Rizvi and Rizvi is certainly not the cause of Islam The present confusion in Hyderabad has been created by Rizvi and his henchmen and the Union Muslims have no sympathy whatsoever for them and they will not become the fifth column of the State to dam the interest of the Union to which they have vouched their loyalties.

"U. N. IS FAVOURING PAKISTAN"

Dr. Taraknath Das Criticises Security Council's Ruling In Kashmir Dispute

The following letter by Dr. Taraknath Das appeared on the editorial page of the "New York Times" for July 6:—

To the Editor of "The New York Times":

As a friend of the United Nations and an advocate of Indo-American collaboration, I am greatly concerned over the fact that the United Nations handling of the dispute between India and Pakistan has greatly prejudiced the status of the U. N. as an impartial body, so far as India is concerned.

Friends of the United Nations in India, including even persons like Nehru, are beginning to be more strongly of the opinion that Anglo-American pressure is responsible for favouring Pakistan in the issue of Kashmir before the U. N. This. Indians feel, is being done to please the Pan-Islamist bloc of powers—Pakistan is one of them—which may ally themselves with the Anglo-American powers against Soviet Russia.

In favouring Pakistan, the United Nations is ignoring valid and fundamental legal issues against Pakistan. That country has, beyond doubt, been an accessory to aggression against India's territorial integrity. It is clear to all impartial observers that Pakistan's actions regarding Kashmir have been far more aggressive and contrary to all rules of intercourse between two friendly powers than those of satellites of Soviet Russia in relation to the Greek rebels.

UNLIKE ACTION ON GREECE.

Nevertheless, the stand of the U. N. in favouring a plebiscite in Kashmir while invading forces are still in the country is opposed to the precedents established in many cases, especially opposed to the stand of the U. N. regarding the demands of the Greek rebels for a plebiscite. Indians are openly accusing the U. N. of having a double standard of international morality—one favouring the present Greek Government (because Greece is regarded by many Indians as a satellite of Anglo-American powers), and the other for India, which has declared through its Prime Minister that it will remain neutral in any dispute between the U.S.S.R. and the Anglo-American powers.

Now it has been reported that the autocratic and tyrannical Government of Hyderabad, which until recently was a dependency of the British Government of India, will bring up the issue of its independence before the United Nations. It is refusing to join the Indian Union, while practically all the other princely states have done so, acknowledging the suzerainty of the Union of India in matters of national defence, foreign affairs and international commerce.

It is recognized by all important authorities on international law, such as Hall, Oppenheimer and others, that none of the "Native States of India" enjoyed any of the fundamental rights of severeignty and were absolutely under British control. To-day, therefore, Hyderabad does not enjoy independent status, and recognition of independent status for it will legitimately be regarded by the Government of India as an unfriendly act. In this connection, it should be remembered that even the Government of Pakistan has accepted the position that the Dominion of India continues the international personality of the undivided India and that Pakistan is only a seceding state. Hyderabad's action will accordingly be regarded as secession from India, parallel to the action of the Southern States in 1861.

American statesmen, not to speak of the American public, should realize that just as the United States of America wil never permit Texas or California or any other state or part of a state to declare its independence outside of the Federal jurisdiction of the American Government or to exercise independent authority in matters of national defence, foreign policy and international economic affairs, similarly the Republic of the Union of India will under no circumstances allow the State of Hyderabad to assert its independence outside India's federal jurisdiction. Nor will India tolerate any move on the part of Hyderabad toward joining any other state which will be detrimental to the national security and vital interests of India.

VIEWED AS INTERNAL AFFAIR.

There is every indication in the news from New Delhi that acute tension between Hyderabad and India is already tending toward a conflict. Hyderabad's efforts to set up an independent state are similar to the efforts of the Azerbaijan rebels to assert that region's independence from Persia. It should be thoroughly understood that if the United Kingdom or any other power encourages Hyderabad actively—such as by supplying arms, officers and financial aid—or in any other manner, to act against Indian interests, the Government of India, to protect its vital interests and national security, will be compelled to regard such actions as unfriendly. Under these circumstances it will be wise for the U. N. not to meddle in such matters as may be regarded as India's internal affairs.

All far-sighted Indian statesmen are most eager to cooperate with the United Nations and to cultivate the friendship of the Anglo-American powers. But international friendship among nations is based on reciprocity. The development of a suspicious and unfriendly attitude on the part of the people of India toward the U. N. and the Anglo-American powers will have very far-reaching consequences in the present disturbing relations among great powers, and adversely affect the cause of world peace. It is to be hoped that the Anglo-American powers may not act in such a fashion as to deepen the existing feeling of distrust in India.

Why Not Scrap The University?

P. A. Wadia On "Humiliating Proposal" In Bill For Establishing S. S. C. E. Board

BY A. P. WADIA.

The Bombay University Senate is holding a special meeting for considering whether it should stultify one of its primary functions by approving of the proposed Bill for establishing a Secondary School Certificate Examination Board or whether it should assert its old privileges and status. The Bill in question was referred to Select Committee some time ago and the Select Committee has now made its report. After the Bill had passed its first reading, the University was asked to express its view. We are informed that the Syndicate conveyed its own opinion on some of the clauses of the Bill. In the result, the Bill has emerged from the Select Committee in a form which is infinitely worse than its original form. Nothing better could have been expected from a Select Committee in which apart from our esteemed Premier all the other members are entirely unknown individuals so far as the sphere of education is concerned. It is but fit that a Bill which primarily concerns the educational interest of our Province and which has a direct bearing on University education should be referred to a Select Committee consisting of people who have no concern with education.

Bombay Province has passed through various experiments so far as the School Leaving Examination Certificate is concerned. The people of our Province have always attached value to the University Matriculation Examination, even when there was a separate School Leaving Certificate Examination which was insisted on by Government for qualifying for Government service. Looking to the unpopularity of the School Leaving Certificate, Government at one time in the past endeavoured to combine the School Leaving with the Matriculation. Not meeting with the expected success an attempt is now made to take away from the University altogether the control over the Matriculation examination which may be regarded as an entrance test for admission to the University. It virtually amounts to the owner of a house being told that he shall not admit any visitor to the house except by the consent of the Government.

SUBJECT TO GOVT. CONTROL

Strictly speaking, it should be for the University to determine whether any Secondary School Certificate Examination is satisfactory for allowing students to enter the portals of the University. Here it is an outside agency that is to determine who shall be admitted to the University and who shall not be. Sub-clause iii of Section 28A of the Bill lays down that the entrance examination of the University, if any, shall be subject to the consent of the Provincial Government. What is worse is that even the subjects prescribed for the examination shall be prescribed by Statutes, not by regulations. The object is that any subjects which the University may prescribe as an entrance test to the University shall be subject to the control of Government, as all Statutes require the sanction of Government.

"HUMILIATING PROPOSAL"

Poona University has just been born but even as a new-born child it has been given the privilege of determining whether it shall accept any Secondary Certificate Examination as equivalent to its own Matriculation. A privilege which has been given to this new born child is to be denied to an adult fully capable of exercising its own judgment. This adult has been told that its discretion cannot be trusted. There can be no more humiliating proposal than the one contained in the Bill insulting alike to the good sense of those who are elected by an educated electorate and to the autonomy of a body like the University The obvious corollary of this Bill will be to bring in a later measure informing the members of the Senate that in the laying down of curricula for various University examinations and in prescribing standards of passing, they cannot be left to their own judgment but must follow the dictates of an external agency. If the interest of higher education are to be carefully guarded in a country where those who are at the helm of affair imagining that they are experts in every conceivable aspect of the lives of their subjects, it is but proper that those who are in charge of the academic life of the country should for once assert themselves and tell Government that they should rather scrap the University than allow the University to continue on the assumption that it is not fitted to discharge its proper duties. I have nothing more to add at this stage but I hope that the press should, through a sense of civic duty, do what it can in vindicating the freedom and the privileges of the University.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Perverse Attitude

The South African Minister of the Interior, Dr. T. E. Donges, has refused to receive a deputation of the Natal and Transvaal Indian Congresses on the ground that they represent "an organisation which associates itself with organised flouting of law, an organisation which is Communistic in orientation and leadership and which claims to be composed of Union citizens and yet invokes the political aid of another country". The excuse is too patently flimsy to carry conviction to impartial observers. It smacks of the logic of the wolf in Aesop's fable of the Wolf and the Lamb. The Union Government seeks to penalise the Indian community both ways—they are punished if they silently acquiesce in the wrongs which are being heaped on them and they are to be also punished if they raise a voice of protest and refuse to acquiesce in the wrongs. The charge that the Congress are "Communistic in orientation and leadership" is an entirely baseless one and is levelled at them merely to discredit them in the public eye. As to the charge that the members of the organisation claim Union citizenship and at the same invoke the aid of another country, the Minister might be asked in reply why, if they are Union citizens, they are not treated as such by his Government. The Union Government cannot have it both ways. As has been rightly pointed out by the Congresses in their letter to Dr. Malan, the Prime Minister, to refuse to treat with the accredited representatives of a community which has been deprived of parliamentary franchise and has no other channel of approaching Government, is sheer perversity. Dr. Donges has hinted that he would be prepared to receive representatives of "other Indian organisations which satisfy the tests I have enunciated". He evidently wants toadies and other sychophantic individuals among Indians to approach him as representatives of the Indian community, but he will find himself sadly mistaken, as General Smuts himself did, if he cherishes such a hope. Indians in the Union, he may rest assured, will carry on their struggle to the bitter end, whatever the sufferings they may have to go through before they reach their goal.

Warning To Profiteers

The U.P. Minister for Food and Civil Supplies has uttered a stern warning to all who are engaged in black-marketing operations in the provinces. "This time", Mr. C. B. Gupta said, "we are going to be strict against all, whether big shots or small fry. And if they think that money, social position or possible loopholes in law will be of any help to them, they are sadly mistaken". One wonders whether the U.P. Ministry and Ministries elsewhere, too, have come to realize that if they had been stricter from the very beginning with the black-marketers than they have been all along, the evil which threatens to overwhelm the country, would not have grown so rapidly or assumed such enormous proportions as it has done. It is, however, reassuring to find the U.P. Ministry, like all other Ministries are getting awake to the magnitude of the evil are preparing to deal with it with vigour.

Tree Planting

The country ought to take up enthusiastically the programme of tree-planting on the forthcoming Independence Day as well as on all such days in the future. This country, as a whole, has, no doubt, an abundance of forest areas whose riches, are very considerable though they have not been adequately tapped. The forests are, however, not evenly distributed and their contribution to the country's economy is not what it should and can be. It was, therefore, a wise and patriotic move to launch a campaign for tree-planting on the Independence Day—the day of the nation's rebirth. Citizens of India, are being called upon religiously to plant a new tree on that day this year as well as in coming years so that the forest wealth of this country may be rapidly increased. The urban areas specially will look more beautiful and become healthier if shade and fruit-giving trees are planted in abundance. Of course, such planting should not be desultory or haphazard but on well conceived plans to suit the requirements of each town or village. As Mr. Kher has remarked, the campaign is of a nature which ought to enlist the co-operation of one and all, since it is an activity which is "as pleasant as it is useful, and as simple as it is valuable'.

Premature Controversy

The debate in the Corpdration on the possible abolition of rationing of cereals in Bombay city was premature. The abolition is only conceivable and not even probable, considering the Government of India's restoration of control over cloth. Mr. Dinkerrao Desai's reference to it only meant that rationing might be abolished only when the stocks available would be ample enough to justify abolition. That surely did not call for any immediate demonstration or debate. We have always insisted on control, whenever and wherever there is scarcity and we shall continue to do so. But at present there is no ground whatsoever to believe that the Bombay Government contemplates the abolition of rationing. We may, however, add that circumstances justifying abolition are not yet in sight.

Vendetta

Doctor Khan Saheb, former Premier of the N.W.F. Province, has been sentenced to three months for "prejudicial activities". Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, the leader of the People's Organisation in Pakistan, his two sons and a number of leading Red Shirt leaders have already been imprisoned. Khan Abdul Qaiyum Khan, the Premier, imagines that by imprisoning the leaders he will be able to crush the people's movement in the province against his Ministry but he will soon find that he is grievously mistaken. He has been using the emergency powers to carry on his vendetta against the Khan Brothers and their followers. It will not be long before he has a rude awakening and realizes that the cause for which the Khan Brothers stand—the cause of true democracy—has triumphed and those who, like him are now opposing them and have usurped power, are overthrown.

Give Them Necessary Help

It is heartening to learn that during his tour of the villages of the Bombay-Hyderabad border Mr. Morarji Desai found that the morale of the people in the villages was high, that the police enthusiastically did combatant work which they are not bound to do and that the military forces cordially co-operated with the people and the authorities. This is all as it should be. More frequent visits by the higher authorities and the M. L. A.'s concerned will put more heart into the poor people, harassed incessantly by the Hyderabad gangsters and will better enable the villagers to communicate to Government their wants and grievances. While it is a relief to note that the people's morale is high, it should not be allowed to be strained indefinitely. The police and military forces should be strengthened as and when necessary and the people too should be duly armed and otherwise trained to defend themselves.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

BERLIN, August 2, (Reuter): First casualties in the battle of Berlin's rival police forces were two officials from the newly opened Western headquarters. They went, said Dr. Johannes Stumm, police-chief recognised by the Western Allies, to their old headquarters to collect their files and were arrested on the order of Colonel Paul Markgraf, recognised by the Russians as the police chief for the whole city. "I shall request criminal proceedings," said Dr. Stumm, "against Paul Markgraf and his deputies who are responsible for these kidnappings."

* * *

The British, French and American Powers propose a "two-point" plan for the consideration of Marshal Stalin. The two points seem to be that Russia should call off the blockade and in return they offer four Power talks on the "entire German situation, probably at Foreign Ministers' level".

Seeing that both points are directed against Russia— a Foreign Ministers' Conference is not an asset but a liability — Marshal Stalin might well prefer the blockade.

* * *

According to the hitherto unreliable "Pakistan Times", "The Indian Union just before the arrival of the Kashmir Commission held a secret referendum in Kashmir through the C.I.D. They are reported to have found that practically all the Muslims except high-ranking members of Sheikh Abdullah's Party voted for Pakistan: of the Kashmiri Pandits, 80 per cent were for joining Pakistan."

* * *

This explains why Pakistan has admitted complicity in the raids on Kashmir. With so large a measure of support, of course it is necessary to march Pakistan forces in to rescue poor Kashmiris. The Pandits save the rescue from being communal.

* * *

"An open rift," continues the "Pakistan Times", "is reported to have taken place between Sheikh Abdullah and Mr. Sadiq, an influential lawyer of Srinagar and a member of the Kashmir National Conference"

Hurray, hurrah. Even the "high-ranking members of Sheikh Abdullah's Party" are turning away—what though Mr. Sadiq may look to Red Russia.

* * *

Mr. A. A. Ansari writes to the Lahore press that "some officials on transfer from one Dominion to the other were said to have done away with their adverse records—one or two instances have recently come to light".

After all, why not? Changing houses always gives opportunity to get rid of accummulated lumber. The one or two instances to which Mr. Ansari refers—we trust they are not those, or even among those, who are seeking repatriation to India.

* * *

A message from Pakistan reads. "It is pointed out here that a much better understanding exists between the Governments of India and Pakistan regarding the exchange of prisoners than is generally known; An understanding is understood to have been reached between the two Governments that no execution would take place without prior consultation with the Pakistan Government."

We welcome the subtle assurance that Pakistan has no intentions of executing any prisoner, and we trust that this understanding has not been 'misunderstood'

* * *

Mr. S. A Aiyer, Bombay's Director of Publicity, asks veterinary students not to look upon themselves as paid Government servants but as real patriots in their own sphere.

What? Does this mean they will not be paid at all?

INAUGURATION OF DAHANU HOME GUARDS

(From Our Correspondent)

DAHANU, Aug. 1.

Mr D. K. Kunte, Parliamentary Secretary to the Bombay Premier, visits Boardi tomorrow, to perform the ceremony of inaugurating the School Parliament of Bai Soonabai Pestonji Hakimji High School, id the evening he arrives at Dahanu where he will preside over the inaugural function of Dahanu Home Guards. First anniversary in Free India of Lokmanya Tilak was today observed in Dahanu with flag situation and public meeting under the Presidentship of Kalubhai Tanna. Dahanu Congress President when speeches were made by speakers praising the great work done by Lok. Tilak and the measures to be adopted to consolidate the freedom achieved.

the open air. . . .

The Cactus, which used to be so common in Salsette, has unfortunately become very rare in recent years. I say, unfortunately because the fruits were extensively used in "country medicines," particularly, I believe, as a cure for whooping cough. The other day, however, I saw a garden in which the boundary consisted only of cactus plants. Before the rains even these hardy plants looked wilted and bedraggled, but when I passed after the monsoon had started, every branch bore numbers of buds. The flowers open only in the night and by morning they have drooped and faded. The thornless, flat-stemmed garden variety is very beautiful, and during monsoon my pots are brought indoors when the buds are ready to open, and from nine o'clock we watch as they gradually unfurl their pointed petals to expose the tufts of creamy stamens and star-shaped stigma nestling in the centre, while the scent fills the room and is almost intoxicating.

America Prepares To Quit Berlin?

8,000 EMPLOYEES DISMISSED AS FIRST STEP

Moscow Awaits Three-Power Move To Resume Crisis Talks

MOSCOW, August 3. (U.P.A.): "Preparations by the Americans to evacuate Berlin": Under this headline the Moscow newspapers published today a Tass Agency despatch from Berlin stating that 8,000 employees of the United States Military Administration have been dismissed as the first step towards carrying out a "secret plan" to evacuate organs of the American Military Administration from Berlin.

The formation of a Trade Society of Greater Berlin under a German Economic Commission is also reported here without comment.

MOSCOW REPORT UNDER SCRUTINY

British, French and United States Governments were today preparing fresh instructions for their Envoys in Moscow based on their reports of last night's two-hour meeting with Marshal Stalin in the Kremlin, reports "Reuter" from London.

Western policy, it was expected, would be co-ordinated in London by the Standing Committee on Germany composed of the United States and French Ambassadors, Mr. Lewis Douglas and Mr. Rene Massigli, and Sir William Strang, British expert on German affairs.

In Moscow, Mr. Frank Roberts, Britain's Special Envoy, saw the British Minister, Mr. Geofrey Harrison, today for further talks on last night's meeting.

CAUTIOUS OPTIMISM

Although no report on the results of the Kremlin talks has been published, there is cautious optimism in New York over the possibility of an understanding in Europe.

The "New York Herald Tribune", the only New York newspaper to comment on the conference today, says that "the world may have withdrawn from the edge of the abyss of war".

NEXT STEP

The "United Press of America" Staff Correspondent, Walter Cronkite in Moscow, reported by telephone that the next moves were up to Washington, London and Paris, and that no further developments could be expected in Moscow for 24 to 36 hours.

It is assumed important meetings of the Politburo in Kremlin will be held to consider the demands of the Western Powers regarding the blockade of Berlin and the counter offers of the West in the direction of resumed negotiations.

There are indications here that another Kremlin meeting may be held. Roberts is remaining in Moscow for the time being and diplomatic sources here said it might take a series of meetings in Moscow before the issue is decided for better or worse.

LEAKAGE AND SPECULATION

Absolute secrecy—after a week of "leaks" with varying degrees of accuracy—was slapped on the negotiations with the Russians. It was understood the United States had complained bitterly to the British Foreign Office about leaks.

The background of the East-West crisis, however, made it possible to envisage much of what the three Western envoys told Stalin. The major unknown point now is what they offered in return for the lifting of the Berlin blockade. Speculation ran riot in the absence of official guidance—all the way from an imminent meeting of President Truman, British Prime Minister Attlee and French Premier Andre Marie to merely a resumption of negotiations on the new Berlin currency.

The next move may indicate whether there is any chance for a resumption of Four-Power negotiations or whether already badly deteriorated relations will get worse.

JODHPUR RAILWAY DISPUTE

Pakistan's Hide And Seek Game Exposed

NEW DELHI, August 3. (UPI): A Press Note issued by the Government of India has been drawn to various statements which have appeared in the press in regard to the Sind section of the Jodhpur Railway. The Jodhpur Government under an agreement with the Secretary of State, was working the Sind section which was the property of the undivided Government of India and has now passed on to the Pakistan Dominion. The agreement provided that the Secretary of State could take over the working of the section on giving 12 months' notice. Such notice was given in July 1947 at the instance of the Pakistan representatives. Later, the Pakistan Government expressed their desire to take over the section earlier than July 31, 1948. At one time the transfer as early as 1st February, 1948, was considered.

DEMAND FOR PREPAYMENT

The Jodhpur Government expressed its willingness to hand over the section at any time it was required, but throughout the negotiations made it clear that the provisions of the agreement requiring prepayment of the value of the rolling stock, plant and machinery and stores, which would be transferred to Pakistan, should be complied with. To this the Pakistan Government always demurred. Although at the meeting held on March 31, 1948 between Jodhpur and Pakistan representatives the date of transfer was advanced from July 31 to June 1, the arrangements fell through because of the unwillingness of Pakistan to pay the price of rolling stock before delivery as required by the agreement. The last meeting to finalise arrangements for the transfer of the Sind section to Pakistan was held at Jodhpur on July 1 and 2, 1948. It was attended also by the Financial Commissioner of Railways (India). At this meeting the Jodhpur representatives agreed that the transfer should be made on the midnight of the 31st July, 1948, provided an irrevocable credit in favour of Jodhpur was placed with the Reserve Bank of India or the Imperial Bank of Jodhpur prior to July 15, 1948, for the value of rolling stock, plant, machinery and stores which Pakistan was purchasing from the former on the separation of the Sind section. This credit was to be operated in terms of the agreement. The Pakistan Government have rejected the proposal to refer the matter to arbitration. Although prepayment was required under the agreement, to allay any suspicion which the Pakistan Government might have the Government of India offered to give a guarantee that in the condition the rolling stock in question would be transferred to Pakistan by Jodhpur. No notice has been taken of this guarantee.

PAKISTAN'S ACTION

On July 26 the General Manager, Jodhpur Railway, curtailed train services on the main line connecting Hyderabad (Sind) with Jodhpur, because after the introduction of permit system the volume of passenger traffic did not justify train services on the old scale. The Pakistan Government made this an excuse for detaining within Pakistan, not only a regular train proceeding to Jodhpur but also a special train carrying Hindu refugees from Sind and the inspection special ran to enable the Pakistan staff to familiarise themselves with the line before taking it over. They also took forcible possession of the stations and the Control Office at Mirpur Khas replaced Jodhpur staff by Pakistan staff and detained the former within Pakistan. They have taken possession of stock worth Rs. 16 lakhs and have so far made no payment to Jodhpur. The statement made by Mr. Zuberi at a press conference at Karachi that a sum of Rs. 50 lakhs had been deposited with the Imperial Bank at Jodhpur is entirely untrue. All train services have been completely interrupted, as there is no guarantee that if more trains run into Pakistan, the stock will not be forcibly detained as previously.

The Government of India have repeated the guarantee that if the Pakistan Government offer to comply with the terms of the agreement, they will see that all stock which is paid for by Pakistan is handed over by Jodhpur.

Weak Monsoon Condition

"Fair to cloudy weather" is the Santa Cruz Weatherman's forecast for today.

He reported late last night that weak monsoon conditions were expected to persist over Bombay for two or three days more.

U. S. Protest Overruled

LONDON, August 3.

A protest by the United States after their Olympic Waterpolo match against Sweden today was overruled by the International Waterpolo Appeal Board.

Sweden won the match by seven goals to nil.

The United States are now eliminated from the contest.—Reuter.

Israel Expels U. N. Official

Britain, Egypt And Mediator Charged With Breach Of Truce

TEL AVIV, Aug. 3, (Reuter): An Israeli military spokesman today charged that the Egyptians had broken the Palestine Truce by attempting to seize a hilltop near the Revivim Settlement, near Asluj, last night.

A full-scale Egyptian attack on Asluj had been called off late yesterday after the intercession of United Nations observers, the spokesman said adding that all Egyptian attacks in this district had been repelled.

The Israeli Government is to make a formal accusation against Britain to the United Nations Mediator of breach of Truce in issuing on July 29 certain electrical stores— including a searchlight— to the Egyptian Army, the informant said. These stores, from the British Army depot at Rafah, southern Palestine, were now being used by Egyptian forces he declared

The Israeli Government today banned Mr. John Larsen, a Swedish United Nations official and "all members of his family" from Israeli territory for alleged anti-Jewish activities.

Mr. Larsen, Secretary to Colonel Brunson, United Nations observer for Jerusalem, was arrested by the Jews near Latrun on Friday. He was detained in prison at Tel Aviv and released on Sunday without explanation.

An Israeli Government spokesman said today that the Larsen family had been connected with anti-Jewish activities for a number of years.

The spokesman said his Government had warned the United Nations Truce Commission repeatedly that they would not allow any member of the Larsen family into Israeli territory.

For that reason, he stated, the Israeli Government were forced to detain him when he entered Israel at Latrun on Friday, adding that Mr. Larsen had since been handed over to the United Nations and allowed to leave by plane for Amman, Transjordan.

U. S. To Back Israel For U. N. Membership

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 3, (UPA): It is understood that the United States has decided to support Israel's eventual application for membership in the United Nations.

The decision, reached on the grounds of the official United States recognition of Israel, makes support for Israel's membership application inevitable.

OLYMPIC RESULTS

(Continued from Page 5.)

minute 16.6 seconds by Dina Senff (Holland) in 1936.

SPRINGBOARD DIVING (WOMEN) FINAL PLACINGS

FIRST— Miss Victoria Draves (United States) 108.74 points.

SECOND— Miss Zoe Ann Olsen (United States) 108.23 points.

THIRD— Miss Patricia Elsener (United States) 101.30 points.

FOURTH— Miss Nicole Pellissard (France) 100.38 points.

FIFTH— O. Groemer (Austria) 93.30 points.

SIXTH— Edna Child (Great Britain) 91.63 points.

SWIMMING: WOMEN'S 200 METRES BREASTSTROKE FINAL

First Nel Van Vliet (Holland), time two minutes 57.2 seconds (New Olympic Record).

Second Nancy Lyons (Australia), two minutes 57.7 seconds (also beat old Olympic Record.)

Third Eva Novaak (Hungary), three minutes 0.2 seconds (also beat old record.)

Captain Grut's Remarkable Feat In Pentathlon

Captain W. O. G. Grut, a Swedish artillery officer, made Olympic history today when he won the swimming contest of the modern pentathlon—an event which gave him victory in three of the contests five events and assured him of the championship.

No previous competitor in the modern Pentathlon has won more than two events.

Captain Grut won the riding event, tied for first place in the fencing, and won the 300 metres (328 yards) swimming event in four minutes 17 seconds—less than two seconds outside the Olympic record.

Captain Grut, pentathlon champion of Sweden five times since 1938, said that today's Olympic event was his last Pentathlon appearance.

Stop Press

GUJRAT UNDER WATER

LAHORE, Aug. 3 (API): Floods continue to inundate the West Punjab country-side and there is no appreciable improvement in the general situation today.

Water level in the Chenab was still reported to be rising and Gujrat—a river-side town in the Jhelum area—was more or less under water.

U. N. O. MEMBERS BACK FROM SRINAGAR

NEW DELHI, Aug. 3 (API): The Advance party of the United Nations Kashmir Commission, Major Francis M. Smith, Mr. Harry Graeffe and Mr. Richard Simon, returned to Delhi from Srinagar late this evening.

Their plane was delayed at Jammu for a few hours due to engine trouble.

INDIA-JAPAN RADIO TELEGRAPH CIRCUIT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (UPA): The Indian Information Service said today that the India-Japan radio telegraph circuit which was closed during the war will be reopened "shortly".

World Record In 800 Metres Swim Relay

(Continued from Page 1)

effect to. It is pointed out in this connection that in accordance with the Karachi Agreement goods imported into India via Karachi and for which money had been paid before December 31 last should be released and allowed to be moved to India.

A number of cases have been brought to the notice of the Government of India, where the Pakistan authorities had not given effect in this Agreement and held up goods worth four to five crores of rupees. These goods include machinery, spare ports and various other equipments all of which are lying at the Karachi Port. Merchants in India have paid money for them. Raw Jute from Assam and North Bengal was also held up in transit through Pakistan territory to India, while facilities were easily provided for the movement of jute from East Bengal areas to the Chitagong port in Pakistan.

Foodgrains for India were also being held up, while every facility was being given to the transportation of goods from Calcutta to Dacca. The movement of goods to Tripura state which must pass through Easetrn Pakistan was also interfered with.

Observers here further point out that in the light of the mounting evidence of Paistan's open participation in the Kashmir invasion, it would be extremely difficult to gorce economic co-operation between the two Dominions. It is stated that both Dominions could not be engaged in an "unofficial war" in one place, and strive for economic co-operation in the rest of the dominions. This matter is being examined at a high level.

What Is Behind Pakistan's Belated Admission

NEW DELHI, August 3. (API): Pakistan's reported admission of her troops engaged in Kashmir is a development of the "gravest importance" the consequences of which are difficult to hazard now, according to authoritiative quarters here.

This belated admission which Pakistan was forced to make before the United Nations Commission in the face of overwhelming evidence of Pakistan's participation in the Kashmir operations, it is expected, will have immediate reaction in the Indo-Pakistan economic sphere.

Various causes are ascribed to this dramatic admission by Pakistan: FIRSTLY, desperation: SECONDLY, to divert India's attention from Hyderabad and THIRDLY to overawe India and secure for herself "by right" a foothold in Kashmir.

The continuance of British officers in the arms of both the Dominions is an important issue in itself, as a London report suggested tonight. According to the agreement which both the Dominions had entered into with His Majesty's Government, that Government reserved the right to recall all British nationals in the Dominion's armies in case of a conflict between them.

NO CHANGE IN KASHMIR SITUATION

NEW, DELHI, August 3. (API): There is little change in the situation in Kashmir during the past twentyfour hours except for the exchange of shell and mortar fire between our troops and the enemy, the defence ministry reported tonight.

Jai Prakash Fears Partition Of Kashmir

JAIPUR, Aug. 3. (U.P.I.): Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, the Socialist Leader, declared, at a press conference in Jaipur, that Kashmir question would not be solved by the United Nations Commission or by any compromise, but it would be solved only by the armed forces in the battlefield. And that, he said, was the "only way" to do it.

The Socialist leader added: "Policies of the U.N.O. are not guided by morality or truth; the interests of the big powers dominate it and, therefore, there is no hope that the Kashmir Commission will solve the question".

Mr. Jai Prakash apprehended the possibility of partition of Kashmir State in two or three divisions, one each for India and Pakistan, and third a semi-independent region.

Referring to India's foreign policy, Mr. Jai Prakash said that he supported the Government of India's policy of keeping aloof from power blocks. He emphasised the desirability of having a positive and effective foreign policy based on international morality and merit. He suggested that India should come forward and form a third group of those countries whose policies are similar to India. He was of the opinion that capitalism of America and expansionism of Russia were fundamentally the same in effect.

Referring to Hyderabad, he said that Government of India had committed a blunder by entering into a Standstill Agreement for one year with the Nizam. The issue had not been tackled properly in the beginning. Steps like economic blockade ought to have been taken in the very beginning. Nizam he said, had taken advantage of this mistake by increasing his army, organising Razakars, opening ordance factories and importing war materials.

U. S. Textile Machinery For Pakistan

PRVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND, Aug. 3 (UPA): Two Pakistani brothers, members of a Lahore merchandising family, have completed negotiations to buy 15,00,000 dol. worth of American textile machinery for shipment to Pakistan.

Mohamed Sayed Saigol, 42, and Mohamed Yousuf Saigol, 36, said the machinery will be used in the erection of the Kohinoor Textile Mills Limited of Lahore, which they predict will be turning out coarse cotton cloth from 25,000 spindles by the end of 1949.

British Retort To Russia

Danube Convention Can't Be Abrogated

BELGRADE, August 3 (Reuter): Sir Charles Peake, British delegate told the Ten-Nation Danube Conference here today that Britain would not be bullied by the Russian Delegation and would not "jump to the crack of Vyshinsky's whip."

He was referring to the attack by M. Andrei Vyashinsky, Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, and Head of the Russian Delegation, who on Saturday accused the Western Powers of presenting an ultimatum to the conference and told them that if they persisted "the door would be open for them to leave."

Referring to the Soviet policy in Eastern Europe, Sir Charles said: "Is the acquisition of majority shares in indigenous transport companies imperialism? Is the sequestration of assets from unwilling States imperialism? If so, against whom does the charge of imperialism lie?"

He denied that the British Delegation had used "the language of ultimatums."

Britain did not place any conditions in the way of discussing Danube navigation? Britain merely stated that the 1921 convention could not be altered without the consent of all signatories. This was simply legal language not an ultimatum.

M. Vyshinsky told the Conference today that Russia considered the 1921 Danube Convention Null and Void because it had been violated by Britain and France.

The Anglo-French view, however, was that this Convention, giving them certain navigation rights, could not be abrogated, whatever the present Conference decides, without the consent of all signaories.

News in Brief

WASHINGTON, August 3. (UPA): President Truman returned to the capital at 1,200 EDT today and went immediately to the White House to receive the report on the Allied diplomats' conversation with Premier Stalin.

WASHINGTON, August 3, (UPA): William Remington, the Government official accused of giving information to a communist agent, admitted today that in 1944 he claimed to be "familiar" with many aspects of a top secret atomic bomb project.

He told Senate investigators today that what he meant in 1944 was that he knew the "Manhattan Project" was getting superiority for certain equipment. He said he did not know then that the Manhattan Project was an atom bomb project.

WASHINGTON, August 3, (UPA): Three men accused today as members of the prewar underground Communist group in Washington—Alger Hiss, Lee Pressman, and Nathan Witt—were among the most prominent young lawyers who rose to major positions in the New Deal.

SEOUL, August 3, (UPA): Louise Yim, unofficial spokesman for Korea at Lake Success, arrived here today and immediately conferred with South Korean President Syngman Rhee.

There was speculation that she might receive a post in the new south Korean Government or might be named Korean representative at the forthcoming United Nations meeting in Paris.

HAMBURG, August 3, (UPA): Twenty German women war prisoners remained in the Soviet Zone of Germany because they believed the intense Communist propaganda they were subjected to in Russia, returning women prisoners charged today.

Three-hundred-and-fifty women, the first women war prisoners from Russia, returned to Germany last week. Most of the women came from the Urals. Several said they spent three to four years in Siberian coal mines.

KARACHI, August 3, (UPI): Most of the Pakistan Central Government employees belonging to Class IV have declined to receive their salaries for July 1948 in accordance with the decision of their Association, as a protest against the "meagre" rate of interim pay relief sanctioned for them.

NOWGONG (Assam), August 3, (UPI): The Kapili river is reported to be in spate again and flood is apprehended. A telegram from Saidya to the Deputy Commissioner Nowgong, states that the Brahmaputra is rising alarmingly again and heavy flood is apprehended shortly.

NOWGONG (Assam), August 3, (UPI): The Deputy Commissioner has promulgated an order banning the export of milk and fish from the Nowgong district.

All markets in the areas affected by epidemic have been closed.

BENARES, August 3, (UPI): The United Press of India learns on good authority that the collection of relics of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose in Burma under the supervision of a high-ranking Indian officer of the Burma Government for preserving them in the Netaji Bhawan in Calcutta.

Bomb Found In Vatican City

VATICAN CITY, August 3; (Reuter): A small bomb was found this morning in the right-hand colonnade of St. Peters Square in the Vatican City by a street cleaner.

Police immediately called in military experts who said the bomb could not be touched as the safety pin had been removed.

All streets leading to St. Peters Square were blocked as the bomb had to be exploded on the spot. Soldiers covered the bomb with large sacks and sand.

Police have begun investigations.

'Socialist Game Of Power Politics'

PATIL'S CALL TO CITIZENS TO MOBILISE AGAINST STRIKE ON AUGUST 11

BOMBAY, Aug. 3 (UPI): An appeal to City Congressmen and also to citizens of Bombay having the "slightest sympathy with the Congress" to come forth actively to foil the token strike which Socialists propose to organise in the City on Aug. 11, was made by Mr. S. K. Patil, President, B. P. C. C., presiding over an informal Convention of Congressmen held at the Congress House this evening.

Mr. Patil said: "Since August 15 last, when India became free, a feeling of complacency and indifference has come to prevail among Congressmen, who have ceased to be as active as they used to before, as the result of which organisational work has suffered. It is due to the mistaken belief prevalent among good many Congressmen that now that the Congress has succeeded in securing freedom for the country, all the work could now be done by the Central and Provincial Governments or through legislatures, there being no more any need for the organisational work they did before."

"In fact", Mr. Patil added, "their responsibility has increased far more, because the problems which have arisen in the wake of freedom are more even more difficult and of great magnitude than those resulting from their slavery which they had to tackle while fighting for India's freedom under Congress banner, necessitating more strenuous organisational work than before on the part of Congressmen."

"It is the Congress alone," Mr. Patil said, "which can protect India's new-won freedom from internal and external dangers and stabilise it. There is no other organisation or party which can supplant it."

"The move to organise a token strike in Bombay on August 11", Mr. Patil continued, "is symptomatic of the spirit of irresponsibility which prevails in the country since August 15 last. It is part of the Socialist Party's game of power politics. It is a challenge both to the Congress and the constituted authority of the Central and Provincial Governments."

In conclusion, Mr. Patil exhorted Congressmen to revive their organisational activities, educate the citizens on the implications of the Socialist move, and work actively for foiling it. "It is their duty as responsible citizens of Free India to shed their attitude of indifference, and stand solidly behind their new-born State at such a juncture, when such a challenge is flung at it," he said.

NO STRIKE ON AUGUST 11

At a generalbody meeting held by the employees of National Pharmaceutical industries at Congress House compound, it was unanimously decided to support the resolution passed by the Indian National Trade Union Congress Bombay Board not to take part in the so-called token strike of 11th instant. They also decided to join as volunteers in response to the appeal issued by the B.P.C.C.

Indian Troops Pursue Razakars Inside State Territory

MANY RAIDERS CAPTURED WITH ARMS IN SHEVGAON AREA

NEW DELHI, August 3, (API): The Ministry of Defence in a press note gives facts of the incident which occurred on July 27 at Khare Takli near Shevgaon.

The Press note says: On receipt of information that Tandulwari, a non-Muslim village in Hyderabad territory, was being attacked by Razakars, our patrols reached Khare Takli in Indian territory at 9 a.m. on that day and observed some fires in Tandulwari but as the village was in State territory no action was taken.

When the Razakars saw our patrol across the border they opened fire, on it from Tandulwari. Thereupon our patrol returned the fire. After the exchange of fire our troops entered the State territory at 11 a.m. and pursued the armed band, which had been firing on our troops, for half a mile into the State territory and captured three armed Razakars and one other. Our patrol then withdrew into the Indian Union territory. There was no casualty on either side.

"Later a massage was received at Shevgaon that 200 Razakars and Hyderabad State police had collected at Tandulwari and were firing intensely at our police post and villagers of Khare Takli in Indian Union territory. When the Indian patrol arrived at 1 p.m. the patrol was also fired at by the Razakars and the Hyderabad State police from inside the State territory. Our patrol then re-entered the State territory at 3 p.m. and, as a result of an encircling movement, captured 19 of the attacking Razakars with arms.

Among the captured Razakars, were three Hyderabad State Police sub-inspectors; two State police naiks, one State police l/naik, twelve police sepoys and two others.

The arms and ammunition captured from hostiles include ten .303 MK IV rifles, 15 muzzle loading guns and muskets, sten-gun, 87 rounds of .303 ammunition, 24 rounds of MM. 178 rounds of .476 bore ammunition, 104 rounds of .410 bore ammunition 59 gunpowder packets, four gun-powder tins 1/2 lb. each, six .303 fired cases, three fired cases and five .410 bore fired cases.

From the above account it is therore, clear, that the Razakars, intent on loot, arson and murder, had collected in Tandulwari village and but for the timely arrival of Indian patrols in the neighbouring village, the Razakars, aided by the Hyderabad State police, would have caused further destruction in the border villages in Shevgaon area in the Indian Union territory.

Hyderabad Immigrants In Sholapur

Will Be Treated As Refugees From Pakistan

BOMBAY, August 3, (API): About 100,000 non-Muslim refugees from Hyderabad State have so far sought refuge in Sholapur District and in the merged states attached to it, Bombay's Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai was informed during his recent tour of the Sholapur District border.

The bulk of the immigrants are congregated in the bigger towns such as Sholapur, Pandharpur, Barsi and Akalkot, with the largest number, about 30,000 in the district capital.

It is understood that Government has issued orders that Hyderabad immigrants to Sholapur district should be treated on the same lines as refugees from Pakistan.

The Government has made arrangements to provide food and shelter at Government cost for such of the immigrants as are too poor to supply their own needs. Six different committees have been formed to look after the medical and general relief requirements of the immigrants and a special committee is dealing with the question of finding employment for all able-bodied individuals.

FIVE-DAY STUDY OF KASHMIR SITUATION

Commission's Advance Party Leaving For Delhi

SRINAGAR KASHMIR, August 3, (API): The advance party of the United Nations' Kashmir Commission, which made a five day study of the military situation in Kashmir Valley, is scheduled to leave for New Delhi today. During their stay here they visited the Divisional headquarters of the Indian troops and toured our forward position in the Uri Area.

The party which was scheduled to visit Tithwal yesterday could not undertake the tour owing to inclement weather. The party, however spent a day studying the latest reports of military situation from different fronts.

The party yesterday lunched with the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir and dined with Sheikh Mohd Abdullah, Prime Minister of Kashmir.

U. N. COMMISSION IN INFORMAL SESSION

Will Meet Representatives Of Pakistan Today

KARACHI, August 3, (API): The United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan met today in an informal session and discussed possible points of discussion with representatives of the Pakistan Government when they appear before the Commission at Wednesday's meeting, it was learned.

Similar discussions were held with the Indian Government's representatives in New Delhi.

Wednesday's private meeting with representatives of the Pakistan Government will be held at 10 a.m. and will be the second meeting of the Commission as a whole with Pakistan representatives.

DACCA, August 3, (UPI): At a conference convened by the Chamber of Commerce, East Bengal, the present policy of the Pakistan Government regarding taxations, specially sales tax, was discussed and severely criticised. Representatives from all the sixteen districts attended the conference.

R

CONSUMERS of COAL and COKE will be issued the following percentages of quotas against permits already issued to them during the month of August, 1948.

Steam Coal 100 per cent.

Deshi Bhatta Coke or Coke breeze 80 per cent.

Soft Coke 100 per cent.

Consumers of Foundry Hard Coke, having a permit may approch the Financial Coal Controller, for revalidation of their permits.

TATA IRON & STEEL CO. LTD

Directors' Report

The Directors of the Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd. have issued the following report for the year ended 31st March 1948.

The disposable profits after providing for all taxes, bonus to employees and after setting aside a sum of Rs. 1,50,00,000 for depreciation amount to.....1,58,54,822

The Directors recommend the following dividends for the year ended 31st March, 1948:—

(1) A dividend of Rs. 9 per share on First Preference Shares..... 4,50,000
(2) A dividend of Rs. 7-8-0 per share on Second Preference Shares.. 52,03,642
(3) A dividend of Rs. 14 per share on Ordinary Shares.. 49,00,000
(4) A dividend of Rs. 64-15-0 per share on Deferred Shares..... 31,65,625

Total..... 1,37,19,267

This leaves a sum of.....21,35,555 which amount the Directors recommend should be carried forward.

(Dividends on First and Second Preference Shares will be subject to deduction of Incometax.)

The Company realized in respect of Excess Profits Tax relief under Section 26 of the E. P. T. Act and in respect of other refunds and adjustments in taxes an aggregate amount of Rs. 94.55 lakhs. As this non-recurring item relates to accounts of past years, your Directors have decided to take the whole of it to the Reserve Fund to which no further addition is proposed out of the year's profits.

The Works profits for the year under review were disappointingly low in comparison with the previous year. This was due to lower production and despatches and higher costs, arising mainly from labour unrest, shortage of essential materials and stores and transport difficulties.

FINANCE

As stated in last year's report, out of the deposits of Rs. 204.14 lakhs made with Government under Section 10 of the Indian Finance Act, 1942, Rs. 118 lakhs were received in April 1947. The balance of Rs. 86.14 lakhs was also recovered from Government during the year.

Although the post-war refund of Excess Profits Tax in respect of the above deposits did not mature during the year under review, Government had notified that earlier payment would be made if the money was required for an approved purpose, namely, development or re-equipment of the business of the Company. An application was made to Government for the above purpose and during the year under review a net sum of Rs. 27.92 lakhs (i.e. after deduction of income-tax and super-tax) was made available to the Company. As this amount was paid for a specific purpose, it could not be brought into the Profit and Loss Account, but has been shown as a separate item in the Balance Sheet.

A further call of Rs. 15 per share was paid during the year in respect of the Company's holding of 75,000 shares in West Bokaro Limited, the entire capital of which has been subscribed by the Steel Company.

Government of India Interest-free Defence Bonds of the face value of Rs. 5 lakhs matured for payment. In addition, Government Securities of the face value of Rs 54,25,000 were sold during the year with the result that the total investment in Government and Trust Securities now stands at Rs. 66.77 lakhs, as compared with Rs. 125.84 lakhs in the previous year.

COAL

The coal position showed an improvement over the last year and fairly adequate supplies were maintained throughout the year; but the average cost of coal was higher by Rs. 2 per ton as compared with the previous year. The quality of the coal still leaves much to be desired.

RESTORATION OF CUT

In response to our application for an increase in prices for 1947-48, and after long drawn out negotiations last ing about several months, Government only sanctioned the restoration of the cut of Rs. 12-8-0 per ton which we had voluntarily made in the previous year, plus Rs. 11 on account of the increase in freight charges, with effect from 1st January, 1948. As a result your Company received no increase in prices for nine months of the year in spitt of the consireably increased costs during the period. Our costs have since risen still further mainly on account of labour charges. In response to our urgent representations, Government have referred the matter to the Tariff Board which is now considering it.

OPERATIONS

The output of the main products under all heads was less than in the previous year. The comparative figures are set out below:

	1947—48 Tons	1946—47 Tons	Decrease %
Coke ..	933,000	960,000	2.8
Pig Iron ..	956,000	1,075,000	11.0
Steel Ingots ..	901,000	1,029,000	12.4
Saleable Steel ..	664,000	753,000	11.8

A, B and D Blast Furnaces continued to be in operation throughout the year. C Furnace was not put into operation after re-lining. E Furnace which was banked in 1947 was put into operation from February 1948 and started manufacturing ferro-manganese from March 1948.

The total number of tools produced at the Agrico Works was 2,607,000 as against 2,892,000 in the previous year. The number of tools despatched was 2,485,000 as against 2,903,000 in the previous year. The purchase of a shovel-making plant from Australia has been sanctioned.

ORE MINES AND QUARRIES

The despatches from the Company's properties during the year under review were:

	1947—48 Tons	1946—47 Tons
Iron Ore ..	1,623,000	1,790,000
Manganese Ore ..	17,000	17,000
Limestone ..	69,000	35,000
Dolomite ..	43,000	51,000
Miscellaneous Minerals ..	24,000	43,000

COLLIERIES

Despatches from the Company's Collieries during 1947-48 were 941,000 tons compared with 856,000 tons in the preceding year, being an increase of 9.9 per cent. In spite of labour unrest, the production exceeded that of the previous year due to increased mechanisation and the employment of Gorakhpur labour.

STEEL

The quantities of steel despatched to customers during the year, including quantities used in the Company's Works, were as follows, compared with the preceding year:

	1947-48 Tons	1946-47 Tons
Pig Iron	24,000	80,000
Rails and Fishplates	82,000	109,000
Bars and Structural Steels	154,000	168,000
Heavy Structurals	53,000	52,000
Plates	59,000	59,000
Black Sheets	48,000	59,000
Galvanised Sheets	63,000	73,000
Tin-bars	70,000	74,000
Sleeper bars and Sleepers	33,000	44,000
Blooms, Billets and Sheet bars	64,000	73,000
Wheels, Tyres and Axles	18,000	16,000

The Company made a representation for protection of our special steels to Government. The case was refered to the Tariff Board in May 1947. Government have accepted the recommendations of the Tariff Board regarding protection.

LABOUR

A revised wage structure and a revised scheme of profit-sharing bonus, involving the Company in additional expenditure of approximately Rs. 1 crore per annum, were introduced from the 1st of April, 1947. The introduction of this liberal wage structure was unfortunately marked by acute dissatisfaction on the part of labour and was followed by an outbreak of violence and assault on the officers of he Company unprecedened in its history. In order to remove the dissatisfaction due to certain anomalies and mistakes in the new wage structure, a Committee under Mr. K. M. Madan, Deputy Agent, as Chairman, with the Director of Personnel and the General Superintendent as members, was set up to examine the scheme in detail and to recommend modifications. The Committee's recommendations were discussed with the Tata Workers' Union and adopted with certain alterations as suggested by the Union. The revised grades were put into effect from 1st August, 1947 giving a further substantial increase to labour over the increase already granted, at an additional cost to the Company. In spite of this liberal wage increase accompanied by simultaneous increases in the dearness allowance, food rebate etc., no improvement in output has taken place. The deterioration in labour conditions which began in May 1947 has caused a heavy fall in the finished steel output which has averaged 55,300 tons per month as compared with 62,750 tons per month in the last year. That this should be the state of affairs in spite of the heavy sacrifices made to improve the conditions of labour and at a time when increased production is the most crying and vital need of the country, can only be deplored.

In accordance with the revised profit-sharing scheme , 22½ per cent of the profits, representing the prifit-sharing bonus for 1946-47, were distributed to labour on the basis of salary earned on 31st March, 1947. 25 per cent of the gross amount this bonus was not distributed but was retained in the Provident Funds for the benefit of the workers in agreement with the Union. In addition to this bonus, half a month's salary was paid to all employees in August 1947 as Independence Bonus.

Tata Steel And Iron Production

Messrs. Tata Industries Ltd., Managing Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., report that the total approximate production of Iron and Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of July 1948 was:-

	Tons
Pig Iron	79,700
Steel Ingots	76.200
FINISHED STEEL	
Semis for sale	10,800
Finished	47,100
Total	57.900

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, Aug. 3: The local market was very dull and the turn over was very poor. Buckingham losing three points at Rs 172/- and Maduras annas four at Rs 41/2. Fresh investment enquiry is absent. The market closed easy.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras stock market:—

Government of India Loans. 3 per cent. 1986 99/3 three per cent. 1970/75 100/8 Government of Travancore 3 per cent. 1952/54 103/2 Government of Madras 3 per cent. 1960 101/-.

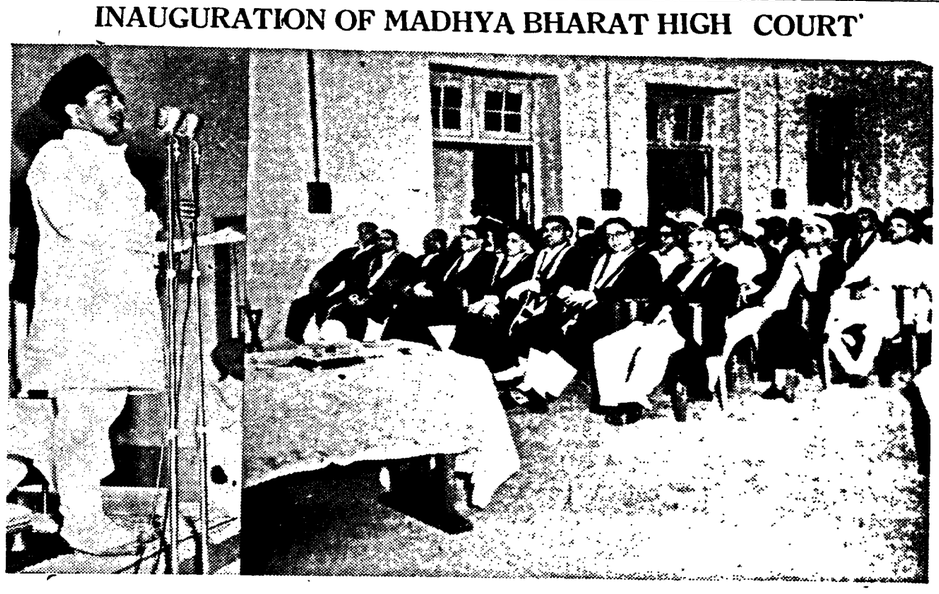
BANKS: Travancore 22/2.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1/9 Chembras 5/12, Devashola 17/8, Midlands 6/2, Neliampathys 1/7/6 Pullangodes 1/1/6, Thirumbadi 2/4, T R & T C 6/13, Caikundam 7/5.

TEXTILES: Buckinghams 172, Do Pref. 196, Cambodias 9/11, Coimbatore C M 92/-, Lakshmi 72/-, Maduras 41/2, Metturs 320, Radhakrishna 144/8, Rajalakshmi 57, Ranga Vilas 46/8, Trav Rayons 4/12, Trichinopoly 12/14/6. Malabar Industrials unchanged.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cements 62/8, Facts 6/8, India Cements 14/10, Mettur Chem. 8/14. Do Pref. 108/8, Mysore Chem. Ferts 10/10.

INAUGURATION OF MADHYA BHARAT HIGH COURT



H.H. the Maharaja of Gwalior, the Rajpramukh of Madhya Bharat inaugurating the Union's High Court at Gwalior. In the front row are sitting Judges of the new High Court.

Textile And Power Machinery From Germany

Opportunity For Indian Importers To Place Orders

NEW DELHI.

Information obtained by the Government of India's Trade Delegation to Germany indicates that prospects for developing business and trade relations with West Germany are promising, especially in regard to textile machinery and power plants.

The average manufacturing capacity of German producers at present is about 45 per cent of 1936 production, and this is being stepped up. There is also the promise of quick delivery, as the capacity of German industry has not yet reached its limit.

The German manufacturer is more export-minded than before as domestic business has been considerably affected by the reduced purchasing capacity of German industry consequent upon the recent currency reform. Stimulous to export goods from Germany is provided in the shape of permission for 5 per cent of the export value to be utilised against the requirements of industry and another 5 per cent as food bonus for the staff and workers. The Controlling Authorities have begun to shift control more and more into German hands in order to minimise export "bottlenecks". In order to improve trade relations with India, a few leading German manufacturers in the Western Zone have recently formed a combine known as UNIOMATEX, their Indian agents being Messrs. Engineering and Agencies Ltd., Bombay.

REDUCED PRICES POSSIBLE

Prices quoted for German textile machinery are relatively higher than those prevailing in some other exporting countries, mainly due to high overhead charges as the result of small turnover, increased raw material prices and taxation. However, it may be possible for importers in India to have prices reduced, through negotiations with the Joint Economic Intelligence Administration for fixing the rate of exchange of the Mark 'vis-a-vis' the Dollar on a more favourable basis. Indian importers have a strong case for a competitive rate, because where German prices are below world prices, JEIA has been fixing a minimum.

EARLY DELIVERY

A number of German firms are in a position to entertain firm orders from India for the manufacture of various types of machineery to be delivered between 8 and 12 months, a period which compares very favourably with those quoted by other exporting countries. The present time is opportune for the placing of orders, and interest industrialists should should seek to secure capital goods from Germany at an early date. A few afirms have promised early delivery of the following types of machinery:

Winding and finishing machines, card clothing and card room machinery, bobbins, picking bands, ring frames, winding, warping, sizing and weaving machinery, twisting machinery, textile-calendering machines embossing machines, yarn mercerising machines, screen printing machines, cloth drying, raising, shearing, cropping, folding machines, bleaching and dyeing machinery.

Two or three firms are in a position to give early delivery of steam and power plants, boilers and locomotives, paper making plants and water or hydraulic turbins. The delivery position in regard to water turbines is highly favourable and may be utilised with advantage for India's new hydro-electric projects.

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent.)
CALICUT (Malabar), Aug. 3.

Coiryarn Beypore 135/145, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 105. Ungarbled 95. Cocosnuts Raw 105. Dry 160. Cocoanut Oil 465. Copra Office 316 Dilpasand 327/8. Madrasnottam 330. Pepper Wynaed 1500 Country 1400. Dry Ginger Chernad 450. Ernad 390. Coffee Robusta 155. Timber Pali 50/60 Benteak 40/45, Teak 90/120, Mango 3/4/8, Teak 15/25, Rosewood 10/20.

Bharat Fire And General Insurance Ltd.

The Directors in submitting their Report together with the audited Accounts and the Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December, 1947 state:—

The net premiums in this Department amounted to Rs. 7,66,713-10-4 and the net claims paid and outstanding to Rs. 1,91,251-13-10. The commission and other expenses of management amounted to Rs. 3,45,662-12-2. After providing for the reserve of Rs. 4,60,031-3 for unexpired risks and additional reserve at 60 per cent of the premium income for the year, the balance of Rs. 1,42,579-1-3 is transferred to Profit and Loss Account.

The net premiums in this Department amounted to Rs. 4,76,631-3-6 and the net claims paid and outstanding to Rs. 1,37,981-4-6. The commission and other expenses of management amounted to Rs. 1,79,391-4-6. After providing for the reserve of Rs. 2,85,978-11-9 for unexpired risks and additional reserve at 60 per cent of the premium income for the year, the balance of Rs. 87,288-0-3 is transferred to Profit and Loss Account.

The net premiums in this Department amounted to Rs. 82,605-3-6 and the claims paid and outstanding to Rs. 48,375-5-6. The expenses of the management amounted to Rs. 23,096-8 and taking into account the credit balance of Rs. 274 in Commission Account there was left a balance of Rs. 22,822-8. After making the above adjustments of claims, commission and management expenses, there was left a balance of Rs. 68,396-14-2 which is 82.80 per cent of the premium income of the year. This is being retained against unexpired liabilities.

The net premiums in this Department amounted to Rs. 1,24,770-14-11 and the net claims paid and outstanding to Rs. 33,926-13-7. The expenses of management amounted to Rs. 33,649-7 and taking into account the credit balance of Rs. 31,080-8-6 in Commission Account, there was left a balance of Rs. 2,565-14-6. After providing for the reserve of Rs. 1,24,770-14-11 for unexpired risks at 100 per cent of the Premium Income for the year, the balance of Rs. 36,896-6-11 is transferred to Profit and Loss Account.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

The profit in the Profit and Loss Account including the amounts of profit of various Revenue Accounts amounted to Rs. 3,53,534-1-3 and after deducting expenses of management (other than those charged to Revenue Accounts), Directors' Fees, Travelling Expenses, Bonus to Staff, Depreciation, Company's Contribution to Staff Provident Fund, etc., there remained a balance of Rs. 1,22,848-14-5 which has been transferred to Profit and Loss Appropriation Account.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Six Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 3rd August. Total amount offered was Rs. 8,52,25,000-0-0. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-0 were allotted approximately 65 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 6,00,00,000-0-0, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-7-10 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Six Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 10th August up to 11 a.m. at Bombay, and up to the close of business on Monday, the 9th August, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 13th inst.

During the week ended, the 30th July, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,68,25,000-0-0 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, August 3.

Market opened round about last closing and moved both ways general trend being uncertain.

Calico Opened 1200. Highest 1204. Lowest 1188. Closed 1203.

Deffered Opened 1610, Lowest 1603. Highest 1622. Closed 1620.

Ambika Opened 442. Lowest 440. Highest 446. Closed 445.

Arvind Opened 1496, Highest 1500. Lowest 1477. Closed 1490.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1490. Ambika 445. Calico 1203. Monogram 188. Saraspur 593. Deferred 1620. New Jahangir 1820. New National 497-8-0. Vivekanand 252-8-0. Lal Mill 585. Shorrock 807-8-0. Sayaji 203-12-0.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.
NEW YORK, August 3.

Previous Closing	31.75
Today's Opening	31.75
Difference	Nil.
Today's Closing	31.76
Difference	+1

LAST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, August 3.

	Rs. As.
Silver Bullion Forward	175 10
Gold Forward	112 7
Sovereign	74 10

EXPECTATION:
Cotton Jarila Sept. 585 0

NEW YORK STOCKS.
NEW YORK, August 3.

Opening prices:—
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 36-1/2.
General Motors dol. 63.
United States Steel Common dol. 79.
Ditto Pref. unquoted.—(Reuter).

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Aug. 3 (Reuter): Many dealers prolonged the August holiday and failed to return to the stock exchange today. Trading volume remained at a low ebb, business that was recorded was mainly for the purpose of squaring up positions, in view of today being the last day of account.

Quietly firm tone was maintained in all sections.

Oils made a promising start when gains of one-thirty-second were recorded by leaders. In idleness, however, these advances were not held and the final prices were around the previous closing levels.

British Government Securities were in some demand. Small money continues to find its way into these issues and gains of one-sixteenth were shown.

The industrial share market was idle. Tobaccos and breweries registered small improvements. The foremen were helped by a statement by the Imperial Company which implied that supplies of tobacco would not be cut.

Speculators in Brazilian utilities were encouraged by the news that the Brazilian Senate had approved repayment capital of the San Paulo railway company.

The price rose two points to one-sixtwoand. half.

Elsewhere there was little change of note. Mining sections remained undisturbed.

Free state issues were firm spots among South Africans.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent)
HAPUR MANDI, August 3.

Wheat 25/- 22/-; Gram 13/8; Barley 13/-; Bejhar 12/4; Juwar 14/-; Rice Basmati 50/-; Sela 42/-; Gwar 12/8; Peas 13/6; Arhar 13/-; Urd 20/-; Moong 19/-.

STOCK: Wheat 7; Gram 6; Barley 162; Peas 28; Arhar 117; Maize 17; Khatties.

Gur Ready 14/-; Shakkar 12/8; Forward Pagan 10/10/9; Opened 10/10/4; Steady Yesterday Closed 10/9/7-1/2; Sarson 25; Taraseed 21 to 19/-; Oil 70/-; Oilcake 8/-; Bardana Asuj 105/4; Oct 116/-.

Silver Forward 165/8; Opened 165/1; Yesterday Closed 164/3.

Gold Forward 111/4; Opened 111/-; Yesterday Closed 111/-.

Brass 63/2; Copper 6/8; Zinc 51/-; Lead 42/-.

OPPOSITION TO HINDU CODE BILL

Dominion Parliament Not Likely To Take Up Issue

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, August 2.

The Estate Duty will also be cold storaged till the parliament under the new constitution begins to function.

Chances of the Hindu code becoming law in the next session of the Dominion Parliament is becoming remote. There is a good deal of othodox opposition to the Bill and in the present state of the country the Government is not likely to add anything to its existing difficulties.

The Hindu Code Bill, therefore is likely to be cold storaged till the new consitution come into force and the new parliament elected under it commences functioning. Incidentally the Estate Duty Bill is being postponed on the ground that the Hindu Code, introducing changes in the law of succession and the Estate Duty Bill could not be passed till those changes were known to the legislature. In other words the Estate Duty will also be cold storaged till the parliament under the new constitution begins to function.

Inquiry Into Six-Loom Working Conditions

Technical Experts Deputed For On-The-Spot Investigations

It has been brought to the notice of the Government of Bombay that a feeling prevails among the mill workers that the improved conditions that had been ordered by the Industrial Court had not been maintained and this had led to more fatigue, thus their objection to six-loom working was not to six looms as such but to worsened conditions. This is a matter regarding which the Government is eager to make the necessary enquiries and to call upon the employers to make improvements. When the employers were questioned on this point they assured the Government that the conditions of work had not deteriorated.

Indeed, the Government has already deputed technical experts to make enquiries on the spot regarding the conditions of work. On this score, therefore, there could be no occasion for the stoppage of work or for any kind of protest. It may also be pointed out that when the representatives of the employees of the two mills (Apollo and India United) approached the Minister for Labour, he pointed out to them that while the appointment of a Court of Inquiry was neither feasible nor helpful, the question of six-loom working could be brought before the Wage Board when the enture question of standardisation of musters and work-load might be taken up by the Wage Board.

Insurance Act To Be Amended

Informal Committee To Study Question

NEW DELHI, Aug. 3 (UPI): A meeting of the Insurance Advisory Committee was held today under the chairmanship of Mr. K. C. Neogy, Commerce Minister. The Committee, it is learnt, discussed the question of amendment to the Insurance Act and it was decided that an informal committee consisting of selected representatives of the Insurance interests should be constituted under the chairmanship of an official of the Commerce Ministry to go into this question.

The committee would examine the provisions of the Bill that were withdrawn during the last session of the legislature and make such recommendations as may be necessary with regard to changes, if any, that may be required under provision, having regard to the later conditions.

The committee will also go through other sections of the Insurance Act and examine whether any amendments are required. The recommendations of this Committee will be placed before another special meeting of the Insurance Advisory Committee before they are considered by the Government with a view to legislation being undertaken in the ensuing Budget Session of the legislature.

The Advisory Committee was today also apprised of the result of the negotiations that were conducted between Indian Insurance interests and the Government of India on the one hand and the Government of Pakistan on the other, towards the end of April last and it was decided that the Government of India should continue to negotiate, seeking elucidation of certain terms that Pakistan has offered to induce the Indian Insurance to continue their business in Pakistan.

FLOODS IN ASSAM

DIBRUGARH (Upper Assam), Aug. 2 (API): Floods are reported from several areas of Upper Assam owing to the river Dehing being in spate. There has been unusually heavy rain during the past fortnight, recording 20 inches, and several areas in the Dibrugarh sub-division are inundated. Areas which were unaffected by last month's flood are now under water.

Portions of the Makum-Ledo Road are submerged two feet deep and the railway service beyond Digboi has been suspended since yesterday.

ROYAL PAKISTAN NAVY RESERVE

KARACHI, August 3. (API): The setting up of a reserve of the Royal Pakistan Navy has been announced.

The present strength of the RPN reserve fleet is two fleet mine-sweepers, HMPS Kathiawar and Malwa (Malwa is still in Bombay), one trawler. HMPS Rampur and one mine sweeper number 129

The authorised complement of the reserve fleet is one hundred officers and one thousand men. Meanwhile, negotiations between the Pakistan Government and His Majesty's Government for the sale of two of the Royal Navy destroyers to the Royal Pakistan Navy are almost complete, it is learnt.

The destroyers are expected to sail into Pakistan waters by the end of this year.

Cholera Breaks Out In Salem

SALEM, August 1. (API): Cholera has broken out in Salem town. Fifty eight attacks and 19 deaths were reported during the week ending July 31.

INDO-SWISS TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP

LONDON, August 3. (Reuter): Negotiations for a treaty of friendship between Switzerland and India have been successfully concluded. Swiss radio said today quoting the Berne paper "Der Bund."

The treaty will come into force after ratification by the two Governments the radio said.

Colour Bar In Education

Admission Refused To Negro Women In Oklahama

NORMAN, OKLAHOMA, August 3. (UPA): Mrs. Ada Sipuel Fisher's long battle to obtain entrance to the "whites only" University of Oklahoma Law School received another setback yesterday.

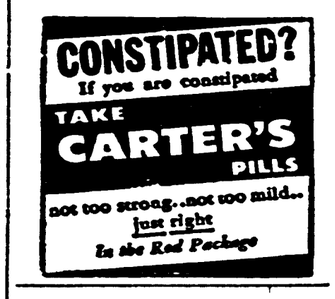
District Judge Justice Hinshaw ruled that the state's new Negro law school offers training equal to that at the University of Oklahoma. He upheld University regents in denying two other Negro women, Mrs. Mauderie Hancock Wilson and Miss Maxine Holmes, admittance to other graduate schools on Norman and Campus.

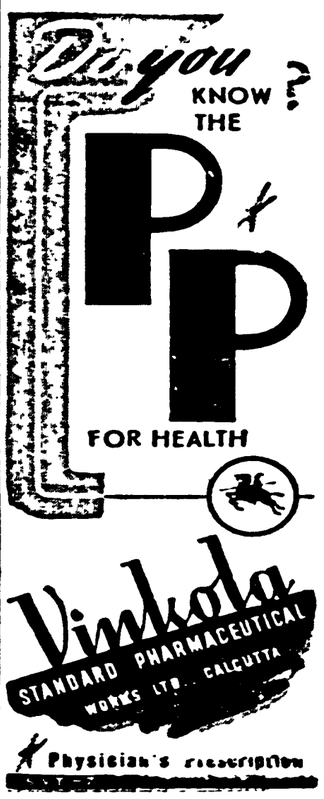
Mrs. Fisher had filed a mandamus suit demanding entrance to the state University on the grounds that training at the Langston Negro Law school was inferior. Hinshaw declared that freshman law training opportunities at Langston were compared favourably with those at the white schools.

Partial Devalliation Of Franc

PARIS, August 3. (UPI): Partial devaluation of the Franc is expected to be one of the diverse monetary measures which M. Paul Reynaud, the new French Finance Minister, is proposing to the Cabinet tomorrow and will finally present before the National Assembly in the form of a bill possibly on Friday for financial and economic rehabilitation of France.

The measures are intended to consolidate the Franc and solve difficulties in meeting treasury needs at home and purchasing essential goods from abroad.





BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Scattered Buying In Tata Steel And Dyeing Shares

BOMBAY, August 3,

The market towards the close recorded some improvement on slightly increased scattered buying in Tata Steel, Bombay Dyeing and Kohinoor shares.

Bombay, Aug. 3.

The local Share Bazar was quietly steady under restricted trading and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. There is more disposition to await details of Government measures in connection with cloth control. However the general feeling remains uncertain and neither bulls nor bears find anything in their favour.

At the opening Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 1620 and declined at Rs. 1607-8 under small selling but rallied at Rs. 1617 on short covering. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 315 and after improving at Rs. 316 quietened at Rs. 313 and steadied at Rs. 314. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1050 and after decline at Rs. 1042-8 rallied at Rs. 1050. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 314 and after improving at Rs. 315 declined at Rs. 310 and steadied at Rs. 312. Simplex shares opened at Rs. 206 and quietened at Rs. 204. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 306 and after declining at Rs. 303 steadied at Rs. 305.

Later on there was scattered buying and Tata Steel Defds were done at Rs. 1625 and Ordinary at Rs. 314-8 Dyeings were placed at Rs. 1060. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 25-12 and Bengal Steels came in business at Rs. 21-6. Central India shares were placed at Rs. 283-12 while Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 306-14. Tata Powers were done at Rs. 1630 and Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 167-8. Bellapurs were done at Rs. 289 and Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 420. Scindia shares were steady at Rs. 26-8 and Central Bank shares were quoted at Rs. 90. New Indias were placed at Rs. 62-8

The market will remain closed tomorrow being a Parsi Holiday.

FORWARD SECTION

	Rs.	a.
COTTON MILLS		
Bombay Dyeing (12-8 17-8)	1060	0
Kohinoor Mills (6-12)	314	8
Swadeshi Mills (22) X. R.	305	0
Central Indian Mills (4)	284	0
Simplex Mills	205	8
New Great Eastern (10)	160	0
Gokak Mills (9 plus 3)	308	0
Indore Malwa (21)	515	0
Century Spinning (15)	517	8
Colaba Land and Mill (12)	175	0
Indian Bleaching (6)	185	0
Swan Mills (20)	355	0
Finlay Mills (15)	317	0
Morarji Goculdas (5)	520	0
Edward Sassoon (30)	525	0
Meyer Mills (12)	151	4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3	6
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	13	7
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	2	5
Madhusudan Mills (15)	241	4
Podar (S)	173	12
Khatau Makanjee (8)	265	0
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	315	8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-14-1)	1622	8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7 1/2)	139	0
CEMENTS		
Associated Cement (5)	167	0
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8)	421	4
Belapur Sugar (12) X. R.	288	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	35	8
Scindia Steam (1-4)	26	13
Premier Construction	197	0
Tata Chemicals	15	14
Tata Oil (2)	55	0
Indian Iron (0-6)	25	13
Bengal Steel (0-8)	21	8
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Hydro (4-8)	163	0
Andhra Valley (45)	1525	0
Tata Power (50)	1637	8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone Mills (5) X.D.	79	8
Phoenix Mills (50)	446	4
Indian Manufacturing	4260	
Koorla Mills (5) X.R.	148	12
Dawn Mills (40)	1545	
David Mills (6)	191	4
New City Mills (10)	210	8
Minerva Mills (12)	188	12
Bradbury Mills	680	
Bharucha Dfd. (0-4)	5	3
Bharat Mills (2)	39	8
Mysore Spg. Mills	185	0
Madhovji Dharamsi (0-12)	15	
Model Mills (12-8)	183	12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	727	8
Vishnu Cotton (8)	290	
Western India (40)	4010	
Standard Mills (15)	580	
Sholapur Mills (200)	4520	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0/8)	12	8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4185	0
Tata Mills (3)	71	8
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	275	
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	
Sassoon Silk (3)	85	
New Union Mills (0-8)	12	4
Madhusudan B (2/8)	47	
Shrinivas Mills (5)	195	0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	126	4
Berar Mills	265	
Victoria Mills	225	0
Colaba Land Coupon	43	0
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Ahmedabad Electric (3-8)	115	0
Surat Electricity (2-8)	153	12
Karachi Electric Supply (2)	137	8
Broach Elec. Supply (0-5)	10	8
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	13
Amalgamated (0-12)	13	4
Nagpur Electricity (1/12)	53	4
Poona Electric Supply (5)	155	0
Bombay Suburban Old (3)	151	4
Bombay Suburban New (2) XD	147	8
BANK SHARES		
Reserve Bank (2-12) XD	111	12
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	2047	8
Imperial Bank P.P. (8-12)	511	4
Central Bank Old (1-8)	90	8
Central Bank New (1-8)	91	8
Bank of India (4)	208	0
Union Bank of India	9	13
Bank of Baroda (3-8)	165	0
Habib Bank (4)	163	
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1/8)	52	
United Commercial (1-8)	61	0
Jaipur Bank (1/6)	48	
Hindustan Commercial	28	
Mysore Bank (8)	365	
Exchange Bank of I & A. (1/8)	38	
Eastern Bank (0/14/6)	105	
Bank of India Coupon	38	8
INSURANCE SHARES		
Oriental Life (125)	5075	
Empire of India (10)	700	
New India Assurance (1-8)	65	12
Jupiter General (1/4)	25	
Vulcan Insurance (0/10)	13	8
Indian Mercantile (2)	44	0
Universal Fire (0/4)	11	
British India General (/12)	24	
Industrial and Prudential	29	8
Neptune Assurance	7	
New Great	25	
All India General	21	
RAILWAY SHARES		
Central Provinces (1/4)	109	0
Mymensingh Rebate (2)	103	
Mymensingh Guaranteed (1/4)	103	12
Pachora-Jamner Rly. (2/8)	107	0 6

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Alcock Ashdown (15)	312	8
Bombay Steamer (28)	617	8
Bombay Burma News (5)	150	0
British Burma Petrol	2	3
Mackenzie (6)	90	0
Port Canning (6)	79	0
Kemp and Co. (New)	462	8
Kemp and Co. (30)	475	
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150	0 0
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	99	8
Western India Match (7-5)	300	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	41	0
Mukund Iron	10	0
Dena Trust (0/12)	21	0
Alembic Chemical (15)	XR 202	8
Supreme India	123	12
Jam Wire (6)	73	0
Bombay Uganda	69	
Bombay Motor Cycle	42	0
Walchand Nagar Industries	231	4
United Motor	74	0
Associated Cement New (1-4)	107	8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	910	
Hydary Construction	18	14
Mahmadi Steam	94	8
Gujarat Motor	25	2
Sardar Carbonic	750	
Harvey Press	310	
Estrela Batteries	51	8
Prince of Wales Press	610	0
Manmad Press	120	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192	8
Andhra Valley (7)	1260	0
Tata Power (7/8)	1395	0
Hydro Electric (7)	135	8
Bombay Steamer (6)	307	8
Central India (5)	650	0
Swadeshi Mills	146	4
Vishnu Mills (7)	640	0
Lakshmi Mills	280	0
New Great Mills (5/8)	222	8
Poddar Mills (4)	105	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	113	2
Bradbury Mills (7/8)	370	0
Surat Electricity (3/4)	131	4
Premier Construction 1st (6½)	124	8
Premier Construction 2nd (6/4)	122	8
Amalgamated (5/8)	123	2
Habib	72	0
Tata Chemical (5)	135	0
Walchand Nagar Indus. (7)	250	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Supreme	120	0
Meyer	121	4
Mackenzie 1st	127	8
Mackenzie 2nd	125	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mills	50	0
Standard Mills	101	0
Madhusudan Mills	12	0
Khatau Mill	105	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952 (4)	102	12
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4/8)	104	8
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	111	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchand Nagar (6)	117	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Indian Copper (2-7)	2	8
British India Corporation (0-10)	8	0
Burma Corporation	3	2
New Victoria Mill	3	12
New Victoria Mill (Pref.)	128	0
Phalton Sugar (8)	325	0
Gold Mohur (20)	375	0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	225	0
Sajjan Mills (3)	195	0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	205	0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	11	4
Air Service	16	10
Ambica Air Lines	147	8
Air India	6	1
Hind Motor	11	2
Indian Steam		

GOVERNMENT LOANS

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98	14
2 1/4 per cent 1950	101	1
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	6
2 3/4 per cent 1960	100	8
2 3/4 per cent 1962	100	2
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98	14
3 per cent Non-Terminable	99	0
3 per cent 1936 Con.	99	3
3 per cent 1949-52	101	6
3 per cent 1951-54	102	12
3 per cent 1953-56	102	13
3 per cent 1957	102	11
3 per cent 1950-61	102	5
3 per cent 1963-65	101	5
3 per cent 1966-75	101	10
3 per cent 1970-75	100	8
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	105	6
4 per cent 1948-53	101	6
4 per cent 1960-70	110	13
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104	8
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112	6
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	116	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS		
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	98	8
2 3/4 per cent U. P. 1961	98	12
3 per cent Punjab 1952	98	12
3 per cent Bombay 1955	101	4
3 per cent Bombay 1958	101	4
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	10
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	10
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	10
3 per cent N. W. F. 1952	99	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	100	4
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D	111	0
5 per cent Bom. Muni 1959	114	0
6 per cent Bom. Muni 1954	116	0
3-1/4 per cent Municipality 1977	101	10
K. P. T.	112	0

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Aug. 3.

The Bullion market was fairly steady with increased professional activity in Silver while Gold remains quiet with moderate selling pressure. The Silver market is dominated by bull operators who weighed over large quantities at the last settlement and they forced transfer at a discount of Rs. 2-8. Thus they are lowering their average price as the market is not in a position to absorb if present holdings are pressed for sale. Thus the professionals are not likely to relax their control and by selling option rights, comfortably they hold the key position.

Forward Silver opened to-day at Rs. 175-12 and improved at Rs. 176 under moderate buying but declined on renewed selling and steadied at Rs. 175-8. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 176-4. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 112-4 and declined at Rs. 111-13 on moderate offerings. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 112-9 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74-12. Final quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	176	8	0
Forward Silver	175	11	0
Ready Gold	113	1	0
Forward Gold	112	5	0
Sovereigns	74	10	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 2.

B. C. Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B. C. Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 90 and d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th month
New York Montreal B O Rate T T Rs. 332- 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs 320
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs. 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329
Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 6400
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds 79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 156-1/4
Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4
New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43
London Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4
London Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Cross Rate Tel 40
London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Cross Rate Kr 19.32-36
London Hongkong Cross Rate 1/3 1/16
London Iran Cross Rate Rl 128-130
London Java Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbon Cross Rate Es 99.80-100.20
London Manila Cross Rate Pes 8.09-8.14
London Montreal Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London Oslo Cross Rate Kr 19.98-20.02
London Paris Cross Rate Fcs 863.40-864.60
London Prague Cross Rate K 201-202
London Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 7/8-2/4 1/16
London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50
London Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 17.34—36
London Syria Cross Rate 880/5
London Disets. 3 Mos. 9/16 p.c.
London Disets. 6 Mos. 5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 1/2 p.c. 3 Mos. 3/4 pc. 6 Mos 1 p.c. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 pc.
Tone:—Easy.

BOMBAY COTTON

Protest Against Proposed Control

Bombay, Aug. 3.

There is a strong feeling against the proposed control over raw cotton and it is understood that the Board of Directors are meeting this afternoon to record its protest against contemplated measures.

So far no details are available but it is generally felt that prices would be fixed. Before decontrol we have had such floor and ceiling prices but they were based without any consideration of the cost of production. However if the Government in their ant-inflation drive fix prices, they must take into consideration, the cost of production, supply and demand and parity with other agricultural prices. Unless these factors are taken into consideration, cotton growers will have to suffer much as raw cotton prices in foreign countries are much higher than those ruling here.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 582 for September delivery and declined at Rs. 576 on long liquidation. Thereafter there was scattered short covering and the market steadied at Rs. 580.

Later on the market ruled steady ember advanced at Rs. 584.

The market reacted at Rs. 579/- but firmed up at Rs. 588/- on renewed support and closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I. C. C. September	586	8	0

FLUCTUATIONS ON SEPTEMBER

Opening Rs. 583, 582, 585/8, 578, 584. 579, 587, 582, 587/8; Close 586/8. Afterwards Rs. 584.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, August 3.

Tata Ordinary 315/8; Tata Deferred 1622/8; Indian Iron 25/13; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21/8; Bombay Dyeing 1060; Central India 283/12; Gokak 308/12; Kohinoor 314/6; Simplex 205/8; Swadeshi 305 X. D., Tata Power 1637/8; Associated Cement 167/8; Belapur 188/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 421/4; Scindia 26/13; Central Bank 90/8; New India 65/12; Tata 2nd Pref. 138/12.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.

September	2.22-1/8
December	2.25-1/8
May	2.19-7/8
July	2.07-1/2 asked

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Aug. 3.

The Produce market was quietly steady with restricted business. There was no important change in prices and traders are inclined to await developments in Castorseeds where a state of emergency is declared. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS:—			
Khandesh quality	Rs. 34	4	0
Coromandel ready	33	12	0
Bold	33	0	0
CASTORSEEDS:—			
Ready	30	8	0
September	156	0	0
LINSEEDS:—			
Ready	28	3	0
September	28	3	0
OILS:—			
Groundnut ready	20	4	0
Groundnut August	19	11	0
Groundnut September	19	7	0
Groundnut October	19	0	0
Groundnut November	18	1	0
Linseed Oil	18	6	0
Castorseed First Pressing	18	8	0
Castorseed Commercial quality	16	8	0

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, August 2 (UPA) : On the New York market today, black pepper futures closed inactive and nominally unchanged. The spot market also ruled dull and featureless. Buyers attempted to gain price concessions and found sellers reserved.

Despite the tight supply situation here and abroad plus the approach of heavy consuming period for canning and preserving operations, trade quarters were still fearful of consumer resistance.

Closing prices included:

September	66 cents,
October	65 cents,
December	64 cents,
January	59 cents,
March	56 cents,
May	55 cents,
July	54 cents, all nom.

In the ready market, black pepper was quoted at 70 cents nominal and white pepper at 75 cents.

Other seed prices included:

Castorseeds	dol. 135 nom per long ton fob Brazilian ports:
Cottonseeds	dol. 110 nom per ton, basis Memphis, depending on quality;
Flaxseeds	dol. 6.10 per bushel, Minneapolis;
Linseed oil	27.8 cents per pound in tank cars;
Peanuts	18.50-.75 cents per pound fob point of shipment;
Groundnut oil	27 cents per pound, traded.

Spot House Selling And Hedging In New York Cotton

WALL STREET TRADERS CAUTIOUS WITH LIGHT ACTIVITY

NEW YORK, August 2

COTTON: The opening losses reflected failure of the mid-July parity prices to show anticipated advances. Activity expanded somewhat with sellers more pressing and further declines resulted from the accumulation of weekend liquidation and spot-house selling. The latter are presumably hedge placements. Buyers are still indifferent owing to continued favourable crop and weather news, large crop prospects, slowness of exports and uncertainty over the outcome of the anti-inflationary proposals. The new loan rate of 30.74 cents pound failed to stimulate any support because it was already calculated by the trade from the parity index. Losses ranging nearly 30 points were shown at noon. Prices continued to drift though business slackened. Rallies were feeble owing to persistent dribble of hedges. Good crop news and lack of bullish incentives still cautioned buyers but sellers were less pressing because of talk of the possibility of large entries to the official loan or farmers joining a holding movement to bring about higher prices. The session closed steady. Sales are estimated at 125,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.

October	31.75—32
December	31.76—27
March	31.76—26
May	31.62—26
July	31.27—16
Middling Spot	33.05—45

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.

October	31.69—39
December	31.72—29
March	31.74—26
May	31.62—26
Middling Spot	31.90—40

WALLSTREET MARKET

STOCKS: Traders were cautious with activity extremely light and movements indecisive and irregular. Selective rails, steels, oils, motors and chemicals, however, managed to score gains of fractions to more than one point early which was largely described as technical after last week's declines but towards noon prices failed to retain recovery. The averages were industrials 182.02 and rails 60.15 The majority of issues drifted irregularly in listless dealings pending further developments both at nome and abroad meanwhile some technicians believe that the break of nearly five points in the industrial averages last week has left the market in an oversold condition and at least a technical rally will result. Others, however, continue to believe that the list will remain subject is adjourned and the Berlin situation has taken a definite turn for the better. Mild selling depressed rally with the group closing at the day's lows and losses mostly fractional. Elsewhere mixed tendencies prevailed. The market closed irregular.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO GRAINS were weak featured by maize among all deliveries reached new lows for the season owing to continued favourable crop and weather news, large marketings during the weekend and slow commercial demand. Occasional rallies on commission house support and local covering attracted increased offerings.

NEK YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.

American Telephone and Telegraph	153-5/8
Amerex Holding Co.	26-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	36-1/4
Chase National Bank	34-1/4
Sinclair Oil	26-3/4
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	40-5/8
General Electric Co.	38-1/4
General Motors	62-7/8
Ingersoll Rand New Stock	70-1/4
International Nickel	31-1/8
National City Bank of New York	37-3/8
New York Central Railroad Co.	16-3/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	19-3/4
Texas Corporation	59-1/4
Union Carbide New Stock	39-3/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	48-1/4
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	17-304
Western Union Telegraph	21

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.

U. S. price of foreign silver 74-5/8 cents

MUSLIMS IN DISGUISE OF MARWARIS ARRESTED

JUBBULPORE, August 3, (I.P.A.): It is reported that 13 Muslims who were in disguise of Marwaris were arrested at Damoh. They had also five ladies with them to co-operate in espionage work for the Nizam. Similarly an Agent of the Burma Shell Co. and G.I.P. Railway Contractor who had come to Damoh was also arrested on the alleged charge of having close relations with the above party.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advancee 277-8.
Apollo 2-7, 2-6.
B. Dyeing 1055, 57-8, 51-4, 55, 42-8, 52-8, 50, 60
C. India 285, 83-8, 84, 82-8, 85, 84
„ Pref. 650.
Century 512-8, 18-12, 17-8, 20, 17-8
Finlay 313, 11
Gokak 308, 6, 8
I. U. Defd 2-6-6, 2-5
„ Ord 13-7-6, 13-6, 13-8
Indore 515, 17-8, 13-12, 15
Khatau 265
Kchinoor 315, 12, 13, 9, 14-8
Laxmi 727-8 (2-8-48)
Model 182-8, 83-12
Mysore 185
New City 208-12, 10
New Great 160, 49,60
Podar 173-12 (2-8-48)
Sasoon Cotton 12-8 (2-8-48)
Simplex 205-8, 4, 5, 3, 5-8
Swadeshi 307, 2, 6, 5
Vishnu 290

BANKS

Baroda 165
Central 90-8, 91, 90-8
Habib 163
Imperial old 2052-8, 47-8
„ New 512-8, 11-4
India 207-8, 8
Reserve 112, 11-12, 12, 11-12
Union 9-9 (2-8-48)
U. Commercial 61-12, 61.

ELECTRIC:

Ahmedabad 115 15-10 15.
Ajmer 10-12 10-13.
Andhravalley 1525.
B. Suburban 147-8 (Ex Div).
Surat 155 53-12
Hydro 163 (2-8-48)
Hydro Pref. 135
Power 1630 50 30 37-8
Power Pref. 1395 (2-8-48)

INSURANCE

I. Mercantile 44 (2-8-48)
New India 65-12 (2-8-48)

STEAMER

B. Steam 620 17-8
Scindia 26-8 26-10 26-6 26-13

STEEL

B. Steel 21 21-2 21 21-8
I. Iron 25-11 25-12 25-9 25-11 25-10 25-13
Tata Dfd 1620 22-8 15 17-8 6-4 25 22-8
Tata Ord 315 15-8 14 14-8 12-8 15-8
Tata 1st Pref. 192-8 (2-8-48)
Tata 2nd Pref 138-12 39

MISCELLANEOUS:

Alcock 311-4 12-8
A.C.C. Old 167 66-4 67
A.C.C. New 107-8 8 7-8
Belapur 290 87 88
B. B. Old 422-8 23-12 18-12 21-4
B. B. New 150
B. B. Petrol 2-2-6 2-1-3 2-3
Dharamsey 41
I Bleaching 185
I. I. Trust 99-8 (2-8-48)
Port Canning 79
P. Const. 197 98 96 97
P. Const. 1st Pref. 124 24-8
Tata Chem. 15-14 15-15 15-14
Tata Oil 54-4 55
Wimco 301-4 2-8 300

SPECIAL.

Central Bank New 91-8
Colaba Coupon 43
India Bank Coupon 37-8 38-8

Skipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

S.S. AMBRA

From Piyeka:—1600 bales cotton.
From Alexandria:—953 bales cotton.
From Port Sudan:—2895 bags dom nuts, 1806 bags gum talka, 310 bags gum hashats.

S.S. BRITISH GOVERNOR

From Abadan:—4990 tons light disel oil, 3337 tons furnace oil.

M. V. MACUBA

From Samboc:—11623.05 tons motor spirit.

M. V. ETREMA

From Abadan:—295 tons kerosene oil, 4616 tons spirit, 2693 tons diesel oil.

S.S. ZOTICO

From Abadan:—7635 tons furnace oil.

S.S. BRITISH CHANCELOR

From Abadan:—10363 tons fur.

S.S. BRITISH SOLDIER

From Abadan:—7648 tons furnace oil.

S.S. BRITISH LORD

From Abadan:—8845 tons diesel oil.

S.S. BRITISH PROMISE

From Abadan:—4014 tons light diesel oil, 8017 tons furnace oil

S.S. MENSE ARGONNE

From Behrein:—
5745, 594 tons motor spirit, 89,999.973 tons kerosene illuminant, 1071.151 tons light speed diesel oil.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S.S. JAL AZAD

To London:—
122 drums magnesium chloride—The Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd.
68 drums magnesium Chloride—The Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd.

S.S. ARENDSKERK

To Sydney:—
45 bales cotton piecegood—The India United Mills Ltd.
14 bales cotton piecegood—The Asian Trading Corp.
25 bales cotton piecegood—The Madhusudan Mills Ltd.
275 bales cotton waste—Sapt Textile Products (Ind.) Ltd.

To Melbourne:—
131 bales cotton waste—Sapt Textile Products (Ind.) Ltd.

S.S. MOZAFFARI

To Jeddah:—
30 cases aluminium wares—Jeewanlal (1929) Ltd.
6 cases aluminium wares—Natwarlal and Co.

S.S. BHARAT MATA

To Karachi:—
47 bdls. copper pots and 35 bdls aluminium pots—Bharat Aluminium Store.
52 crates sanitary Earthenware—N. Morarji and Co.
19 cases cotton hosiery—S. Chandrakant and Co.

S.S. PURNEA

To Singapore:—
50 bdls Corriander seed, 25 bdls fenel seed and 5 bdls Jaggery—Mangaldas and Co.

S.S. SARANJAN

To Penang:—10 drums castor oil—M. A. Moolla and Co.

S.S. MAUX MARINE

To New York:—240 bags black pepper—Gandhi Bros.

S.S. MOUNT ROGERS

To New York:— 28 pkgs ornamental brass ware—Sarna Bros.

S.S. TRANQUEBAR

To Port Swettanham:—20 bales cotton waste—JANI and Co.
To Penang:—12 bales cotton waste—Pandya and Co.

S.S. FLYING CLOUD

To Hong Kong:—600 bales cotton waste—Sapt. Textile Prod. and Ind. Ltd.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"WAVE EMPEROR" arrived from Glasgow on August 2 with 10,232 tons of oil fuel. (Anglo-Iranian Oil).
"S.S. OOSTCAPELLE" arrived from Cochin on August 2 with 450 tons of cargo (Merchant S.N.C.)
"CITY OF DUNDEE" arrived from Birkenhead with 4,234 tons of cargo on August 3 (Killick)
"ROSE BANK" arrived from Bhavnagar on August 3 with 2764 tons of general cargo (Eastern Steam Nav.)
"S.S. MOZAFFARI" arrived from Karachi on August 3 with 469 passengers and 701 tons of cargo (M.M.)

DEPARTURES

"S.S. KHANDALA" sailed for Dares-Salam on August 2 with 433 passengers and 843 tons of general cargo.
"CITY OF DINKERK" sailed for Karachi on August 2 with 4,000 tons of cargo.
MAUX MARINE" sailed for Philadelphia on August 2 with 1,100 tons of cargo.

Calcutta Share Bazar

CALCUTTA, August 3.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today continued better round all sections and a fairly large business was put through. The following are today's final transaction up to 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 p c Loan 1986 99-3/6, 3 p c Loan 51 54 102 10, 3 p c Loan 1953/55 102/12, 3 p c Loan 59/61 102/2 S. L, 3 p c Loan 70/75 100/8.

BANKS: Calcutta National 15/8, Hind Bank 38, Reserve Bank 109, U. C. Bank 61/8.

COTTONS: Bowreh 525 S. L., Cawnpore Textiles 11/13, Dunbar 290, Muir Mills 312 New Victoria Ordy. 3/15, Ditto Pref. 5/4.

COALS: Bengal 446, Bhalgora 9/14, Bharat Colliery 7/1, Burrakur 20, Central India 6/13, Dhemo Main 12/14, South Karapura 23, Ranegunge 15/13, West Jamuria 29/8.

JUTES: Barnagore 276, Belvedere 302, Chitavalash 24/4, Howrah 30 4, India 187, Kamarhatty 335, Mudden 85, Presidency 8 14.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 9/2, Indian Iron and Steel 26/12, Jessop and Co. 17/12, Kumardhubi Eng. 9/4, Sarann Eng. 9/12 Ex Rights, Steel Corpn. 21/6, Textile Machinery 7.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corpn. 3/4, Consolidated Tin 1/9, Indian Copper 2/9, Dalmia Cement 8/4 S. L., Sone Valley 8/3, Bhagalpore Electric 8/8, Ruby General Insurance 9, Angelo Brothers 21/8, B. I. C. 8/1, F. and C. Osler 10/2, Indian National Airways 7/1, Jardine Henderson 164, Martin Burn 14/10, Titaghur Paper 30/14 S. L., Midnapore Zemindary 86, Assam Saw 6/6, India General Navgn 106, India Steamship 11/6.

SUGARS: Bairampore 10/4, Buland 18 2, Carew and Co. 10/3, Base 17 4.

TEAS: Batell 12/12, East India 19/6, Carron 284 CT., Jutilbari 19/4, Namburnadi 9/4.

OIL INDUSTRY NET PROFITS IN U.S.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2 (UPA) : Net profits of the oil industry for the half of 1948 will top dol 1,000,000,000, the highest half year earnings in the history of the industry and approximately 82 per cent higher than in the first half of last year.

The Texas Oil Co., whose earnings in the first half of 1947 were second only to those of the Standard Oil of New Jersey, earned a net profit of 130,831,807 dollars in the opening six months of 1947 but have not yet reported the 1948 half year income.

If the rate of improvement shown by 27 reporting companies carries through to the other seven, their net income for the half year will approximate 238,112,000 dollars.

The percentage of improvements ranged all the way from 206 per cent for the Superior Oil Company of California to 28 per cent for the Deep Rock Oil Corporation

Eleven of the 27 reporting firms more than doubled their earnings of 1947 half year while 15 showed improvements of 90 per cent for more.

The Standard Oil Co., of New Jersey, the largest industrial organization in the country, maintained its position of pre-eminence in the opening half topping not only all oil companies in its earnings but every other industrial organization as well. Jersey Standard, whose half year figure is always an estimate, said its net for the opening six months of this year would approximate 210,000,000 dollars, a gain of 50 per cent over 140,000,000 reported for the opening half of last year. The estimated earnings for 1948 half year is equivalent to 7-1

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

BHOPATKAR'S CERTIFICATE TO BADGE'S CHARACTER

Chief Prosecution Counsel's Plea For Taking Legal Cognizance Of Same

COURT RESERVES ORDERS: FILM STAR & HOTEL MANAGERS GIVE EVIDENCE IN GODSE TRIAL

(THROUGH A.P.I. & U.P.I.).

NEW DELHI, August 3: The certificate of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, chief defence counsel, given to the approver Digambar Ramchandra Badge, for which the Chief Prosecution Counsel moved an application to take legal cognizance of the same, states that "Badge is a social and sincere worker and deserves encouragement in his activities for the welfare of the society, needless to say. Mr. Badge bears a good moral character."

This certificate was given to Badge on September 15, 1947, when he applied for a license to run a shop dealing in fire-arms.

Daphtari's Application

Mr. C. K. Daphtari, Chief Prosecution Counsel, submitted an application today stating:

"In the course of the cross-examination of the approver witness Digambar Badge, questions were asked of the said witness impugning the character of the said witness. Questions were also asked in cross-examination as to whether the witness had a licence for dealing in arms and ammunition or whether he had ever applied for the same. The witness answered 'inter alia' that he had no such licence but that he had applied for one and the witness further had stated that his application was supported by various questions of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar. This statement was not recorded in the notes of evidence.

In the course of the re-examination, questions were put on behalf of the prosecution relating to the application made by the witness so as to get it produced along with the original testimonials including the testimonial of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar. It was urged that the re-examination was on admissible materials and facts and 'inter alia' to clear the questions asked in cross-examination and also to rehabilitate the character of the witness which had been impugned by the Defence.

The questions were, however, disallowed and the application and testimonials not permitted to be exhibited.

This application is made to place the said facts on record. Copies of the application and testimonials which were sought to be exhibited are hereto annexed and marked 'A' collectively.

It is most respectfully submitted that the rejection of the said questions and of the exhibits were incorrect in Law."

The Court reserved its order on the application to a later date.

Proceedings In Detail

A film actress of Poona Miss Shanta Bhaskar Modak, told the special court hearing the Mahatma Gandhi murder case here to-day that while travelling by the Poona Express on January 14, 1948 to Bombay, she had met accused Nathuram Godse and Apte in the train and that on alighting at Dadar station she and her brother had dropped Godse and Apte in her brother's jeep at Savarkar Sadan—at the request of Godse and Apte.

Twenty-six-year old Miss Modak, whose screen name is "Bimba" gave here evidence in Marathi.

She said that she resided at the Deccan Gymkhana, Poona. Except when required for her work, which was mostly in Bombay, she ordinarily stayed in Poona. One of her brothers, Trimbak, lived at Shivaji Park, Bombay.

On January 14 she went to Bombay in connection with her work. She travelled by the Poona Express which left Poona station at about 3-20 p.m. She had purchased a second class ticket. She entered a compartment and was searching for a seat near a window, when she was asked by a passenger as to what she wanted. She told him that she was searching for a seat near the window. The passenger got up and told her that if she had no objection, she could occupy his seat near the window. She occupied the seat vacated by him and he sat on the bench opposite to her. Every bench had two seats. When the train was about to start another passenger came and sat near the man who had offered her the seat. It appeared to her that the two persons were acquainted with each other.

She pointed to Narayan D. Apte as the person who had offered her his seat and Nathuram V. Godse as the person who had occupied the seat next to him.

CASUAL TALKS WHILE TRAVELLING.

The person who had offered her his seat asked her whether she was not "Bimba" (her screen name). She said, "yes". At intervals there was casual conversation between her and Apte. The two passengers also talked among themselves. During her conversation, she had told Apte that she was going to get down at Dadar. When the train reached Dadar station, Apte asked her as to which particular place in Dadar she was going to. She told him that she was going to Shivaji Park. He said that in case she was going alone, he would take her there. She gathered from the talk between the two passengers that they were proceeding to Savarkar Sadan in Shivaji Park.

She told Apte that most probably her brother would come to the station to meet her but if her brother failed to come, then she would accompany them.

At about 7 p.m. the train reached Dadar and they all got down. Her brother had arrived at the station in a jeep car. She then told the two passengers she had met that she could drop them in the Jeep. They accepted the offer and all four of them got into the Jeep.

While in the Jeep, her brother told her that he was thinking of selling his jeep. The two passengers then said that they would be able to purchase the jeep. They added however that for the next few days they would not be in Bombay, Poona or near about and that on their return they would think over the matter.

IDENTIFICATION PARADE IN BOMBAY.

Her brother's house and "Savarkar Sadan" were in the same road and on the same side of it. There was an open plot between the two houses. If one came from the Dadar station and entered the road her brother's house was reached first.

Miss Modak said that, coming from the station the jeep passed her brother's house and stopped at "Savarkar Sadan". The two persons alighted. The jeep then went ahead as the building was on the right side of the road, to get back to her brother's house. She saw the two persons heading towards "Savarkar Sadan".

Miss. Modak had identified the two persons at an identification parade at Bombay.

Cross-examined by Mr. V. V. Oak, counsel for Nathuram Godse, Miss Modak said that she did not see the two persons actually entering "Savarkar Sadan".

Cross-examined by Mr. Dange, counsel for accused Karkare, witness said she was a graduate of the Bombay University. She did not maintain a diary. One of the two persons had told her that they were doing propaganda work in villages.

Mr. Dange: Did you take them seriously when they said they wanted to purchase a jeep.

Mr. Daphtary: What the two persons said was that they might think of purchasing the jeep.

Miss. Modak: I did not take them seriously.

Re-examining the witness, Mr. Daphtari asked: Was your statement taken by the police before it was recorded by the magistrate?

Witness: Yes.

"NOT A GOT UP STORY"

Mr. Daphtari: You said in reply to a question by Mr. Bhopatkar that you did not state before the magistrate that these two gentlemen had told you that they were not going to be in Bombay, Poona or near about for the next few days and that they would see to the matter etc. Is it correct to say that Mr. Bhopatkar suggested that this portion is a got up story?

Witness: No.

Mr. Daphtari: How was it that you did not make such a statement before the magistrate?

Witness: I only stated before the police or the magistrate what I thought important. Moreover no question was put to me with regard to the conversation I had with them or with regard to anything.

Replying to the cross-examination of Mr. Mengle the witness stated that on February 12 when she gave her statement, she did not send any message, telephonic or any other kind, to any high official of the Government alleging that she was being coerced to make a statement.

In reply to the cross-examination of Mr. Inamdar, Counsel for Gopal Godse and Dr. Parchure, witness said that to give her statement she went to the police headquarters near the Crawford Market. She was also taken to the C.I.D. headquarters opposite the Crawford Market. She did not see any accused there, nor was she shown any of them.

HOTEL PARTNER'S EVIDENCE

The next Prosecution witness Kashmiri Lal, a partner of the Hotel Elphinstone Annexe, Bombay, stated in the Examination-in-Chief that there was also another Hotel known as Elphinstone Hotel situated at Hornby Road, Bombay. In January 1948, Mr. B. N. Mukherjee was the Manager of this Hotel. He had also one servant called Govind Vishwanath Malekar. The witness maintained a visitor's register in the hotel. During the month of January, 1948, two passengers arrived in the Hotel. The witness was present in his office in the Hotel when the passengers arrived and entries were made in the register. The witness himself attended to the passengers and assigned them Room No. 6 having two beds. The entries in the register, the witness added, were made by one of the two passengers. The witness himself filled up the date and time of their arrival in the register. The passengers paid him a sum of Rs. 10 in advance for which a receipt was handed over to them.

The witness next deposed that on the evening of January 16 1948, one of the two passengers had talks with him at about 8 p.m. The passengers had told him that they would be leaving his hotel early morning on 27-1-1948 and that the servant should be instructed to supply them tea early morning.

The Witness then pointed towards Narayan V. Apte and said that he was one of the two passengers who had stayed in his hotel.

Next morning (27-1-1948) the Witness came to his office at about 8-30 a.m. and was told that the two passengers had left in the morning. The entry of their departure was made in the register by his Manager, Mr. B. N. Mukherjee.

Mr. Daphtari continuing his examination asked—Did you see these passengers who were staying in room No. 5 of your hotel on February 5?

Witness: I saw them standing at the gallery of my hotel at about 1 p.m. Earlier, I had received a message from Elphinstone Hotel that certain police officers from Delhi who were staying there, made enquiries about two passengers who stayed in my hotel in room No. 6 on January 24. To find out who these persons were, I got hold of my hotel register and was looking into it. Govind also was then standing nearby along with some other persons. Govind also knew about the message. He told me that one of the persons who were standing at the gallery looked like one who had stayed in room No. 6 on January 24.

"I then went to the Elphinstone Hotel with my register. From there I was taken to the Bombay C.I.D. office. The police then came back with me to the hotel and took away the register. On enquiry, I found out then that those two passengers had already left.

APTE IDENTIFIED

The witness then identified Narayan D. Apte as one of the persons who were standing at the gallery of his hotel. He also went to the identification parade held at Bombay and there he identified Apte. He did not see him identification parade.

anywhere except in his hotel and at

None of the defence counsel cross-examined the witness.

WASHERMAN'S EVIDENCE

The next prosecution witness of the day was Narsingh Durgaji Bhagaji, a washerman aged 38, who is the proprietor of the Bombay. Laundry at Poona.

Replying to Mr. C. K. Daphtari, the Chief Prosecution Counsel, the witness said that he had been carrying on his business for the last 17 or 18 years. He knew one Mr. Nathuram Vinayak Godse.

The witness next identified Nathuram Godse as one of his customers.

Daphtari—Do you put your marks on or initials on different clothes in order to distinguish the clothes?

Witness—Yes, I put initials of the customers to distinguish the clothes.

Four white shirts and a few other clothes belonging to Nathuram Godse which were recovered partly from the waiting room of the Delhi Railway Station and the Marina Hotel, were then exhibited before the court. The witness said that the four shirts bore the initials N. V. G. which were put on by him in indelible ink. The witness stated that those shirts belonged to Nathuram Godse.

Cross-examined by Mr. V. V. Oak, counsel for Nathuram Godse, the witness stated that he did not remember if Nathuram Godse personally came to his shop to give the clothes for washing, but he remembered that Nathuram Godse used to send his clothes through some other person. It was true that the witness used to get clothes from many other persons except from Nathuram V. Godse.

"MAY BE N. V. GADGIL"!

Mr. Oak then said that one of the four shirts exhibited bore several initials. The witness said that those initials were scored off.

Mr. Oak—It may be that one of your customers may be N. V. Gadgil from Shanivar Peth and that his clothes might have been brought to you by somebody.

Witness—No it is not true.

Mr. Oak—Gadgil's servant might have brought these clothes to you?

Witness—It is not a fact that these clothes might have been brought by a servant of one Mr. N. V. Gadgil.

Court—Do you refer to our Gadgil (laughter). Does he bear the same initials?

The court then rose for lunch.

HOTEL MANAGER'S EVIDENCE

Gaya Prasad Dube, Manager of Arya Pathika Ashram, the next prosecution witness, stated in the examination-in-chief that he knew N. D. Apte since last one year-and-a-half. Apte was known to the witness as Narayan Dattatraya, N. D. Apte and D. Narayan. He used to come to the Hotel or the witness and used to occupy one full room. The witness then identified Narayan D. Apte in the accused dock as the person whom he was referring to. He maintained a register in his hotel where in the name of D. Narayan was entered for his stay on January 23. Entries were made in his own handwriting, he added: On January 23. D. Narayan came to his hotel along with another man and asked for one full room. Room containing eight beds.

Daphtari—Why the entry was not signed?

MIDNIGHT TALKS

Witness—D. Narayan told me that he was going out and he would sign it later. D. Narayan and his friend then went out and came back at about 1 a.m. t saw light in their room at about 2-30 a.m. and went to ask them to switch it off. D. Narayan and his friend said that they would switch off the light after they had finished their conversation.

Witness further deposed that he saw them again next morning when he asked the friend of D. Narayan to get is name entered in the register. Then his friend started looking towards D. Narayan. D. Narayan then told the witness "He is my man and you should not worry about him. I am going to leave him at the station and on my return I will get his name entered in the Register. In the meantime, please arrange one full room for me."

The witness next stated that D. Narayan came back to his hotel all alone at about 11-30 a.m. on 24-1-1948. The witness then told him that he had reserved room No. 30 which was a special room.

Narayan then paid him a sum of Rs. 15. D Narayan the witness added, again went out saying that he would enter the name in the register after his return. After sometime D. Narayan came back with sometime D. Narayan came with a lady. Thereafter he entered his name as D. Narayan in the hotel register in his own hand.

Mr. Daphtari—Did the lady stay there for the whole night?

Witness—The lady stayed with D. Narayan throughout the day on 24-1-1948 and also throughout the night of January 24-25, 1948. She left the hotel on January 25, Narayan also left along with her.

The witness next deposed that he was present when D. Narayan and the lady left his hotel. It was still dark at that time. D. Narayan had stayed in his hotel on several occasions previously but it was first that time when he entered his name as "D. Narayan". After January 25, 1948, the witness again saw D Narayan on February 5, 1948. He came to his hotel on that date and asked for a special separate room. The witness told him that no separate room was available at that time and that he could be given one bed in a general room.

Shrimati Rameshwari Nehru, who presided over a peace conference held in Delhi's Nehru Park, snapped with Acharya Vinoba Bhave, addressing the conference.

Bhopatkar's Certificate To Approver

Mr. Daphtari—Did you have any conversation with him at that time? SWITCHED ON TO GANDHI CAP!

Witness—I then asked him why he altered his dress from English to Indian style. He used to dress for himself in English style, but that day he was dressed in the pure Indian style with a Gandi cap in his head. He told me, "such things do happen."

Mr. Daphtari—What was his general condition at that time?

Witness—He was putting dirty clothes and looked as if he had kept them on for three or four days without washing. He had no luggage with him at that time.

The witness next stated that he identified D. Narayan at an identification parade at Bombay.

Mr. Daphtari having finished his examination, no defence counsel cross-examined the witness.

HOTEL BEARER'S EVIDENCE

The next prosecution witness Govind Vishwanath Malekar, a bearer of the hotel Elphinstone Annexe, Bombay deposed in th examination-in-chief that police had made enquiries about Nathuram Godse and Apte who stayed in their hotel from January 24 onwards.

Witness also identifier Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte as the persons who stayed in the hotel.

Witness further said that during their stal there they were visited by a lady and a gentleman.

Witness identified Gopal Godse as the person who had come to see them.

TWO PASSENGER-VISITORS

The witness next pointed out towards Narayan Apte and Karkare in the dock and said that they had stayed in his hotel during February 3 and ', 1948. These persons had also previously visited his hotel. When his master Mr. Kashmiri Lal was making enquiries from him about the passenger who had stayed in hotel on January 24, 1948 the two passengers were standing in the varenda near Room Number 5. It was about 1 p.m. then. The police came to the hotel at about 2 P.M. and the two passengers left the hotel within five minutes of the arrival of the police. The witness identified all the four persons at an identification parade in Bombay.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dange, Counsel for Karkare, the witness stated that many passengers and visitors visited his hotel. The witness was looking after twenty rooms between February 3 and 5, 1948 and about 35 persons stayed in those rooms. While the witness was in Room No. 5 he did not see Kashmirilal entering the room and talking to those two passengers.

The court then adjourned till 10 A.M. on Wednesday.

REJOIN THE ARMY

Advice To Ex-Service And I. N. A. Men

NEW DELHI, August 3 (U.P.I.): An invitation to ex-servicemen including I.N.A. men to rejoin the army was accorded by Captain G. P. Malik the Area Recruiting Officer of Delhi at a press conference yesterday. He disclosed that the recruitment drive had already been started and more than 5,000 persons, mainly ex-servicemen, had been recruited.

Captain Malik said that a National Militia Battalion will be raised in every important town of India and Delhi would soon be having a militia battalion of 800 armymen mainly for internal security.

Referring to the terms of service of the ex-servicemen, the Recruiting Officer said that they would be given the same pay as they got when they left. But it might not be possible to accommodate them on the same rank. In order to utilise the services of those ex-servicemen who did not want to remain in the military for long a provision had been made to recruit them on a short-term basis for only one and a half year.

The age restriction of 32 years the Recruiting Officer said, had been laxed to 25 years in the case of re army and 40 years in the case of national militia. At present there are 4 centres for the technical training of the armymen in Delhi and one of the centres was reserved for women.

Concluding Capt. Malik invited every citizen of India between the ages 20 and 45 to apply for the temporary commission.

FURTHER HEARING OF KHUHRO'S CASE

Alleged Exploitation Of Sind Purchasing Board

KARACHI, Aug. 3 (APT): The Managing Director of the Sind Purchasing Board, Mr. I. N. Mallik, and the Additional Director of Civil Supplies, Government of Sind, Mr. J. G. Kharas, were cross-examined for about three hours by the senior defence counsel, Mr. Dialmal, with regard to Mr. Khuhro's alleged exploitation of the Sind Purchasing Board for "personal gains", at the resumed hearing of the Sind Special Court of Enquiry here today.

The District Manager of the Larkana Office of the Sind Purchasing Board, Mr. Wali Mohammed, was examined by the special counsel for the Sind Government, Mr. Parmanand Kundanmal, for about an hour today. His examination-in-chief will continue on Wednesday.

CONDOLENCE ON PUNNIAH'S DEATH

MADRAS, Aug., 2 (APT): The South Indian Journalists Association at a special meeting held to-day passed a resolution condoling the deaths of Mr. K. Punniah, former editor of "SIND OBSERVER" and Mr. E. B. Subramaniam, sub-editor, the "HINDU".

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS AND TEACHERS

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 3.

A circular has been issued to Municipal teachers not to take direct or indirect part in Municipal elections for candidates in future. Their actions against this will be considered as a breach of discipline.

This circular to Municipal teachers is a sequel to recent by-election of Municipality.

Profit Sharing On Experimental Basis

NEW DELHI, Augst 2 (UPI).—Profit-sharing on an experimental basis for a specified period of time in a selected sector of industry has been proposed, it is understood, by the committee on profit-sharing which concluded its session yesterday.

The committee's proposal will be submitted shortly. The recommendation of the committee favouring the trial of an experiment for a certain period was made with a view to enabling the Government to study the various practical problems which might emerge out of its actual working. The scheme of profit-sharing was, it was felt by the committee, absolutely new, while as for the cases in which it had been tried on a voluntary basis, their results were either yet inconclusive or inapplicable to India. Hence the emphasis on experimental which incidentally helped to iron out the natural difference existing among the various interests represented in the committee on the subject. For instance, the committee has favoured, it is learnt, profit-sharing unit-wide providing for a few exceptions by the locality.

Rajen Babu For Pilani

NEW DELHI, Aug. 2 (API): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, left this evening for Pilani in Jaipur State for rest.

S. AFRICAN PREMIER REFUSES TO SEE INDIAN DEPUTATION

Joint Meeting Of Natal & Transval Congresses Demand Unequivocal Statement Of Policy

DURBAN (SOUTH AFRICA), Aug. 3 (UPI): The New Prime Minister of the Union of South Africa, Dr. Malan, has refused to meet the Indian leaders who sought an interview with him for clarification of the policy of the new Government in respect of the disabilities under which the Indians in South Africa were suffering.

It is further learnt that although the Prime Minister referred the Indian community to the Minister of the Interior, the latter also declined to grant an interview to the Indians and to discuss the vital Indian question with them.

It appears that the Prime Minister in his reply to the representation made by the Indian Congress organisations in South Africa stated that he was unable to meet them as he had to proceed to Capetown on urgent business and referred the matter to the Minister of Interior. The Minister of the Interior, however, raised objections which run counter to all constitutional and democratic practice. The Minister is stated to have concerned himself with the internal composition of the membership of the Congresses and also said that he was not prepared "to extend facility to any organisation of Indians which sponsors or associates itself with any organised flouting of laws."

FROM BAD TO WORSE

In a statement to the "United Press of India" in this connection, the Secretaries of the Natal and Transvaal Indian Congresses, Messrs. Debi Singh and Y. A. Cachalia, the signatories to the representation to the Prime Minister, said:

"It is bad enough when a country denies ordinary democratic rights to a section of its nationals but when the Prime Minister of that country cannot even grant an interview to such voiceless section, it becomes worse still. As a gesture to the new Government, the joint passive resistance council suspended passive resistance struggle and sought an interview with the Prime Minister, but he expressed his inability to meet the Congress representatives on the flimsy ground of his "many tasks".

"It is significant to note that though he has found time to interview other sections who are already represented and have voice in all legislatures, he could not find time to meet a section who have been deliberatedly debarred from legislatures."

ANOTHER ATTEMPT

A joint meeting of the Natal and Transvaal Indian Congresses which met during the week-end discussed the situation arising out of Prime Minister's reluctance to meet their representatives and decided to address another communication to him. The letter to the Prime Minister deals with the various grievances of the Indian community in South Africa, such as, unjust discrimination in the terms of the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Act, 1946, continued denial of franchise, restrictions on the movement from one province of South Africa to another, and other unjust discrimination against the Indians in laws and their operation. "What we require", the representation says, "is an unequivocal statement of policy from the new Government in regard to above matters, especially regarding our status as a part of South African Nation. Such declaration we can seek only from the head of the Government. Should the Prime Minister not be able to see us we expect an early statement on the above matters."

The representation also refers to the objections raised by the Minister of the Interior in regard to internal composition of the Congresses and says that theirs are the largest Indian political organisations in the country, whose membership is open to all Indians. The Natal Indian Congress, it says has 35,000 registered members. The present officials of the Transvaal Indian Congress were elected by 12,000 votes without any opposition

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe This Comes Under The Heading "No Lend No Lease" By BUD FISHER

BUT I'M THE GIRL YOU MADE THE DATE WITH OVER THE 'PHONE!
OH, YOU'RE A NICE GIRL BUT YOU GO TO SACKS 5TH AVE AND BUY A NEW DRESS! TELL 'EM I SENT YOU--
THEN GO TO TIFFANY'S AND BUY YOURSELF A STRING OF PEARLS FOR ABOUT $2,000. CHARGE IT!
OH!
THEN GO TO MINKS AND GET THE LATEST MINK COAT AND CHARGE THAT!
-THEN WHEN YOU'RE ALL FIXED UP CALL ME UP AT MAIN 7-6800 AND I'LL TAKE YOU OUT!
OH, HOW WONDERFUL! IS THAT YOUR HOME OR YOUR OFFICE NUMBER?
IT'S THE CANDY STORE ON THE CORNER! THEY'LL CALL ME TO THE 'PHONE!

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